# **APPENDIX 6**





ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT
115 Cove Hill Road, Bridgewater, October 2022

For Young Group

# 1 DOCUMENT CONTROL

Title	Version	Date	Author	Reviewed By
Environmental Site Assessment: 115 Cove Hill Road, Bridgewater, Tasmania	Version 1	27 <sup>th</sup> October 2022	Mark Downie	JP Cumming
Environmental Site Assessment: 115 Cove Hill Road, Bridgewater, Tasmania	Version 2	7 <sup>th</sup> November 2022	Mark Downie	JP Cumming

#### 2 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report presents the findings of an Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) undertaken by Geo-Environmental Solutions Pty. Ltd. (GES) at 115 Cove Hill Road, Bridgewater, hereby referred to as 'The Site'. GES was commissioned Young Group 'The Client'. This ESA has been prepared by a suitably qualified and experience practitioner in accordance with procedures and practices detailed in National Environmental Protection Measure [Assessment of Site Contamination] (NEPM ASC; 2013).

The objective of this ESA was to investigate the site for contamination, and to determine if any potential contamination at the site poses a risk to human health and/or the environment.

The client has requested this ESA in due diligence in order to determine the most suitable sites for construction and to identify potential areas of concern that may be affected by contamination resulting from previous land use.

The following information was gathered during the desktop investigation:

- The Site is zoned *Light Industrial* under the *Tasmanian Planning Scheme*. The site an open area of pasture and is mostly flat in the investigation area. The soil surface in the investigation area consists of natural clay soils which are unlikely to feature significant introduced fill. Surface water is likely to enter the existing stormwater system on Taylor Crescent, and tend towards the Jordan River, which is the closest ecological receptor 350m to the east. Groundwater is likely to tend in a similar direction.
- The geology of the investigation area is mapped as Tertiary aged Basalt (Tb) with excavations noting a clay soil overlying weathered Basalt bedrock at shallow depths.
- Historical aerial photographs confirmed that the site has been predominantly used for grazing prior to the 1980s, since that time the site has remained vacant however some debris including small piles of fill suggests dumping of rubbish in the vicinity.
- Potential sources of contamination include; the presence of fill on the site, the movement of contaminants from adjacent and upgradient industrial operations to the site, the risk of contaminants from materials or vehicles intermittently stored on the site.
- Contaminants Of Potential Concern (COPC) include the following: TPH/TRH; Mono Aromatic hydrocarbons: (BTEXN); PAH; and 15 metals.

From the soil assessment, it is concluded that:

- <u>Environment:</u> There were no EIL or ESL exceedances and therefore no risk to ecological receptors identified.
- <u>Human Health:</u> There were no human health guideline exceedances and therefore no risk to human receptors for dermal contact, dust inhalation and soil ingestion risk or vapour intrusion, at commercial/industrial land use guidelines.
- Excavated Soil Management: In terms of EPA Information Bulletin No.105 (IB105) the majority of samples are considered Level 2 Material (Low Level Contaminated Soil) due to chromium and manganese. The soil on site is safe for the intended use, and disposal of soil off site should be in accordance with *IB105*.

#### GES recommends the following:

- Soil contamination has not been identified at the site through this investigation, and the site is considered safe for intended use at commercial/industrial guidelines, including soil excavation required for the construction of additions to an existing shed.
- Any disposal of soil from the site will need to be in accordance with IB105 and controlled waste guidelines as Level 2 Material.

## **Table of Contents**

1 DOCUMENT CONTROL	<u> </u>
2 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	<u> </u>
3 ABREVIATIONS	VII
5 ADMENIATIONS	VII
4 INTRODUCTION	8
4.1 GENERAL	8
4.2 SITE LAYOUT	9
4.3 SITE DETAILS	11
4.4 Investigation Objectives	11
4.5 SCOPE OF WORKS	12
5 DESKTOP STUDY	12
5.1 SITE ZONING	12
5.2 SITE WALKOVER	13
5.3 MRT GEOLOGY MAPPING	13
5.4 HISTORICAL AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY INTERPRETATION	14
5.5 CORRESPONDENCE REGARDING SITE CONTAMINATION	15
5.6 WORKSAFE TASMANIA DANGEROUS GOODS RECORDS	16
5.7 ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION AUTHORITY RECORDS 5.8 SITE TOPOGRAPHY, DRAINAGE & HYDROGEOLOGY	16 17
5.8 SITE TOPOGRAPHY, DRAINAGE & HYDROGEOLOGY 5.9 GROUNDWATER	18
5.9.1 POTENTIAL UP-GRADIENT CONTAMINATION SOURCES	18
5.9.2 DOWNGRADIENT ECOSYSTEM RECEPTORS	18
5.9.3 REGISTERED WATER BORES	18
5.9.4 ACID SULFATE SOILS	18
5.10 POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION ISSUES	19
5.10.1 Areas of Potential Concern	19
5.10.2 CONTAMINANTS OF POTENTIAL CONCERN	19
6 FIELD INVESTIGATION PROCEDURES	20
6.1 Works Summary	20
6.2 SOIL INVESTIGATION	22
6.2.1 TEST HOLES	22
6.2.2 SOIL SAMPLING	22
6.2.3 SOIL ANALYSIS	23
7 QUALITY CONTROL	24
7.1 FIELD	24
7.2 LABORATORY	25
8 FIELD INVESTIGATION	26
8.1 SOIL BORES	26
8.1.1 GEOLOGICAL INTERPRETATION	26

8.1.2 GRAIN & DEPTH CLASS INTERPRETATION	26
8.1.3 SOIL CONTAMINATION OBSERVATIONS	27
9 SOIL ECOLOGICAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT	28
9.1 PROTECTED ENVIRONMENTAL VALUES	28
9.2 NEPM ASC (2013) GUIDELINES	28
9.3 GUIDELINES	29
9.3.1 ECOLOGICAL SCREENING LEVELS	29
9.3.2 ECOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION LEVELS	29
9.4 FINDINGS	31
9.4.1 ECOLOGICAL SCREENING LEVELS	31
9.4.2 ECOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION LEVELS	32
10 SOIL HUMAN HEALTH DIRECT CONTACT ASSESSMENT	33
10.1 GUIDELINES	33
10.1.1 Land Use Classification	33
10.1.2 Adopted Land Use Classification	33
10.1.3 HEALTH INVESTIGATION & SCREENING LEVELS	34
10.2 FINDINGS	35
10.2.1 DERMAL CONTACT - PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS	35
10.2.2 Dust Inhalation & Soil Ingestion	37
11 INDOOR INHABITANT PVI ASSESSMENT – HSL'S	39
11.1 SELECTED MEDIA FOR ASSESSING PVI RISK	39
11.2 LAND USE CLASS	40
11.3 SOIL ASSESSMENT FINDINGS	40
12 TRENCH WORKER PVI ASSESSMENT – HSL'S	42
12.1 CLASSIFICATION	42
12.2 FINDINGS	42
13 SOIL DISPOSAL ASSESSSMENT	44
13.1 GUIDELINES	44
13.2 FINDINGS	44
14 CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL	46
14.1 POTENTIAL CONTAMINANTS	46
14.2 POTENTIAL HUMAN RECEPTORS	46
14.3 POTENTIAL ECOLOGICAL RECEPTORS	46
14.4 IDENTIFIED RECEPTORS	46
14.4.1 IDENTIFIED HUMAN RECEPTORS	46
14.4.2 IDENTIFIED ECOLOGICAL RECEPTORS	46
15 CONCLUSIONS & RECOMMENDIATIONS	48
15.1 DESKTOP ASSESSMENT	48

15.2	2 ADOPTED GUIDELINE SETTINGS	48
<b>15.</b> 3	SOIL ASSESSMENT	49
15.4	1 CONCLUSION SUMMARY	49
<u>16</u>	REFERENCES	50
<u>17</u>	LIMITATIONS STATEMENT	51
<u>18</u>	APPENDIX 1 GES STAFF	52
<u>19</u>	APPENDIX 2 SITE PHOTOGRAPHS	53
<u>20</u>	APPENDIX 3 HISTORICAL AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHS AND IMAGES	54
<u>21</u>	APPENDIX 4 BORE HOLE LOGS	59
<u>22</u>	APPENDIX 5 CHAIN OF CUSTODY (COC) AND SAMPLE RECEIPT NOTIFICATION (SRN)	85
<u>23</u>	APPENDIX 6 QUALITY ASSURANCE AND QUALITY CONTROL	92
<u>24</u>	APPENDIX 7 CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS	104
Figi	ures	
0	re 1 Site Location (Image C/O the LIST)	Q
	RE 2 EXISTING SITE LAYOUT (IMAGE C/O THE LIST)	
	re 3 Proposed Developments at the site (Image C/O Young Group)	
	re 4 Tasmanian Planning Scheme, Brighton Local Provisions, Zoning	
	RE 5 MINERAL RESOURCES TASMANIA 1:25.000 SCALE MAPPING.	
	RE 6 EPA REGULATED PREMISES AND REGISTERED UPSS	
	RE 7 CONTOUR ELEVATIONS AND INFERRED SURFACE AND GROUNDWATER FLOW DIRECTION	
HGU	re 8 Conceptual Site Model	41

## **Tables**

Table 1 Site Details	13
Table 2 Summary of Site Investigation Work Dates	20
Table 3 Summary of Soil Sampling Methods	22
Table 4 Overview of Soil Analysis and Quality Control	23
Table 5 Field QA/QC procedures and Compliance	24
Table 6 Laboratory QA/QC Procedures and Compliance	25
TABLE 7 SUMMARY OF GRAIN CLASS BASED ON USCS CLASSIFICATION	26
TABLE 8 SUMMARY OF SOIL CONTAMINATES CONSIDERED AS PART OF THIS INVESTIGATION, BASED ON NEPM (2013) ASC	28
TABLE 9 ADOPTED LAND USE SCENARIO FOR THE SOIL BORES	29
TABLE 10 CATION EXCHANGE AND CLAY CONTENT, ADOPTED FOR THE SITE	30
TABLE 11 SUMMARY OF SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS COMPARED WITH ESL'S FOR URBAN LAND USE	31
TABLE 12 SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS COMPARED AGAINST ECOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION LEVELS AT URBAN LAND USE	32
TABLE 13 SUMMARY OF LAND USE SETTING AND DENSITY FOR DETERMINING EXPOSURE RISK	33
Table 14 Summary of Exposure Pathways and Preliminary (Tier 1) Methods for Assessing Human Exposure Risk	34
TABLE 15 SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS COMPARED AGAINST CRC CARE (FRIEBEL & NADEBAUM, 2011) GUIDELINES FOR DERMAL	
CONTACT	36
TABLE 16 SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS COMPARED AGAINST NEPM ASC (2013) HEALTH INVESTIGATION LEVELS GUIDELINES	38
Table 17 Preferred Methods for Determining Site PVI Risk	39
Table 18 Soil Analytical Results Compared Against HSL D for Indoor Vapour Risk	42
Table 19 Summary of Soil Analytical Results Compared against HSL's for Assessing PVI Risk to Trench Workers	43
Table 20 Summary of IB105 Classification Guidelines	44
TABLE 21 SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS COMPARED AGAINST IB105 INVESTIGATION LIMITS FOR SOIL DISPOSAL	45

#### 3 ABREVIATIONS

AEC Areas of Environmental Concern

AHD Australian Height Datum

ALS Analytical Laboratory Services

ANZECC Australia and New Zealand Environment and Conservation Council

BGS Below Ground Surface

BH Borehole

BTEXN Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylene Naphthalene

COA Certificate of Analysis

COC Chain of Custody

COPC Contaminant of Potential Concern

CRC CARE Corporative Research Centre for Contamination Assessment and Remediation of the

Environment

CSM Conceptual Site Model
DQO Data Quality Objectives

EOH End of Hole

EIL Ecological Investigation Levels
ESL Ecological Screening Levels

EPA Environmental Protection Authority

ESA Environmental Site Assessment

GDA94 Geocentric Datum of Australia 1994

GES Geo-Environmental Solutions Pty. Ltd.

HIL Health Investigation Levels

HSL Health Screening Levels

IL Investigation LevelsLOR Limits of Reporting

MDL Mean Detection Limit

NATA National Association of Testing Authorities

NEPM ASC National Environmental Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure

NHMRC National Health and Medical Research Council

NL Non Limiting

NRMMC Natural Resource Management Ministerial Council

PAH Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons

PCP Physio-Chemical Parameters

PHC Petroleum Hydrocarbons

PID Photo-Ionisation Detector

PPA Preferential (PVI) Pathways Assessment

PVI Petroleum Vapour Intrusion

TPH Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

TRH Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons

USCS Unified Soil Classification System

#### 4 INTRODUCTION

#### 4.1 General

This report presents the findings of an Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) undertaken by Geo-Environmental Solutions Pty. Ltd. (GES) at 115 Cove Hill Road, Bridgewater, Tasmania - hereby referred to as 'The Site'. The Site location is presented in Figure 1 and the aerial photograph is presented in Figure 2. GES was commissioned by Young Group 'The Client', to conduct the site assessment.

The Site is located in a light industrial area on the northern fringes of the suburb of Bridgewater, an area approximately 20km north of Hobart, which has featured light industrial land use over the past 20 years. The ESA has been requested by the client in light of the proposed further commercial development of the site as illustrated in Figure 3.

This ESA has been prepared by a suitably qualified and experience practitioner in accordance with procedures and practices detailed in National Environmental Protection Measure [Assessment of Site Contamination] (NEPM ASC; 2013) guidelines and key regulations and policies identified in the References section of this document. Personnel engaged in preparing this ESA are listed in Appendix 1 along with their relevant qualifications and years of experience.



Figure 1 Site Location (Image C/O the LIST)

# 4.2 Site Layout

An aerial image of the existing site layout is presented in Figure 2. Proposed developments are presented in Figure 3.



Figure 2 Existing Site Layout (Image C/O The LIST)



Figure 3 Proposed Developments at the site (Image C/O Young Group)

#### 4.3 Site Details

Site details are presented in Table 1.

#### **Table 1 Site Details**

#### SITE LOCATION:

115 Cove Hill Road, Bridgewater, Tasmania, Australia.

#### INVESTIGATION AREA

The Site

#### SITE ELEVATION & GRADIENT

Approximately 40-45 m AHD, modified landform (some disused roads), with average gradient around the site of 2%, fall to the southeast.

#### SITE SURFACING

Wet disturbed surface conditions

#### TITLE REFERENCES

PID 9945127, TR 176216/103

#### SITE OWNER

Cove Hill Road Pty Ltd.

#### PREVIOUS LANDUSE

Agricultural, light industrial

#### SITE SURROUNDING LAND ZONING

Tasmanian Planning Scheme, Brighton Local Provisions Schedule – Light Industrial

#### SITE LAND USE

Vacant lot

#### PROPOSED LAND USE

Brighton Industrial Park – warehouses and specialised retail

## 4.4 Investigation Objectives

The objective of this ESA was to:

Assess the site for any potential contamination from historical use of the site. We have done this in accordance with the National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure 1999, as amended 16 May 2013 (NEPM ASC 2013). To assess for any human health or environmental risks of the soil present on site.

The client has requested this ESA in due diligence in order to determine the most suitable sites for construction and to identify potential areas of concern that may be affected by contamination resulting from previous land use.

### 4.5 Scope of Works

The scope of work for this ESA was to:

- Conduct a desktop investigation.
- Conduct a site walkover.
- Excavate twenty five (25) test pits, collect a total of fifty (50) primary soil samples from the test pits; the primary samples were sent for analysis of Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons (TRH), Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylene Naphthalene (BTEXN), Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH), and a suite of 15 metals, to a National Association of Testing Authorities (NATA) accredited laboratory.
- Soil samples were sent with Quality Assurance/ Quality Control (QA/QC) samples including two inter-lab splits and two duplicate split samples and one rinsate blank sample.
- Determine the absence or presence and if present the level of site contamination and compare soil and vapour results against the relevant guidelines.
- Conduct a risk assessment, known as a Conceptual Site Model; and
- Report findings in an Environmental Site Assessment report, detailing specific onsite human health or environmental risk which may source from potentially detected contamination.

#### 5 DESKTOP STUDY

## 5.1 Site Zoning

The Site is zoned *Light Industrial* under the Tasmanian Planning Scheme, Brighton Local Provisions Schedule. The land use surrounding the Site is *Light Industrial*. Nearby areas are zoned *Rural*, *Utilities*, *Open Space*, *General Residential* and *Community Purpose* (Figure 4). The site is to be assessed against land use Class D for commercial/industrial land use.



Figure 4 Tasmanian Planning Scheme, Brighton Local Provisions, Zoning

#### 5.2 Site Walkover

A site walkover was completed by GES staff on the 16/08/2022. There were no obvious signs of site contamination such as soil staining or odour observed. Photographs from the site walkover and sampling are presented in Appendix 2 that show site conditions.

## 5.3 MRT Geology Mapping

The 1:25 000 scale geology map of the Greater Hobart area (see excerpt in Figure 5) shows that the investigation area falls within an extensive Tertiary aged Basalt (Tb) deposit. The following geological units are displayed in Figure 5:

### Tb - Basalt (tholeiitic to alkalic) and related pyroclastic rocks

### **TQ - Undifferentiated Cenozoic sediments**

#### Q - Undifferentiated Quaternary sediments

Jd – Dolerite (tholeiitic) with locally developed granophyre

Rv – Dominantly lithic sandstone with felsic volcaniclastics

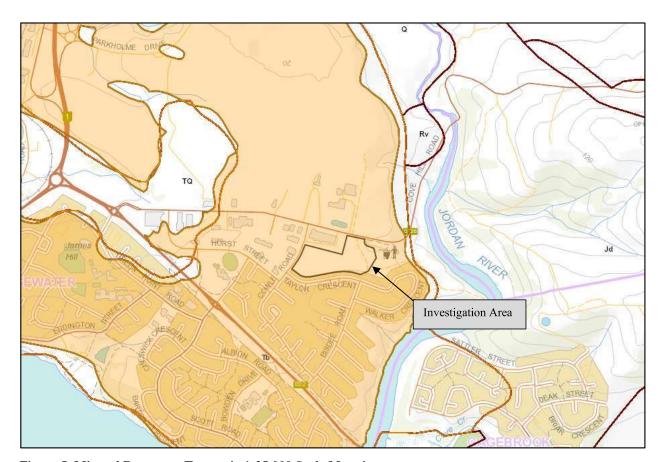


Figure 5 Mineral Resources Tasmania 1:25.000 Scale Mapping.

## 5.4 Historical Aerial Photography Interpretation

The 1973, 1976, 1982 – 1989, 1992 and 1995 historical aerial photographs, and Google Earth Images from the range 2005 – 2020, were viewed as part of this ESA. The select photographs are presented in Appendix 3.

In summary the following observations can be made from the historical aerial photographs, historical photographs, and maps:

1973 - 1976 — The area features agriculture/grazing land use with minor roads confined largely to the southwest portion of the lot.

1982 - A higher resolution image shows new minor roads constructed across the site. Residential houses have been constructed to the south.

1984 - 1986 - Similar conditions to 1982 image. The site itself remains vacant land. Vehicular activity appears to be becoming more extensive at 131 Cove Hill Road. This may represent the transition to light industrial use such as waste management.

1987 – A small shed or container has been established at 131 Cove Hill Road, and a hardstand that appears to be a tip. The ground appears to be cultivated in several areas with fill visible on the southeast of the developed area. Development is currently confined to 131 Cove Hill Road.

1988 – Area where fill or rubbish was first detected at 131 Cove Hill Road has been levelled and is evident of landfill. Small areas of rubbish are still visible. Neighbouring properties in the vicinity of lots 114-120 appear to contain wrecked vehicles and unidentified stockpiled materials and appear to be operating an auto wrecking company.

1992 - 1995 - Established landfill area and waste transfer station at 131 Cove Hill Road appears to be continued operation.

2005 – The lots to the north appear to have filled large areas previously used for stockpiling auto waste. This may be evident of landfill or processing of waste with off-site disposal. This may be evident of the transition into the current Porta Mouldings Pty Ltd sawmill operations that are still in use at 114 Cove Hill Road. Waste management appears to be now limited to the lot at 120 Cove Hill Road. The Site appears to have similar conditions as observed through the 1990s and remains undeveloped.

2009 – A large shed has been constructed immediately next to the Site at 113 Cove Hill Road. This is operated by Polyfoam Australia where polystyrene boxes are manufactured and distributed.

2010 – 2020 – no further development on The Site, adjacent residential development increasing in density. Waste transfer station at 131 Cove Hill Road is managed by Council and the waste (potentially auto wrecking) operations continue at 120 Cove Hill Road, which appears to be established in 2011. The Site remains undeveloped.

#### Concluding points;

The Site has been predominantly used for grazing prior to the 1980s. Concentrated development and areas of debris suggests managed dumping of rubbish immediately adjacent to the Site and uncontrolled fill in the vicinity while the waste transfer station is developed, becoming more apparent through the late 1980s.

Potentially contaminating activities identified for this Site include; disposal of unidentified materials in the vicinity of the Site, and possibly uncontrolled fill on site.

## 5.5 Correspondence Regarding Site Contamination

The client has requested this ESA in due diligence given that potentially contaminating activities may have occurred on the Site in previous land use.

GES received correspondence from EPA on 24/07/2022 regarding potential contamination at 115 Cove Hill Road and 131 Cove Hill Road. It was stated that the EPA holds no files regarding contamination at 115 Cove Hill Road and holds no records of landfill operations at 131 Cove Hill Road.

Brighton Council responded 09/08/2022 and determined that there are no records on file of reported contamination at 115 Cove Hill Road.

### 5.6 WorkSafe Tasmania Dangerous Goods Records

A preliminary enquiry to WorkSafe Tasmania (WST) for dangerous goods/substances database for the Site revealed there was no file for the site. As there is no evidence of storage of dangerous goods on the Site, a search of WST dangerous goods records was deemed not applicable.

## 5.7 Environment Protection Authority records

The EPA Regulated Premises layer and Underground Petroleum Storage Systems (UPSS) layers were accessed from The LIST and presented in Figure 6. The nearest upgradient Regulated Premises (dark green pin) is the Porta Mouldings Pty Ltd sawmill at 114 Cove Hill Road and is approximately 240m north of the Site. The nearest UPSS (light green pin) is 560m to the southwest of the Site and is downgradient of the Site.

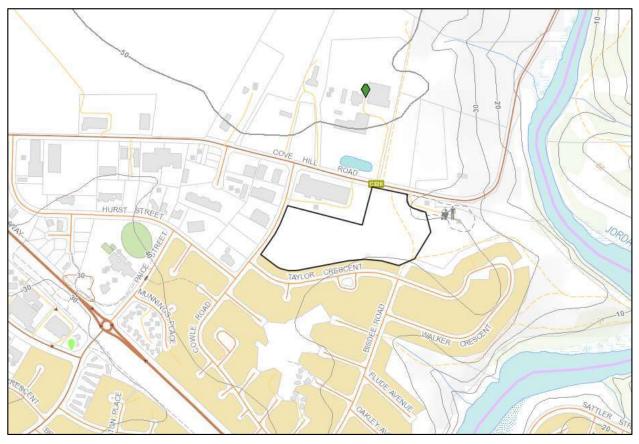


Figure 6 EPA Regulated Premises and registered UPSS

## 5.8 Site Topography, Drainage & Hydrogeology

The Site features lightly modified topography, with some flat pad areas previously excavated and containing fill material. The average slope angle over the greater area surrounding the investigation area is a gentle 2-3% to the southeast.

Groundwater and surface water is inferred to follow the local topography and travel southeast down to Jordon River.

Groundwater was not encountered during the excavations at the site.

The inferred groundwater and surface water flow directions are illustrated in Figure 7.

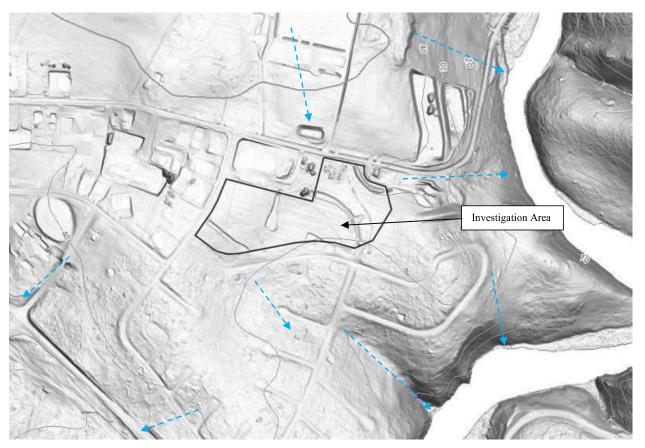


Figure 7 Contour Elevations and Inferred Surface and Groundwater Flow Direction

#### 5.9 Groundwater

### 5.9.1 Potential Up-Gradient Contamination Sources

The land upgradient of the Site is zoned Light Industrial, it features; Porta Mouldings Pty Ltd at 114 Cove Hill Road, and the Polyfoam factory at 113 Cove Hill Road. The adjacent waste transfer station at 131 Cove Hill Road is downgradient of the Site. Potentially contaminating activities upgradient of the site could affect groundwater at the Site.

### 5.9.2 Downgradient Ecosystem Receptors

The closest ecological receptor is a minor tributary to the southeast of the Site that feeds into the Jordan River, which is approximately 300m from the Site at its closest point. There is no evidence of unmapped drainage channels within the Site.

### 5.9.3 Registered Water Bores

There are no downgradient water bores that could be affected by the Site, and no water bores directly upgradient of the Site. The nearest registered water bore is 1.7 km away to the northwest, and within a different watershed. (DPIPWE groundwater information access portal, 2022). Water bores accessing water for potential stock feeding water and potential drinking water will not be considered further in this ESA.

#### 5.9.4 Acid Sulfate soils

According to the Land Information Service Tasmania (LIST) database, there are no Potential Acid Sulfate Soils (PASS) on the site, and the nearest (low risk) PASS is approximately 600m northwest of the investigation area.

#### 5.10 Potential Contamination Issues

#### 5.10.1 Areas of Potential Concern

The Site is considered an area of potential concern due to the following potential contamination pathways.

- Uncontrolled fill on site. Fill of undetermined origins is present.
- Transportation of contaminants from upgradient light industrial area onto the site.
- Storage and recycling of materials including contaminated soil on the property directly downgradient of the site.
- Vehicle/machinery use and vehicle/machinery storage on the site.

### 5.10.2 Contaminants of Potential Concern

Contaminants of potential concern (COPC) that have been considered for the sake of this investigation is a suite of typical light industrial contaminants, and includes the following:

- Total Petroleum/Recoverable Hydrocarbons (TPH/TRH);
- Mono Aromatic hydrocarbons: Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylene, Naphthalene (BTEXN);
- Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs); and
- A suite of 15 metals.

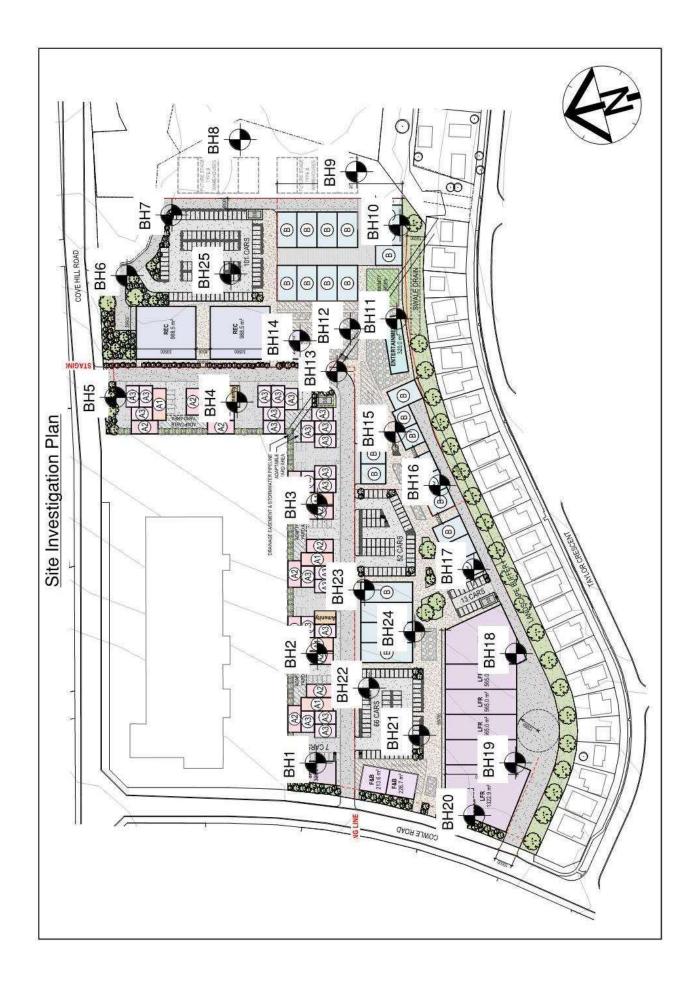
## **6 FIELD INVESTIGATION PROCEDURES**

## **6.1 Works Summary**

Site investigation works comprised of; site walkover, bore hole drilling, and soil sampling, which is summarised in Table 2 and Appendix 4. See Site Investigation Plan for bore hole locations

**Table 2 Summary of Site Investigation Work Dates** 

Scope	Date	Lab Report	Details						
Site walkover. Acquire soil samples from drilled bore holes.	16/08/2022	EM2215963	50 primary samples (28 analysed), 2 lab-split samples, two duplicate samples and 1 rinsate blank sample, collected and sent for analysis.						



## 6.2 Soil Investigation

#### 6.2.1 Test holes

A total of 25 boreholes were drilled to depths of 0.70, generally encountering basalt bedrock at depths of 0.4 - 0.5m BGS.

Samples were taken by hand with disposable nitrile gloves, hence there is no potential cross contamination from sampling equipment.

The observed fill was approximately 0.10m deep on the downgradient edge of the investigation area (bore holes 12, 13 & 14). Soils were typically comprised of highly plastic clays with stones and gravel increasing with depth which is characteristic of the region.

## 6.2.2 Soil Sampling

Soil sampling was conducted per the National Environmental Protection Measure (NEPM ASC 2013) and AS4482 sampling guidelines. Table 3 presents a summary of the soil assessment methodology adopted at the Site.

Table 3 Summary of Soil Sampling Methods

Activity	Details / Comments
Drilling Method	Geoprobe – macro core
Soil Logging	Logging the soil was conducted in accordance with the unified soil classification system (USCS) as detailed in AS1726 (1993).
Decontamination of Sampling Equipment	Disposable nitrile gloves were used for sampling, hence no potential for cross contamination of sampling equipment.
Soil Screening	In accordance with AS4482.2. Individual soil samples were collected at 0.5 intervals below ground surface (BGS) and/or change in geology. As no hydrocarbon odour was discerned, screening samples for volatile fractions using a PhotoIonisation Detector (PID) was deemed not necessary.
Laboratory Soil Sample Collection	In accordance with AS4482.2. All samples were collected using disposable nitrile gloves. Samples were selected for laboratory analysis at the following depths below ground surface (BGS); ILS-1 0.10m BGS; ILS-2 0.10m BGS; DUP-1 0.10m BGS; DUP-2 0.10m BGS; A minimum number of samples were carefully selected which would provide enough information to delineate soil contamination.
Sample preservation	Samples were placed into a jar for laboratory analysis. Soil jars were placed in a pre- chilled cool box with ice bricks.
Sample holding	Sample holding times did not exceeded acceptable range (based on NEPM ASC B3-2013),
times	time from collection to extraction.

### 6.2.3 Soil Analysis

Primary and QC samples were submitted to Analytical Laboratory Services (ALS), Springvale, Melbourne for analysis. A total of 50 primary samples were selected for analysis. Chain of Custody (COC) documentation was completed and is provided in Appendix 5 along with the Sample Receipt Notification (SRN) for each batch. Table 4 presents a summary of the laboratory analyses undertaken.

Table 4 Overview of Soil Analysis and Quality Control

Analytes	Primary Samples	<b>Duplicate</b> <sup>a</sup>	Interlab	Rinsate Blank <sup>c</sup>
TPH	25	2	1	1
BTEXN	25	2	1	1
PAH	25	2	1	1
Metals	25	2	1	1

Sampling Quality Control Standards (AS4482):

a – Duplicate one (1) in twenty (20) primary samples

b – Inter-lab duplicate split sample one (1) in twenty (20) primary samples

c - Single rinse sample per piece of equipment per day

#### 7 QUALITY CONTROL

All Field and laboratory Quality Assurance and Quality Control (QA/QC) details and outputs are presented in Appendix 6.

#### 7.1 Field

It is standard to expect up to 10% error in field duplication and up to 10% laboratory error. Therefore, in theory up to 20% error can be assumed on duplicate analysis. Some variation may exist in soil and groundwater because even though all efforts are made to split samples homogeneously, fragments of materials may bias samples in certain elements.

Relative Percentage Differences (RPDs) for the duplicate samples where applicable are calculated using the method outlined below.

The acceptance criteria used for the RPDs depend on the levels of contaminants detected and the laboratory's Method Detection Limits. The closer the levels detected are to the MDL the greater the acceptable RPD. RPDs are calculated as follows:

- RPD <50% for low level results (<20 \* MDL)
- RPD <30% for medium level results (20-100 \* MDL)
- RPD <15% for high level results (>100 \* MDL)
- No limit applies at <2 \* MDL (Method Detection Limit)

Field QA/QC procedures and compliance are summarised in Table 5

Table 5 Field QA/QC procedures and Compliance

QA/QC Requirement	Compliance	Comments
Appropriate sampling strategy used and representative samples collected	Yes	Sampling program was undertaken in accordance with AS4482.1-2005
Appropriate and well documented sample collection, handling, logging and transportation procedures.	Yes	Appropriate and well documented
Decontamination	Yes	As samples were collected with disposable nitrile gloves (refreshed for each sample), there was no cross contamination risk identified.
Chain-of-custody documentation completed	Yes	COC were completed in accordance with NEPM ASC Schedule B2, Section 5.4.5 and transported under strict COC procedures. The signed COC documents are included in this report, which includes the condition report on arrival of samples to the Laboratory, cross checking of sample identification and paperwork and preservation method.
Required number of splits: Duplicate & inter-lab splits: 1 per 20 primary samples	No	One duplicate sample was collected and tested for a total of 6 primary samples, as per AS4482.1-2005. An inter-laboratory split sample was not collected.
QA/QC samples reported RPD's within indicated MDL guidelines.	No	For Duplicate and TP3 0.5m pairs, 98% of analytes complied.
Required numbers of rinse blank samples collected with no laboratory detections?	Yes	One rinse blank sample was collected as per AS4482.1-2005.
Trip blanks collected with no laboratory detections?	NA	According to AS4482.2-1999, at least two or more soil trip blanks are required where volatile hydrocarbons are discernible. As volatile hydrocarbons were not discernible, this was not required.
Field blanks collected with no laboratory detections?	NA	According to Australian Standards, there is no requirement to collect field blanks, unless there is concern with cross contamination risks.
Samples delivered to the laboratory within sample holding times and with correct preservative	Yes	All samples were sent to the laboratory with correct preservative, and within required holding time.

# 7.2 Laboratory

Soil laboratory QA/QC procedures and compliance are summarised in Table 6. The full QCI reports for EM2124453 are presented in Appendix 6.

Table 6 Laboratory QA/QC Procedures and Compliance

QA/QC Requirement	Compliance	Comments
All analyses NATA accredited	Yes	ALS Laboratories is NATA Accredited. Appropriate analytical methods used, in accordance with Schedule B(3) of the NEPM ASC 2013. Acceptable laboratory limits of reporting (LORs) adopted.
Method Blanks: zero to <practical limit<br="" quantitation="">(PQL)</practical>	Yes	There were no method blank value outliers in the QCI report.
Laboratory Control Samples: 70% to 130% recovery for soil.	Yes	There were no laboratory control outliers in the QCI report.
Matrix spikes: 70% to 130% recovery for organics or 80%-120% recovery for inorganics	Yes	There were no matrix spike outliers in the QCI report.
Duplicate Samples: 0% to <20% RPD.	Yes	There were no duplicate sample RPD outliers in the QCI report.
Surrogates: 70% to 130% recovery	Yes	There were no surrogate recovery outliers in the QCI report.
Analysis holding time outliers	Yes	There were no analysis holding time exceedances in the QCI report.
Quality Control Sample Frequency Outliers	No	For EM2124453 QCI Report: For NEPM 2013 B3 & ALS QC Standard. Matrix Spikes; PAH/Phenols; Laboratory Duplicates 0, expected 5, TRH – Semivolatile Fraction; Laboratory Duplicates 0, expected 5. Laboratory Duplicates; PAH/Phenols; Laboratory Duplicates 0, expected 10, TRH – Semivolatile Fraction; Laboratory Duplicates 0, expected 10.

#### 8 FIELD INVESTIGATION

#### 8.1 Soil Bores

## 8.1.1 Geological Interpretation

The geology of the investigation area appears to be consistent with the geological unit of Tertiary basalt which is mapped across the entirety of the Site (see Section 2.3). Bore holes were shallow and were typically <0.5m deep, with a maximum depth of 0.70m. See Appendix 4 for bore hole logs.

## 8.1.2 Grain & Depth Class Interpretation

Grain size classifications are applied to all soils at the Site to determine threshold screening level concentrations for hydrocarbons to assess soil ecological and human health risks.

Grain class threshold values are determined based on either the:

- sample grain size (in the case of ecological screening levels or chromium limits); or
- average grain class overlying the sample point (when assessing petroleum vapour screening levels) relative to the proposed finished floor level.

Table 7 provides a summary of the grain class averages for material overlying the sample.

Table 7 Summary of Grain Class Based on USCS Classification

	Red	ч		Soil Grain Size Class Averaging Above Soil Sample							Attenuatio			ion	HSL										
Sample	Footing Excavation Depth <sup>A</sup> - Red Fill Thickness <sup>A</sup> - Green	Sample PVI Depth (m) Relative to Slab/Cut Depth	GW	GP	GМ	GC	sw	SP	SM	sc	ML	CL	OL	мн	СН	он	CI	Rock (R )	Existing Pavement (P)	Crawl Space Thickness (m)	Proposed CONCRETE (CH)	Crawl Space	Biodegradation	Petroleum Vapour Intrusion HSL Grain Class*	SAMPLE USCS
BH1 0.10	0.5	<																		NA	0.1	1.0	1.0	CLAY	SC
BH2 0.10	0.5	<																		NA	0.1	1.0	1.0	CLAY	SC
BH3 0.10	0.5	<																		NA	0.1	1.0	1.0	CLAY	SC
BH4 0.10	0.5	<																		NA	0.1	1.0	1.0	CLAY	SC
BH8 0.10	0.5	<																		NA	0.1	1.0	1.0	CLAY	SC
BH5 0.10	0.5	<																		NA	0.1	1.0	1.0	CLAY	SC
BH6 0.10	0.5	<																		NA	0.1	1.0	1.0	CLAY	SC
BH7 0.10	0.5	<																		NA	0.1	1.0	1.0	CLAY	SC
BH9 0.10	0.5	<																		NA	0.1	1.0	1.0	CLAY	SC
BH10 0.10	0.5	<																		NA	0.1	1.0	1.0	CLAY	SC
BH11 0.10	0.5	<																		NA	0.1	1.0	1.0	CLAY	SC
BH12 0.10	0.5	<																		NA	0.1	1.0	1.0	CLAY	СН
BH13 0.10	0.5	<																		NA	0.1	1.0	1.0	CLAY	СН
BH14 0.10	0.5	<																		NA	0.1	1.0	1.0	CLAY	СН
BH15 0.10	0.5	<																		NA	0.1	1.0	1.0	CLAY	SC
BH16 0.10	0.5	<																		NA	0.1	1.0	1.0	CLAY	SC
BH17 0.10	0.5	<																		NA	0.1	1.0	1.0	CLAY	SC
BH18 0.10	0.5	<																		NA	0.1	1.0	1.0	CLAY	SC
BH19 0.10	0.5	<																		NA	0.1	1.0	1.0	CLAY	SC
BH20 0.10	0.5	<																		NA	0.1	1.0	1.0	CLAY	SC
BH21 0.10	0.5	<																		NA	0.1	1.0	1.0	CLAY	SC
BH22 0.10	0.5	<																		NA	0.1	1.0	1.0	CLAY	SC
BH23 0.10	0.5	<																		NA	0.1	1.0	1.0	CLAY	SC
BH24 0.10	0.5	<																		NA	0.1	1.0	1.0	CLAY	SC
BH25 0.10	0.5	<																		NA	0.1	1.0	1.0	CLAY	SC

#### Footnotes:

<sup>\*</sup> Grain class is modified based on proposed building construction: concrete is interpreted to have similar vapour intrusion properties to clay and is therefore designated as CLAY within the grain size averaging assessment; backfill is inferred to comprise of gravel (GW)

<sup>&</sup>lt; Sample has been collected from above the proposed excavation (base of slab or proposed ground level) and is not relevant in PVI risk assessment

## 8.1.3 Soil Contamination Observations

No soil contamination observations at the site such as; odour, staining or denuded vegetation. No groundwater was encountered.

<sup>^</sup> Excavation depths are approximate and may vary due to change in services depths or overall building/footing construction design

#### 9 SOIL ECOLOGICAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT

#### 9.1 Protected Environmental Values

The requirement for protecting soil from contaminated activities in Tasmania is managed under the Environmental Management and Pollution Control Act 1994 (EMPCA) which states in Part 5A:

- (2) An area of land is a contaminated site if
  - (a) there is in, on or under that area of land a pollutant in a concentration that
    - (i) is above the background concentration; and
    - (ii) is causing or is likely to be causing serious or material environmental harm or environmental nuisance, or is likely to cause serious or material environmental harm or environmental nuisance in the future if not appropriately managed;

Potential soil impact at the site is assessed through application of the following environmental investigation guidelines.

## 9.2 NEPM ASC (2013) Guidelines

The following ecological investigation guidelines are to be addressed in order to assess acceptable levels of risk to terrestrial ecosystems:

- NEPM ASC (2013) Ecological Investigation Levels (EIL's) have been developed for selected metal and organic substances. EIL's depend on specific soil and physicochemical properties and land use scenarios and generally apply to the top two (2) metres of the soil profile (NEPM ASC 2013);
- NEPM ASC (2013) Ecological Screening Levels (ESL's) have been developed for selected petroleum hydrocarbon compounds and total petroleum hydrocarbon fractions. ESL's broadly apply to coarse- and fine-grained soils and various land use scenarios within the top two (2) metres of the soil profile (NEPM ASC 2013).

Soil analytical results are compared against ESL and EIL limits presented in Table 8.

Table 8 Summary of Soil Contaminates Considered as part of this investigation, based on NEPM (2013) ASC

Investigation Levels (IL)	Analytes Investigated														
	Hydrocarbo	ons		Metals											
	BTEX	TRH (F1 to F4)	Benzo(a) pyrene (PAH)	Naphthalene (PAH)	Zn, Cu, Cr(III), Ni & As	Lead	DDT								
ESL's	Analysed	Analysed	Analysed												
EIL's				Analysed	Analysed	Analysed	Not Analysed								

#### 9.3 Guidelines

### 9.3.1 Ecological Screening Levels

The following compounds were compared against NEPM ASC (2013) Ecological Screening Levels (ESL's):

- BTEX:
- F1 to F4 TRH; and
- Benzo(a)pyrene (PAH)

Selection of ESL threshold investigation limits are set out in the NEPM ASC (2013) guidelines and require classification of the soil according to:

- Land use sensitivity:
  - Areas of ecological significance
  - Urban residential and public open space; and
  - Commercial and industrial.
- Dominant particle size passing through a 2 mm sieve into:
  - Coarse sand sizes and greater; and
  - Fine clay and silt sizes.

Adopted NEPM ASC (2013) soil and land use classifications are presented below.

## 9.3.2 Ecological Investigation Levels

The following compounds were compared against Environmental Investigation Levels:

- Copper;
- Nickel;
- Zinc;
- Chromium;
- Lead;
- Arsenic; and
- Naphthalene.

There was a requirement to classify the soil according to physicochemical properties to develop investigation limits for the above listed compounds. Adopted physicochemical parameters are presented in the results tables.

Selection of EIL threshold investigation limits are set out in the NEPM ASC (2013) guidelines and require classification of the soil per specific soil and physicochemical properties which are presented in the results tables. The adopted land use scenarios presented in Table 9. As the tributary present on site flows downgradient to join Grasstree Hill Rivulet in a suburban/residential area, urban residential land use scenario can be adopted for nearby ecological receptors.

Table 9 Adopted Land Use Scenario for the Soil Bores

Land Use Scenario	Applicable Soil Bores
Areas of Ecological Significance	
Urban Residential & Public Open Space	Downgradient of the site
Commercial & Industrial	All soil bores

Based on a preliminary assessment of site soil conditions, the following physicochemical properties are applied to assess guideline EIL's:

- Clay content consistent with field observations;
- A soil pH and cation exchange capacity (CEC) consistent with Table 10.

Table 10 Cation Exchange and Clay content, Adopted for the Site

Soil	P <mark>hysi</mark> cochen	nical Prop	erties
USCS	Clay %	CEC	рН
R	100	10	4.5
GW	0	10	4.5
GP	0	10	4.5
GM	10	15	4.5
GC	30	20	4.5
sw	0	10	4.5
SP	0	10	4.5
SM	10	15	4.5
SC	20	20	4.5
ML	30	20	4.5
CL	100	35	4.5
OL	40	35	4.5
MH	30	35	4.5
CH	80	45	4.5
ОН	100	60	4.5
PT	100	80	4.5
Р	0	0	4.5
CM	60	35	4.5
CI	60	35	4.5
Rock	0	10	4.5

## 9.4 Findings

## 9.4.1 Ecological Screening Levels

Laboratory analytical results are presented in Appendix 7. Table 11 compares soil analytical results against relevant NEPM ASC (2013) ESL's. Concentrations which exceeded laboratory limit of reporting (LOR) are highlighted in bold, ESL exceedances would be highlighted with a coloured cell.

There were low level detections of hydrocarbons, with no exceedances of ESL guideline limits for commercial/industrial land use.

Table 11 Summary of Soil Analytical Results Compared with ESL's for urban land use.

NEPM Ecological Screening Levels for Soil				ВТ	EX		PAH		TRH			
Bold - Indicates LOR Exceedances X - Indicates Sample has been Excavated						ızene		Benzo(a)pyrene	- C10)	) - C16)	5 - C34)	4 - C40)
Colour Shading - Indicates ESL Exceedances: >1 x, * 2-5 x, ** 5-20 x, *** 20-50 x, **** >50 x			Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	Benzo(a	F1 (C6 -	F2 (>C10 - C16)	F3 (>C16 - C34)	F4 (>C34	
ID ate	e Class arse)	lse	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	
Sample ID	Sample Date	Soil Texture Class (fine /coarse)	Land Use	LOR 0.2	LOR 0.5	LOR 0.5	LOR 0.5	LOR 0.5	LOR 10	LOR 50	LOR 100	LOR 100
BH1 0.10 X	16/8/22	С	COM/IND	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<50	<100	<100
BH2 0.10 X	16/8/22	С	COM/IND	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<50	<100	<100
BH3 0.10 X	16/8/22	С	COM/IND	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<50	<100	<100
BH4 0.10 X	16/8/22	С	COM/IND	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<50	<100	<100
BH8 0.10 X	16/8/22	С	COM/IND	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<50	<100	<100
BH5 0.10 X	16/8/22	С	COM/IND	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<50	<100	<100
BH6 0.10 X	16/8/22	С	COM/IND	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<50	<100	<100
BH7 0.10 X	16/8/22	С	COM/IND	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<50	<100	<100
BH9 0.10 X	16/8/22	С	COM/IND	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<50	<100	<100
BH10 0.10 X	16/8/22	С	COM/IND	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<50	<100	<100
BH11 0.10 X	16/8/22	C	COM/IND	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<50	<100	<100
BH12 0.10 X	16/8/22	F	COM/IND	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<50	<100	<100
BH13 0.10 X	16/8/22	F	COM/IND	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<50	<100	<100
BH14 0.10 X BH15 0.10 X	16/8/22 16/8/22	F C	COM/IND	<0.2 <0.2	<0.5 <0.5	<0.5 <0.5	<0.5 <0.5	<0.5 <0.5	<10 <10	<50	<100 <100	<100 <100
BH16 0.10 X	16/8/22	C	COM/IND	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<50 <50	<100	<100
BH17 0.10 X	16/8/22	C	COM/IND	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<50	<100	<100
BH18 0.10 X	16/8/22	c	COM/IND	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<50	<100	<100
BH19 0.10 X	16/8/22	C	COM/IND	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<50	110	<100
BH20 0.10 X	16/8/22	C	COM/IND	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<50	<100	<100
BH21 0.10 X	16/8/22	С	COM/IND	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<50	<100	<100
BH22 0.10 X	16/8/22	С	COM/IND	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<50	130	<100
BH23 0.10 X	16/8/22	С	COM/IND	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<50	<100	<100
BH24 0.10	16/8/22	С	COM/IND	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<50	<100	<100
BH25 0.10	16/8/22	С	COM/IND	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<50	<100	<100
Duplicate 1	16/8/22	С	COM/IND	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<50	<100	<100
Duplicate 2	16/8/22	С	COM/IND	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<10	<50	<100	<100
INTER-LAB SPLIT		С	COM/IND	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.3	<0.5	< 20	< 50	< 100	< 100
INTER-LAB SPLIT	116/8/22	С	COM/IND	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.3	<0.5	< 20	< 50	< 100	< 100

### 9.4.2 Ecological Investigation Levels

Laboratory analytical results are presented in Appendix 7. Table 12 compares soil analytical results against relevant EIL's. Concentrations which exceeded laboratory LOR would be reported in the table, EIL exceedances would be highlighted with a coloured cell. There were no exceedances of EIL guidelines at commercial/industrial land use.

Table 12 Soil Analytical Results Compared Against Ecological Investigation Levels at urban land use

Table 12 Soil A				red Aga	inst E	cologic	ai inves	stigatio	on Lev	zeis at	urbai	n land	use	
NEPM Ecological Investigation Levels for Soil														
<b>Bold - Indicates LOR Exceedances</b> X - Indicates Sample Within Inferred Excavation														
Colour Shading - Indicates EIL Exceedances:														
>1 x, * 2-5 x, ** 5														
717, 237,	20 %,	20 30 %,	7 30	^										
<u>0</u>	Sample Date	EIL Land Use Sensitivity Class	Soil CEC (cmolc/kg)		Soil Texture Class (fine /coarse)	Copper (CEC)	Copper (pH)	Nickel	Zinc	Chromium III	Lead	Arsenic	DDT	Naphthalene
Sample ID	uple	Land	CE(	Hd	Tey e/c	/kg	/kg	88	/kg	/kg	/kg	/kg	/kg	/kg
San	San	EIL	Soil	Soil	Soil (fin	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg
BH1 0.10 X	16/8/22	COM/IND	20	6 (3)	С	20	20	41	100	77	10	<5		<1
BH2 0.10 X	16/8/22	COM/IND	20	6 (3)	С	20	20	47	61	80	6	<5		<1
BH3 0.10 X	16/8/22	COM/IND	20	6 (3)	С	17	17	34	83	72	9	<5		<1
BH4 0.10 X	16/8/22	COM/IND	20	6 (3)	С	17	17	46	68	77	6	<5		<1
BH8 0.10 X	16/8/22	COM/IND	20	6 (3)	С	20	20	48	78	84	8	<5		<1
BH5 0.10 X	16/8/22	COM/IND	20	6 (3)	С	18	18	37	82	72	11	<5		<1
BH6 0.10 X	16/8/22	COM/IND	20	6 (3)	С	18	18	28	89	50	16	<5		<1
BH7 0.10 X	16/8/22	COM/IND	20	6 (3)	С	36	36	32	72	52	13	<5		<1
BH9 0.10 X	16/8/22	COM/IND	20	6 (3)	С	18	18	40	55	76	8	<5		<1
BH10 0.10 X	16/8/22	COM/IND	20	6 (3)	С	30	30	33	80	52	11	<5		<1
BH11 0.10 X	16/8/22	COM/IND	20	6 (3)	С	14	14	37	54	61	6	<5		<1
BH12 0.10 X	16/8/22	COM/IND	45	6 (3)	F	24	24	54	70	82	6	<5		<1
BH13 0.10 X	16/8/22	COM/IND	45	6 (3)	F	20	20	52	78	94	7	<5		<1
BH14 0.10 X	16/8/22	COM/IND	45	6 (3)	F	28	28	63	75	78	6	<5		<1
BH15 0.10 X	16/8/22	COM/IND	20	6 (3)	С	17	17	38	100	72	10	<5		<1
BH16 0.10 X	16/8/22	COM/IND	20	6 (3)	С	24	24	57	84	109	6	<5		<1
BH17 0.10 X	16/8/22	COM/IND	20	6 (3)	С	20	20	51	92	100	7	<5		<1
BH18 0.10 X	16/8/22	COM/IND	20	6 (3)	С	20	20	50	93	92	7	<5		<1
BH19 0.10 X	16/8/22	COM/IND	20	6 (3)	С	22	22	51	130	86	11	<b>&lt;</b> 5		<1
BH20 0.10 X	16/8/22	COM/IND	20	6 (3)	С	16	16	41	59	86	<5	<5		<1
BH21 0.10 X	16/8/22	COM/IND	20	6 (3)	С	19	19	44	68	80	6	<5		<1
BH22 0.10 X	16/8/22	COM/IND	20	6 (3)	С	20	20	38	110	64	10	<5		<1
BH23 0.10 X	16/8/22	COM/IND	20	6 (3)	С	17	17	38	80	75	8	<5		<1
BH24 0.10	16/8/22	COM/IND	20	6 (3)	С	12	12	30	72	57	7	<5		<1
BH25 0.10	16/8/22	COM/IND	20	6 (3)	С	16	16	42	64	74	8	<5		<1
Duplicate 1	16/8/22	COM/IND	#N/A	#N/A	С						7	<5		<1
Duplicate 2	16/8/22	COM/IND	#N/A	#N/A	С						7	<5		<1
INTER-LAB SPLIT	16/8/22	COM/IND	#N/A	#N/A	С						10	< 2		< 0.5
INTER-LAB SPLIT	16/8/22	COM/IND	#N/A	#N/A	С						14	< 2		< 0.5

pH Designation:

<sup>(1)</sup> Using 0.01M CaCl2 extract. Rayment, G.E. and Lyons, D.J. (2011). "Soil Chemical Methods – Australasia". 495+20 pp. CSIRO Publishing, Melbourne.

<sup>(2)</sup> pHF (1:5). Adjusted by subtracting 0.75 with +/- 0.25 error to calibrate to the CaCl2 method (per comm. ALS Brisbane Acid Sulphate Soils Laboartory). Methods in accordance with Ahern, C.R., Stone Y., and Blunden B. (1998b). 'Acid Sulfate Soils Assessment Guidelines'. Acid Sulfate Soils Management Advisory Committee, Wollongbar, NSW, Australia.

<sup>(3)</sup> Classified in accordance with parent material typical soil pH as per the Tasmanian soils database

#### 10 SOIL HUMAN HEALTH DIRECT CONTACT ASSESSMENT

#### 10.1 Guidelines

Guidelines presented are based on potential exposure of human receptors to soil impact which may include:

- Trench workers repairing or building services (typically to 1 m BGS). This classification is not dependent on the land use class.
- Onsite workers which may be exposed to potential shallow soil impact in non-paved areas of the site; and
- Onsite excavation works which may include basement carparks and deep foundations.

#### 10.1.1 Land Use Classification

The NEPM ASC (2013) guidelines have been referenced to ensure that the correct land use and density category has been adopted for the site and the surrounding properties (where applicable). As per NEPM ASC 2013 guidelines, the adopted land use class is dependent on the building density and the opportunity for soil access by site occupants (exposure to potentially impacted soil). Aspects needing to be considered include:

- Whether the site is of sensitive land use such as a childcare centre, preschool, primary school or aged care facility in which case land use Class A is applicable;
- The percentage of paved area to determine direct contact exposure risk and therefore classification as low or high density; and
- Classification based on residential, recreational or commercial/industrial setting.

### 10.1.2 Adopted Land Use Classification

The adopted land use class is presented in Table 13. Land use class is based on the opportunity for soil access as per NEPM ASC 2013 guidelines. Soil access is anticipated to include current and future commercial/industrial site users, future potential construction workers, and trenchworks on site.

Table 13 Summary of Land Use Setting and Density for Determining Exposure Risk

Soil Bores	Construction Phase	Location	Land Use	Pathway	Land Use Class
All soil	During	Site	Construction workers and trench workers	ALL	D and trench worker specific
		Offsite	Neighbouring light industrial workers	DI	D
	Post	Site	Future trench workers	ALL	D and trench worker specific
			Future light industrial workers	ALL	D

DC – Dermal Contact - Trench Worker Guidelines (CRC CARE 2013)

DI – Dust Inhalation - HIL Guidelines (NEPM ASC 2013)

SI – Soil Ingestion - HIL Guidelines (NEPM ASC 2013)

ALL – All of above

## 10.1.3 Health Investigation & Screening Levels

The main exposure pathways and methods for assessing heath risk from contaminated soils are presented in Table 14.

Table 14 Summary of Exposure Pathways and Preliminary (Tier 1) Methods for Assessing Human Exposure Risk

Exposure Scenario	Contaminant Type	Tier 1 Assessment Method	Reference
Vapour Inhalation – Indoor (PVI)	Petroleum	HSL's	NEPM ASC (2013)
Vapour Inhalation – Trench (PVI)	Hydrocarbons	(addressed in PVI sections)	CRC CARE
Dermal Contact	including BTEXN	HSL's	(Friebel & Nadebaum, 2011)
Dust Inhalation	PAH's	Health Investigation Levels	NEPM ASC (2013)
Soil Ingestion	гап 8	(HIL's)	NETWIASC (2013)

PVI – Petroleum Vapour Intrusion

## 10.2 Findings

## 10.2.1 Dermal Contact - Petroleum Hydrocarbons

Laboratory analytical results are presented in Appendix 7. Table 15 presents soil hydrocarbon analytical results compared against CRC CARE (Friebel & Nadebaum, 2011) HSL guidelines for assessing dermal contact risk. Concentrations which exceeded laboratory LOR are highlighted in bold, HSL exceedances would be highlighted with a coloured cell indicating the highest HSL land used class which is exceeded.

There were no guideline exceedances for dermal contact and no dermal contact risk identified at commercial/industrial land use levels.

Table 15 Soil Analytical Results Compared Against CRC CARE (Friebel & Nadebaum, 2011) Guidelines for Dermal Contact

Dermal Conta	act		- FD	000. DTC	/NI	EP080/071: TRH									
CRC CARE	Health Screening		EP	080: BTE)	KIN										
Dermal Cont	Level act Hazard from Soil rocarbons'	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Total Xylenes	Naphthalene	C6 - C10 Fraction	>C10 - C16 Fraction	>C16 - C34 Fraction	>C34 - C40 Fraction					
Units		mg/kg	⊢ mg/kg		— mg/kg		mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg					
LOR		0.2	0.5	0.5	0.5	1	10	50	100	100					
	ensity Residential	100	14000	4500	12000	1400	4400	3300	4500	6300					
	ensity Residential	140	21000	5900	17000	2200	5600	4200	5800	8100					
HSL C Recrea	·	120	18000	5300	15000	1900	5100	3800	5300	7400					
	ercial/Industrial	430	99000	27000	81000	11000	26000	20000	27000	38000					
	ntenance Worker	1100	120000	85000	130000	29000	82000	62000	85000	120000					
Date	Sample														
16/08/2022	BH1 0.10 X	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50	<100	<100					
16/08/2022	BH2 0.10 X			<100	<100										
16/08/2022	BH3 0.10 X	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50	<100	<100					
16/08/2022	BH4 0.10 X	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50	<100	<100					
16/08/2022	BH8 0.10 X	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50	<100	<100					
16/08/2022	BH5 0.10 X	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50	<100	<100					
16/08/2022	BH6 0.10 X	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50	<100	<100					
16/08/2022	BH7 0.10 X	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50	<100	<100					
16/08/2022	BH9 0.10 X	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50	<100	<100					
16/08/2022	BH10 0.10 X	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50	<100	<100					
16/08/2022	BH11 0.10 X	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50	<100	<100					
16/08/2022	BH12 0.10 X	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50	<100	<100					
16/08/2022	BH13 0.10 X	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50	<100	<100					
16/08/2022	BH14 0.10 X	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50	<100	<100					
16/08/2022	BH15 0.10 X	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50	<100	<100					
16/08/2022	BH16 0.10 X	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50	<100	<100					
16/08/2022	BH17 0.10 X	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50	<100	<100					
16/08/2022	BH18 0.10 X	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50	<100	<100					
16/08/2022	BH19 0.10 X	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50	110	<100					
16/08/2022	BH20 0.10 X	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50	<100	<100					
16/08/2022	BH21 0.10 X	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50	<100	<100					
16/08/2022	BH22 0.10 X	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50	130	<100					
16/08/2022	BH23 0.10 X	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50	<100	<100					
16/08/2022	BH24 0.10	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50	<100	<100					
16/08/2022	BH25 0.10	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50	<100	<100					
16/08/2022	Duplicate 1	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50	<100	<100					
16/08/2022	Duplicate 2	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50	<100	<100					
16/08/2022	INTER-LAB SPLIT 1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.3	< 0.5	< 20	< 50	< 100	< 100					
16/08/2022	INTER-LAB SPLIT 2	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.3	< 0.5	< 20	< 50	< 100	< 100					

### 10.2.2 Dust Inhalation & Soil Ingestion

Laboratory analytical results are presented in Appendix 7. Soil analytical results compared against combined dust inhalation and soil ingestion risk assessed through the application of NEPM ASC (2013) Health Investigation Levels (HILs) for exposure to soil contaminants are presented in Table 16. Hydrocarbon concentrations which exceeded laboratory LOR would be highlighted in bold, and HIL exceedances would be highlighted with a coloured cell indicating the highest HIL land used class which is exceeded. There were no exceedances for dust inhalation and soil ingestion at HIL guidelines at commercial/industrial land class, and no risk identified.

**Table 16 Soil Analytical Results Compared Against NEPM ASC (2013) Health Investigation Levels Guidelines** 

CRC CARE Health Screen	ning Level Asse	essment								
for PHC Inhalation Risk	_		1							
Soil Sample Analysis						080: BTE	VNI		EDOGO /	071. TDII
,					EP		EP080/	071: TRH		
Dark Grey Shading - Ind >1 x, * 2-5 x, ** 5-20 x, *	icates HSL Exc			Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Total Xylenes	Naphthalene	C6 - C10 Fraction	>C10 - C16 Fraction
		Donath	Crain							
Sample ID	Sample Date	Depth Class	Grain Class	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg LOR 0.5	mg/kg	mg/kg LOR 1	mg/kg LOR 10	mg/kg LOR 50
BH1 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH2 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH3 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH4 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH8 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH5 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH6 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH7 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH9 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH10 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH11 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH12 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH13 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH14 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH15 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH16 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH17 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH18 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH19 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH20 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH21 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH22 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH23 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH24 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH25 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
Duplicate 1	16/08/2022									
Duplicate 2	16/08/2022									
INTER-LAB SPLIT 1	16/08/2022									
INTER-LAB SPLIT 2	16/08/2022									

#### 11 INDOOR INHABITANT PVI ASSESSMENT - HSL's

This Petroleum Vapour Intrusion (PVI) assessment has been conducted in accordance with relevant CRC CARE Technical Documentation and NEPM 2013 guidelines presented in references section of this report. The HSL assessment approach is generally the first (Tier 1) investigation phase adopted for assessing PVI risk at petroleum hydrocarbon (PHC) impacted sites. HSL guidelines have been applied for samples collected from the site to account for risks that may be associated with volatile hydrocarbon vapour intrusion into confined spaces where there may be an inhalation risk through longer term exposure. This does not constitute a full vapour risk assessment but provides additional information from which to further quantify any risk.

A detailed investigation (Tier 2 to 3) is recommended over an HSL assessment where an acute risk has been identified at the site (CRC CARE 2013) because of:

- Migrating product on surface soils beneath buildings;
- Strong PHC odours;
- Flammable risk in confined spaces; and/or
- Health complaints from occupants.

Based on the site visits, none of the above conditions have been identified at the site. If the outcome of this Tier 1 assessment reveals HSL exceedances for hydrocarbon vapour intrusion, a more detailed (Tier 2) assessment will be required to further evaluate the human health risk.

PVI risk is initially interpreted through the development of HSL threshold limits from the following classifications:

- The geology and or hydrogeology of the investigation point; and
- Land use sensitivity:

The resulting HSL threshold limits are compared with laboratory analytical results.

## 11.1 Selected Media for Assessing PVI Risk

Table 17 presents a summary of the preferred HSL approach to assessing PVI risk. In this case, groundwater was not encountered and soil analysis was used to assess PVI risk.

Table 17 Preferred Methods for Determining Site PVI Risk

Media Analysed	Method	Limitations	Order of Preference
Soil Gas	Concentrations of a soil gas through a soil vapor sampler  This approach provides the most reliable data in interpretation provides and interpretation provi		
Groundwater	Concentrations of PHC in groundwater through deployment of monitoring wells	More robust and reliable that soil in determining onsite and in particular, offsite risks. Determining PVI risk based on groundwater is inherently conservative when interpreting vapour risk to account for not readily discernible preferential pathways. Reference may be drawn to alternative assessment approaches:  1) Application of site-specific conditions to the CRC CARE model for assessing PVI risk 2) Soil gas interpretation for areas where a PVI risk is identified from groundwater analysis.	Secondary
Soil	Concentrations of PHC in soil	Concentrations in soil may be subject variability due to soil moisture, organic content and oxygen ingress all which create significant bias in threshold values. Reliance is place on utilizing groundwater analysis over soil. Soil results provide localised information.	Tertiary

#### 11.2 Land Use Class

For surrounding properties, the potential PVI risk is characterized through application of CRC CARE HSL's for each individual property based on their existing land use (NEPM 2013; Friebel & Nadebaum 2010). The CRC CARE guidelines have been referenced to ensure that the correct land use and density category has been adopted for surrounding land use to ensure health risks are consistent with the HSL models. Aspects considered include the:

- Sensitivity of the existing or potential land use;
- Percentage of paved area for defining potential vapour migration risk;
- Type of basement garage which may influence the confinement of PHC vapors;
- Presence of a slab or cavity for discerning vapour intrusion risk.

If hydrocarbon impacted soil is discerned at the site, consideration is given to downgradient receptors. Where applicable, land use class therefore considers:

- Downgradient receptors where onsite HSL exceedances have been identified in soil; and
- Variations in land use for different parts of the proposed development.

The following land use classes are applied:

• HSL D for Commercial / Industrial

## 11.3 Soil Assessment Findings

Laboratory analytical results are presented in Appendix 7. Table 18 presents the results against a potential indoor vapour risk. Concentrations which exceeded laboratory LOR are highlighted in bold. HSL exceedances are highlighted with a coloured cell. There was no indoor vapour risk identified.

Table 18 Soil Analytical Results Compared Against HSL D for Indoor Vapour Risk

Soil Hydrocarbo Intrusion (NEP Soil Sample An	M 2013)	sessing Indoor	·Vapour			EP	080: BTE	XN		EP080/0	071: TRH
Bold - Indicates L	OR Exceedances	:			. o	a)	inzene	/lenes	ıalene		
Colour Shading >1 x, * 2-5 x, **	•				Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Total Xylenes	Naphthalene	17	F2
Sample ID	Class						mg/kg LOR 0.5		mg/kg LOR 1		mg/kg LOR 50
BH1 0.10	16/08/2022	>SLAB/CUT RL	CLAY	D	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH2 0.10	16/08/2022	>SLAB/CUT RL	CLAY	D	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH3 0.10	16/08/2022	>SLAB/CUT RL	CLAY	D	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH4 0.10	16/08/2022	>SLAB/CUT RL	CLAY	D	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH8 0.10	16/08/2022	>SLAB/CUT RL	CLAY	D	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH5 0.10	16/08/2022	>SLAB/CUT RL	CLAY	D	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH6 0.10	16/08/2022	>SLAB/CUT RL	CLAY	D	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH7 0.10	16/08/2022	>SLAB/CUT RL	CLAY	D	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH9 0.10	16/08/2022	>SLAB/CUT RL	CLAY	D	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH10 0.10	16/08/2022	>SLAB/CUT RL	CLAY	D	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH11 0.10	16/08/2022	>SLAB/CUT RL	CLAY	D	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH12 0.10	16/08/2022	>SLAB/CUT RL	CLAY	D	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH13 0.10	16/08/2022	>SLAB/CUT RL	CLAY	D	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH14 0.10	16/08/2022	>SLAB/CUT RL	CLAY	D	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH15 0.10	16/08/2022	>SLAB/CUT RL	CLAY	D	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH16 0.10	16/08/2022	>SLAB/CUT RL	CLAY	D	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH17 0.10	16/08/2022	>SLAB/CUT RL	CLAY	D	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH18 0.10	16/08/2022	>SLAB/CUT RL	CLAY	D	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH19 0.10	16/08/2022	>SLAB/CUT RL	CLAY	D	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH20 0.10	16/08/2022	>SLAB/CUT RL	CLAY	D	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH21 0.10	16/08/2022	>SLAB/CUT RL	CLAY	D	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH22 0.10	16/08/2022	>SLAB/CUT RL	CLAY	D	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH23 0.10	16/08/2022	>SLAB/CUT RL	CLAY	D	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH24 0.10	16/08/2022	>SLAB/CUT RL	CLAY	D	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH25 0.10	16/08/2022	>SLAB/CUT RL	CLAY	D	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50

#### 12 TRENCH WORKER PVI ASSESSMENT - HSL's

#### 12.1 Classification

The following Health Screening Assessment is based on hydrocarbon vapour intrusion risk to subsurface excavation workers within excavations. This is assessed through analysis of vapours from soil and soil vapours. Groundwater is generally not used to assess risk as threshold limits for all depth and grain classes are non-limiting. Land use classes are not applicable when assessing vapour intrusion into trenches.

Soil and soil vapour HSL's for assessing hydrocarbon risk to maintenance workers are based on CRC CARE Technical Report 10 guidelines (Friebel & Nadebaum 2011) and the following variables:

- Dominant grain size class of material at the soil sample depth or based on the dominant grain class of the backfill material based on US Agriculture Soil Classification System (SCS) and partitioning into either sand, silt or clay; and
- Classifying soil according to depth ranges: 0 to 2 m; 2 to 4 m; 4 to 8 m; and greater than 8 m;

## 12.2 Findings

Laboratory analytical results are presented in Appendix 7. Summary of Soil Analytical Results Compared against HSL's for Assessing PVI Risk to Trench Workers are presented in Table 19. Concentrations that exceeded laboratory LOR would be highlighted in bold, and if there were any HSL exceedances they would be highlighted with a coloured cell. There were no exceedances of the CRC CARE HSL guidelines for Assessing PVI Risk to Trench Workers and no risk identified.

Table 19 Summary of Soil Analytical Results Compared against HSL's for Assessing PVI Risk to Trench Workers

Sample ID         Sample Date         Depth Class         Grain Class         mg/kg IOR 0.2 IOR 0.5 IOR 0.5 IOR 0.5 IOR 1.0 IOR 10	CRC CARE Health Screet for PHC Inhalation Risk Soil Sample Analysis	_		1		EP		EP080/	071: TRH		
Sample Date   Class   Class   LOR 0.2   LOR 0.5   LOR 0.5   LOR 0.5   LOR 1   LOR 10   LOR	Dark Grey Shading - Ind	licates HSL Exce		:	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Total Xylenes	Naphthalene	C6 - C10 Fraction	>C10 - C16 Fraction
BH1 0.10	Sample ID	Sample Date								mg/kg	mg/kg
BH2 0.10         16/08/2022         4 to 8m         CLAY         <0.2         <0.5         <0.5         <1         <10         <0         <0         <0         <0.5         <1         <10         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0.5         <1         <10         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0.5         <1         <10         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0         <0 <td></td> <td>1.0/00/0000</td> <td></td> <td>ļ</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>LOR 50</td>		1.0/00/0000		ļ							LOR 50
BH3 0.10		+									<50
BH4 0.10         16/08/2022         4 to 8m         CLAY         <0.2         <0.5         <0.5         <1         <10            BH8 0.10         16/08/2022         4 to 8m         CLAY         <0.2											<50
BH8 0.10         16/08/2022         4 to 8m         CLAY         <0.2         <0.5         <0.5         <1         <10         <2           BH5 0.10         16/08/2022         4 to 8m         CLAY         <0.2		_							_		<50
BH5 0.10         16/08/2022         4 to 8m         CLAY         <0.2         <0.5         <0.5         <1         <10         <2           BH6 0.10         16/08/2022         4 to 8m         CLAY         <0.2		<u> </u>									<50
BH6 0.10         16/08/2022         4 to 8m         CLAY         <0.2         <0.5         <0.5         <1         <10         <2           BH7 0.10         16/08/2022         4 to 8m         CLAY         <0.2		+ ' '							_		<50
BH7 0.10         16/08/2022         4 to 8m         CLAY         <0.2         <0.5         <0.5         <1         <10         <2           BH9 0.10         16/08/2022         4 to 8m         CLAY         <0.2											<50
BH9 0.10         16/08/2022         4 to 8m         CLAY         <0.2         <0.5         <0.5         <1         <10         <2           BH10 0.10         16/08/2022         4 to 8m         CLAY         <0.2											<50
BH10 0.10											<50
BH11 0.10											<50
BH12 0.10		<u> </u>									<50
BH13 0.10         16/08/2022         4 to 8m         CLAY         <0.2									<1		<50
BH14 0.10         16/08/2022         4 to 8m         CLAY         <0.2	BH12 0.10	+	4 to 8m						<1		<50
BH15 0.10	BH13 0.10	+	4 to 8m		<0.2	<0.5	<0.5		<1	<10	<50
BH16 0.10	BH14 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m		<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH17 0.10	BH15 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH18 0.10	BH16 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH19 0.10       16/08/2022       4 to 8m       CLAY       <0.2	BH17 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH20 0.10     16/08/2022     4 to 8m     CLAY     <0.2	BH18 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH21 0.10	BH19 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH22 0.10	BH20 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH23 0.10 16/08/2022 4 to 8m CLAY <0.2 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <1 <10 <5	BH21 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
	BH22 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH24 0.10 16/08/2022 4 to 8m CLAY <0.2 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5 <1 <10 <5	BH23 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
	BH24 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50
BH25 0.10   16/08/2022   4 to 8m   CLAY   <0.2   <0.5   <0.5   <1   <10   <5	BH25 0.10	16/08/2022	4 to 8m	CLAY	<0.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	<10	<50

#### 13 SOIL DISPOSAL ASSESSMENT

#### 13.1 Guidelines

Soil which is excavated from the Site for landfill disposal is to be assessed against Information Bulletin 105 (IB105) for Classification and Management of Contaminated Soil for Disposal. The EPA uses four categories to classify contaminated soil as per Table 20:

- (Level 1) Fill Material;
- (Level 2) Low Level Contaminated Soil;
- (Level 3) Contaminated Soil; and
- (Level 4) Contaminated Soil for Remediation.

Fixed numerical values are presented for soil concentrations and leachable fraction concentrations.

Table 20 Summary of IB105 Classification Guidelines

	Classification (with reference to Table 2)	Controlled Waste <sup>1</sup>	Comments
Fill Material <sup>2</sup> (Level 1)	Soil that exhibits levels of contaminants below the limits defined under Fill Material in Table 2.	Unlikely	Soil classified as Fill Material can still be a 'pollutant' under the Environmental Management and Pollution Control Act 1994 and needs to be responsibly managed.
Low Level Contaminated Soil (Level 2)	Soil that exhibits levels of contaminants above the limits defined under Fill Material but below the limits defined under Low Level Contaminated Soil in Table 2.		Where leachable concentrations have not been prescribed, maximum total concentrations will be used to classify the soil.
Contaminated Soil (Level 3)	Soil that exhibits levels of contaminants above the limits defined under Low Level Contaminated Soil but below the limits defined under Contaminated Soil in Table 2.	Yes	Where leachable concentrations have not been prescribed, maximum total concentrations will be used to classify the soil.
Contaminated Soil for Remediation (Level 4)	Soil that exhibits levels of contaminants above the limits defined under Contaminated Soil in Table 2 (regardless of the maximum total concentrations) is generally not considered acceptable for off-site disposal without prior treatment.		Soil that contains contaminants that do not have criteria for leachable concentrations (e.g. petroleum hydrocarbons), and the levels of contaminants exceed the maximum total concentrations listed in Contaminated Soil, are generally classified as Contaminated Soil for Remediation.

## 13.2 Findings

The soil samples have been compared against IB105 guidelines for potential future soil disposal, see Table 21. The following conclusions can be made:

The majority of soil samples are considered IB105 Level 2 (Low Level Contaminated Soil), due to chromium and manganese

Information Bulletin 105  Classification and Management of  Contaminated Soil For Disposal  Arsenic  Batrium  Betrylliium	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg		B105 Level 1 <20 <300 <2	20 300	200 3000 40	<b>B105 Level 4</b> 750 30000 400	16/08/2022 BH1 0.10 X <5 140 <1	BH2 0.10 X <5 150	BH3 0.10 X <5 140	16/08/2022 BH4 0.10 X <5 180 <1	16/08/2022 BH8 0.10 X <5 140 <1	16/08/2022 BH5 0.10 X <5 140 <1	16/08/2022 BH6 0.10 X <5 100 <1	16/08/2022 BH7 0.10 X <5 120 <1	16/08/2022 BH9 0.10 X <5 150 <1	16/08/2022 BH10 0.10 X <5 130 <1	16/08/2022 BH11 0.10 X <5 120 <1	16/08/2022 BH12 0.10 X <5 120 <1	BH13 0.10 X <5	BH14 0.10 X <5 100	BH15 0.10 X <5 160	16/08/2022 BH16 0.10 X <5 160 <1	BH18 0.10 X <5 140	BH19 0.10 X <5 120	16/08/2022 BH20 0.10 X <5 130 <1	16/08/2022 BH21 0.10 X <5 120 <1	16/08/2022 BH22 0.10 X <5 160 <1	16/08/2022 BH23 0.10 X <5 140 <1	16/08/2022 BH24 0.10 <5 90 <1	16/08/2022 BH25 0.10 <5 160 <1	16/08/2022 Duplicate 1 <5   140   <1	16/08/2022 Duplicate 2 <5 140 <1	16/08/2022 INTER-LAB SPLIT 1 <2 140 <2	16/08/2022 INTER-LAB SPLIT 2 < 2 170 < 2
muimbe2	ng/kg 5	₩	Δ.	_	40	400	7			<1 7	<1 8	<1 7	<1 ≥	<1 5	<1 7	<1 5	<1 6	7	_		_	7 7	+	+	7 8	√ 7 8	<1 6	4 7	<1 5	<1 7	<1 8	<1 9	< 0.4	0.5
Chromium Total Copper	mg/kg mg/kg 5 2	₩	<50 <100	_	500 2000	5000 7500	77 20			77 17	84 20	72 18	50 18	52 36	76 18	52 30	61 14	82 24	94 20	_	4	109 24	_		86 16	80 19	64 20	75 17	57 12	74 16	82 19	94 20	100 24	120 30
Cobalt	/kg mg/kg	<del>                                     </del>	00 <100			00 1000	0 34	┢	7 31	7 36	0 33	8 29	8 18	6 25	8 36	0 19	4 19	4 25				4 27	╁	-	6 34	9 32	0 29	7 35	2 19	6 34	9 34	0 34	4 39	0 33
реәд	kg mg/kg 5	<b>H</b>	0 <300			0008 0	10	-	6	9	∞	11	16	13	8	11	9	9	7			1 0	+	ļ.,		9	10	∞	7	∞	. 7	7	10	14
Manganese	g mg/kg		) <500	_	0 2000	0 25000	642	$\vdash$	729	873	626	672	┥	554	647	358	331	444	748	+	-	501	681	572	748	693	711	819	367	548	648	705	790	630
Метсигу	g mg/kg 0.1		∇		30	0 110	\$0°1			<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1		_		0.1		+	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Molybdenum	Ε		<10	10	1000	4000																												
Nickel	٤		09>			3000	41	47	34	46	48	37	28	32	40	33	37	54	52	63	38	57	1 2	51	41	44	38	38	30	42	48	52	57	60
muinələ2	mg/kg 5		<10	10		200	Ą	₽	Ą	Ą	\$	\$	₽	\$	\$	<5	\$	\$	Ą	Ą	Ą	Α,	7 4	λ .	\$	Ą	<5	\$	<5	<5	\$	< <u>\$</u>		
Silver	gy		<10	-		720	$\dagger$	l											1			+	$\dagger$	T										
u <u>i</u> L	mg/kg n		<50 ×		_	900	+												1		1	$\dagger$	+											
Zinc	mg/kg n	$\parallel$	<200	200	14000	20000	100	61	83	89	78	82	89	72	55	80	54	70	78	75	100	84	92	130	59	89	110	80	72	64	73	06	100	130
Aldrin + Dieldrin	2 2	+-	\$	_		50 1	$\dagger$												1				$\dagger$											
DD1 + DDD + DDE	89 15	₩_	<i>∨</i>	_	200	1000	+												$\dashv$				+											
Benzo(a)pyrene	8	$^{\dagger}$	Н	∞	2	20 2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	6.5	)	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
lonehP	mg/kg mg	╫	<25 <	_		2000 10	+	Ť	Ť	ľ	ľ	Ý	·	·	Ť	V	Ť	v	$\stackrel{\cdot}{\parallel}$	Ť	1	* -	+	Ť	Ť	ľ	×	v	v	Ť	Ť	·	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Ľ
noitɔsr1 9ጋ - 60	n 8	Н_	<65 <1	_		1000 10	<10	-		<10		<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10		_	4	<10	╀	-	<10	<10	<10 1	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	< 20 <	> 06>
C10 - C36 Fraction (sum) Sum of polycyclic aromation	g	╫	Н	_	_	10000 2	<50 <	$\vdash$		> 05>		> 05>	$\dashv$	<50 <		> 05>		<50 <	_			<50	+		> 05>	> 05>	120 <	<50 <	<50 <		> 05>	> 05>	< 50 <	> 05>
μλαιοcsιpous	′kg 5	н—	Н		40 2	200 5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	5 5 7	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
slynehqid		₩	⟨2		20 5	0 20	<0.0>	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	20.0	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	< 0.1	< 0.1
Poluene Toluene	ng/kg mg/kg 0.2 0.5	₩	1	_		0 1000	2 <0.5	+	-	.2 <0.5	.2 <0.5	.2 <0.5	.2 <0.5	.2 <0.5	.2 <0.5	.2 <0.5	.2 <0.5	.2 <0.5	$\rightarrow$	-	-+	2 <0.5	+	+	.2 <0.5	.2 <0.5	.2 <0.5	.2 <0.5	.2 <0.5	$\vdash$	.2 <0.5	.2 <0.5	1.0 > 1.0	1.1 < 0.1
Ετηλιρουτουο	E _	Н-	$\vdash$	_		00 1080	5 <0.5	-	_	5 <0.5	5 <0.5	.5 <0.5	-	.5 <0.5	.5 <0.5	.5 <0.5		5 <0.5	_	-	-+	20.5	_	_	5 <0.5	5 <0.5	.5 <0.5	5 <0.5	.5 <0.5	.5 <0.5	.5 <0.5	5 <0.5	.1 < 0.1	1 < 0.1
Total Xylenes	kg mg/kg	╫╴	<14			0 1800	5 <0.5	+	+-	5 <0.5		5 <0.5	-			5 <0.5	5 <0.5	5 <0.5	_	$\rightarrow$	-+	5 0.5	+	+	5 <0.5	5 <0.5	$\vdash$	5 <0.5	5 <0.5	5 <0.5	5 <0.5	5 <0.5	1 < 0.3	1 < 0.3
	g mg/kg 1	<u> </u>	<32			0 2200							4						_															L

Page 45

#### 14 CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL

#### 14.1 Potential Contaminants

The site contains uncontrolled fill, and there is a low likelihood of past and current light industrial operations at the site, and/or neighbouring light industrial operations, having influence on the site. We have analysed for typical contaminants of soil in urban and light industrial areas including hydrocarbons and metals.

Figure 8 illustrates potential risks that may be associated with potential site contamination. Potential pathways have been identified and ruled out in the Conceptual Site Model.

## 14.2 Potential Human Receptors

Potential human receptors considered during this investigation include current and future commercial/industrial users of the site. Plus, any potential onsite constructions workers during the proposed and future potential site redevelopments, and future trench workers (commercial land users / trench worker specific).

## 14.3 Potential Ecological Receptors

The closest ecological receptors are a minor tributary feeding the Jordon River and the associated wetlands that run east/southeast of the Site. The closest of these features (minor tributary) is approximately 200m downgradient of the site.

## 14.4 Identified Receptors

### 14.4.1 Identified Human Receptors

Through comparing soil analytical results to HSL and HIL guidelines, and calculated vapour risks, no exceedances of guideline investigation limits were identified, and the soil on site does not pose a risk to human receptors.

#### 14.4.2 Identified Ecological Receptors

Through comparing soil analytical results to EIL and ESL guidelines, no exceedances of guideline investigation limits were identified, and the soil on site does not pose a risk to ecological receptors.

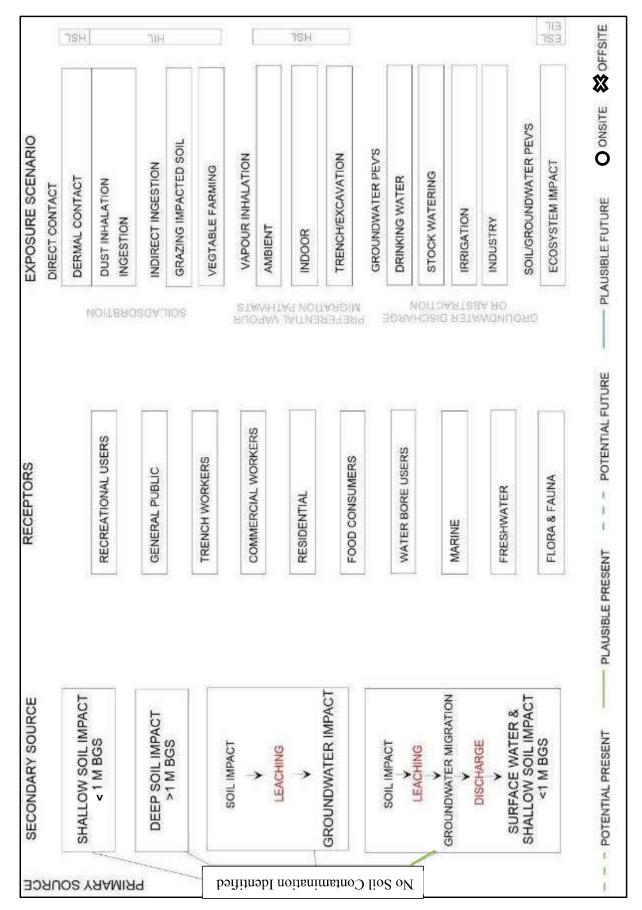


Figure 8 Conceptual Site Model

#### 15 CONCLUSIONS & RECOMMENDIATIONS

## 15.1 Desktop Assessment

The following information was gathered during the desktop investigation:

- The Site is zoned *Light Industrial* under the *Tasmanian Planning Scheme*. The site an open area of pasture and is mostly flat in the investigation area. The soil surface in the investigation area consists of natural clay soils which are unlikely to feature significant introduced fill. Surface water is likely to enter the existing stormwater system on Taylor Crescent, and tend towards the Jordan River, which is the closest ecological receptor 350m to the east. Groundwater is likely to tend in a similar direction.
- The geology of the investigation area is mapped as Tertiary aged Basalt (Tb) with excavations noting a clay soil overlying weathered Basalt bedrock at shallow depths.
- Historical aerial photographs confirmed that the site has been predominantly used for grazing prior to the 1980s, since that time the site has remained vacant however some debris including small piles of fill suggests dumping of rubbish in the vicinity.
- Potential sources of contamination include; the presence of fill on the site, the movement of contaminants from adjacent and upgradient industrial operations to the site, the risk of contaminants from materials or vehicles intermittently stored on the site.
- Contaminants Of Potential Concern (COPC) include the following: TPH/TRH; Mono Aromatic hydrocarbons: (BTEXN); PAH; and 15 metals.

## 15.2 Adopted Guideline Settings

The following investigation limits were adopted for the Site:

- Ecosystem receptor
  - o Intermittent unnamed tributary passing through the site, and Grasstree Hill Rivulet 500m downgradient of the site, commercial/industrial land use ESL and EILs for the site itself, and urban/residential land use ESL and EILs for nearby ecological receptors.
- Human Receptor
  - HIL D/ HIL D for soil direct contact risk to current and future site users (light industrial) /
     Construction workers that may have access to the soil during developments
  - O HIL D / HIL D for soil ingestion and dust inhalation risk to current and future site users (light industrial) / Future construction workers soil direct contact risk
  - HSL D/ HSL D indoor vapour risk to current and future site users (commercial/industrial) / Future potential trench workers

#### 15.3 Soil Assessment

From the soil assessment, it is concluded that:

- Environment: There were no EIL or ESL exceedances and therefore no risk to ecological receptors identified.
- <u>Human Health:</u> There were no human health guideline exceedances and therefore no risk to human receptors for dermal contact, dust inhalation and soil ingestion risk or vapour intrusion, at commercial/industrial land use guidelines.
- Excavated Soil Management: In terms of EPA Information Bulletin No.105 (IB105) of the six (6) primary soil samples, one (1) sample is considered Level 2 Material (Low Level Contaminated Soil) due to Benzo(a)pyrene, and the remaining five (5) samples are considered Level 1 Material (Clean Fill). The soil on site is safe for the intended use, and disposal of soil off site should be in accordance with *IB105*.

## 15.4 Conclusion Summary

• There were no exceedances of soil contamination guidelines in accordance with NEPM ASC (2013), and no risk to human health or ecological receptors identified.

#### GES recommends the following:

- Soil contamination has not been identified at the site through this investigation, and the site is considered safe for intended use at commercial/industrial guidelines, including soil excavation required for the construction of additions to an existing shed.
- Any disposal of soil from the site will need to be in accordance with IB105 and controlled waste guidelines as Level 2 Material.

Yours faithfully,

Mark Downie B.Agr.Sci

Soil Scientist

#### 16 REFERENCES

ANZECC, 2000. Australian and New Zealand Guidelines for the Assessment and Management of Contaminated Sites. Australian and New Zealand Environment and Conservation Council and National Health and Medical Research Council.

AS/NZS 1726:1993. Geotechnical Site Investigations. Standards Australia, 1993.

AS 4482:2005 Guide to the investigation and sampling of sites with potentially contaminated soil – Part 1: Non-volatile and semi-volatile compounds, Standards Australia, 2005.

CRC CARE 2013, Petroleum Vapour Intrusion assessment: Australian guidance, CRC CARE Technical Report no. 23, CRC for Contamination Assessment and Remediation of the Environment, Adelaide, Australia.

CRC CARE 2017b, Risk-based Management and Remediation guidance for benzo(a)pyrene. Technical Report no. 39, CRC for Contamination Assessment and Remediation of the Environment, Newcastle, Australia.

Davis, GB, Merrick, NP & McLaughlan, RG 2006, Protocols and techniques for characterising sites with subsurface petroleum hydrocarbons – a review, Technical Report no. 2, CRC for Contamination Assessment and Remediation of the Environment, Adelaide, Australia.

Davis, GB, Patterson, BM & Trefry, MG 2009a, Biodegradation of petroleum hydrocarbon vapours, Technical Report no. 12, CRC for Contamination Assessment and Remediation of the Environment, Adelaide, Australia.

DPIPWE (2022), Groundwater Bore Access Portal. Department of Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment. https://wrt.tas.gov.au/groundwater-info/

EPA Tasmania, 2018. Information Bulletin (IB)105. Classification and Management of Contaminated Soil for Disposal. Version 3. Environmental Protection Authority Tasmania.

Friebel, E & Nadebaum, 2011a, 'Health screening levels for petroleum hydrocarbons in soil and groundwater. Part 1: Technical development document', CRC for Contamination Assessment and Remediation of the Environment, CRC CARE Technical Report no. 10, Adelaide.

Friebel, E & Nadebaum, 2011b, 'Health screening levels for petroleum hydrocarbons in soil and groundwater. Part 2: Application document', CRC for Contamination Assessment and Remediation of the Environment, CRC CARE Technical Report no. 10, Adelaide.

GES 2016. Limited Scope Environmental Site Assessment, 20 Scotts Road, Risdon Vale. Geo-Environmental Solutions, Battery Point Tasmania. Dated May 2016.

NEPC, 1999. Guideline on Data Collection, Sample Design and Reporting Schedule B (2), National Environmental Protection Measure (Assessment of Site Contamination), National Environment Protection Council, 1999. Measures as amended, taking into account amendments up to National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Amendment Measure 2013 (No. 1)

NEPM, 1999.Guideline on Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater, Schedule B (1), National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure, National Environment Protection Council, 1999. Measures as amended, taking into account amendments up to National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Amendment Measure 2013 (No. 1).

Rayment, G. E. & Lyons, D. J. 2011. Soil Chemical Methods Australasia. CSIRO Publishing.

The LIST (2022). Land Information System Tasmania Online Database. Department of Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment. 2021. https://www.thelist.tas.gov.au/app/content/home

#### 17 LIMITATIONS STATEMENT

This *Environmental Site Assessment* Report has been prepared in accordance with the scope of services between Geo-Environmental Solutions Pty. Ltd. (GES) and Young Group ('the Client'). To the best of GES's knowledge, the information presented herein represents the Client's requirements at the time of printing of the Report. However, the passage of time, manifestation of latent conditions or impacts of future events may result in findings differing from that described in this Report. In preparing this Report, GES has relied upon data, surveys, analyses, designs, plans and other information provided by the Client and other individuals and organisations referenced herein. Except as otherwise stated in this Report, GES has not verified the accuracy or completeness of such data, surveys, analyses, designs, plans and other information.

The scope of this study does not allow for the review of every possible soil and groundwater contaminant over the whole area of the site. Samples collected from the investigation area are assumed to be representative of the areas from where they were collected and indicative of the contamination status of the site at that point in time. The conclusions described within this report are based on these samples, the results of their analysis and an assessment of their contamination status.

This report does not purport to provide legal advice. Readers of the report should engage professional legal practitioners for this purpose as required.

No responsibility is accepted for use of any part of this report in any other context or for any other purpose by third party.

## 18 Appendix 1 GES Staff

Geo-Environmental Solutions (GES) is a specialist geotechnical and environmental consultancy providing advice on all aspects of soils, geology, hydrology, and soil and groundwater contamination across a diverse range of industries.

Geo Environmental Solutions Pty Ltd:

- ACN 115 004 834
- ABN 24 115 004 834

#### **GES STAFF - ENGAGED IN SITE INVESTIGATION WORKS**

Dr John Paul Cumming B.Agr.Sc (Hons) Phd CPSS GAICD

- Principle Author and Principle Environmental Consultant
- PhD in Environmental Soil Chemistry from the University of Tasmania in 2007
- 18 years' experience in environmental contamination assessment and site remediation.

Mr Mark Downie B.Agr.Sc

- Soil Scientist 15 years' experience
- 8 years' experience in contamination assessment and reporting of soils, groundwater and vapour.

#### GES STAFF - CONTAMINATED SITES EXPERIENCE

Dr Sam Rees B.Agr.Sc (Phd)

- Soil & Environmental Scientist
- 6 years' experience in hydrocarbon and heavy metal contamination assessment and reporting of soils and groundwater.

Mr Grant McDonald (Adv. cert. hort.)

- Soil Technician
- 10 years' experience in hydrocarbon and heavy metal contamination sampling of soils and groundwater.

Mr Aaron Plummer (Cert. IV)

- Soil Technician
- 6 years' experience in hydrocarbon and heavy metal contamination sampling of soils and groundwater.

Appendix 1 GES Staff Page 52

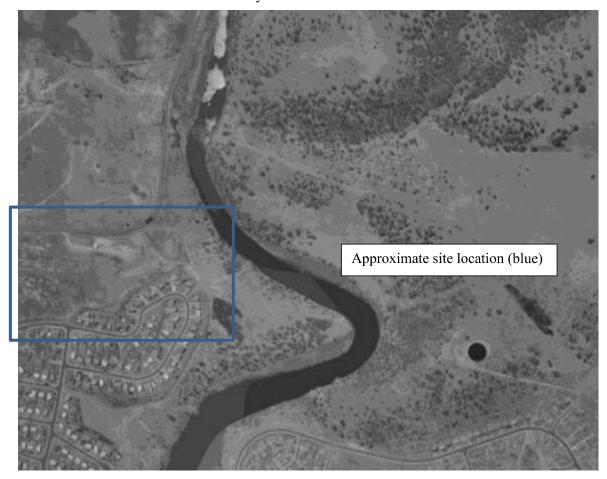
# 19 Appendix 2 Site Photographs

August 2022 Site Visit



## 20 Appendix 3 Historical Aerial Photographs and Images

February 1986 - Source DPIPWE



February 1987 - Source DPIPWE



February 1988 - Source DPIPWE



December 1988 - Source DPIPWE



## December 1989 – Source DPIPWE



February 1992 – Source DPIPWE



March 2005 – Source Google Earth



September 2009 – Source Google Earth



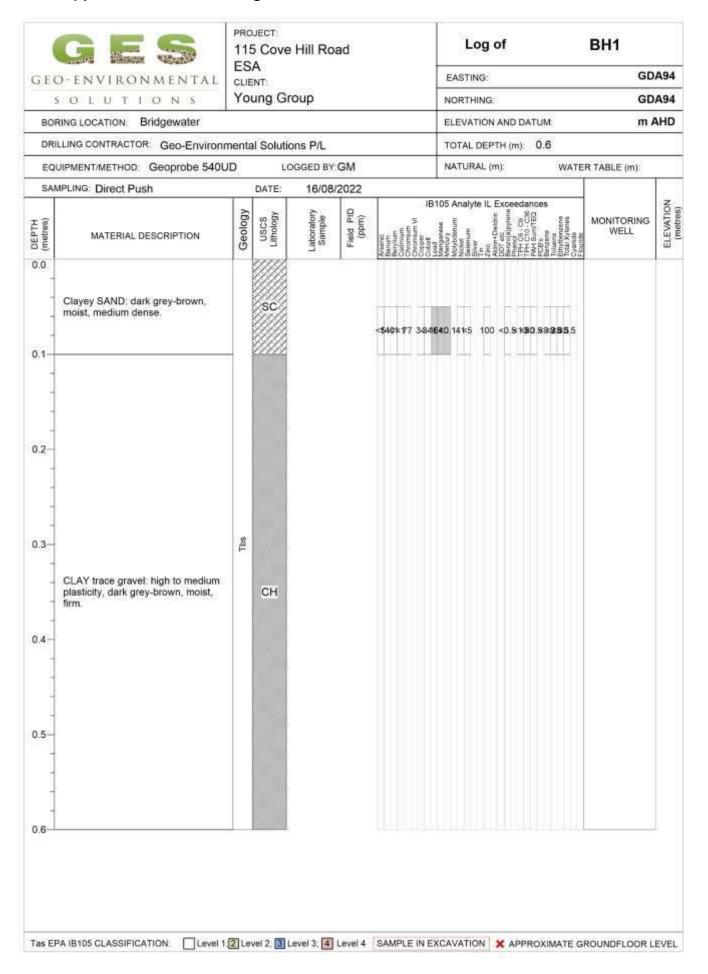
Appendix 4 Historical Aerial Photographs and Images

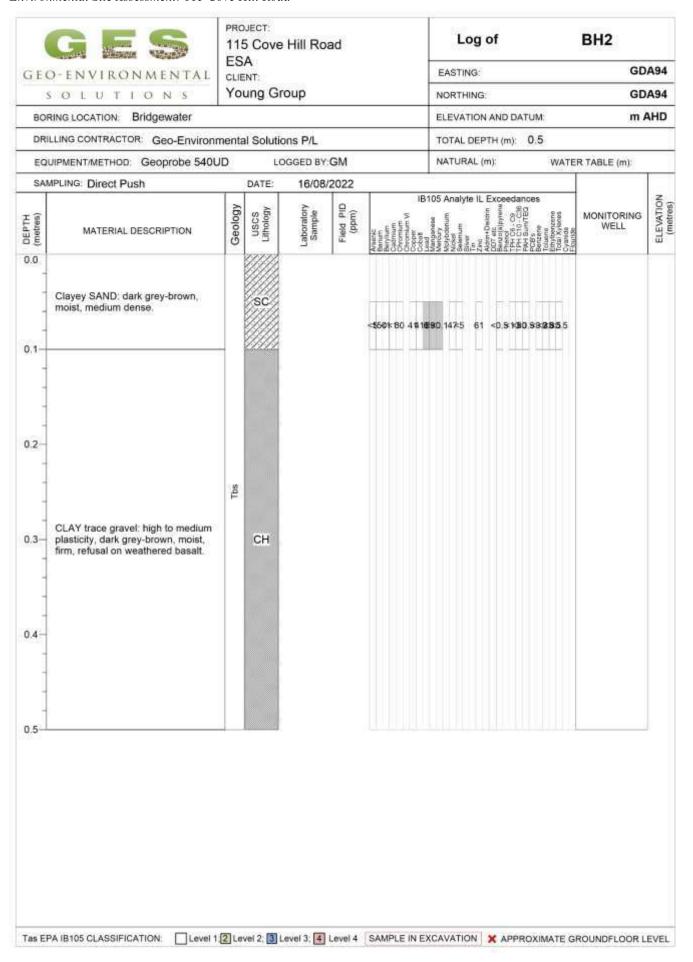
November 2014 – Source Google Earth

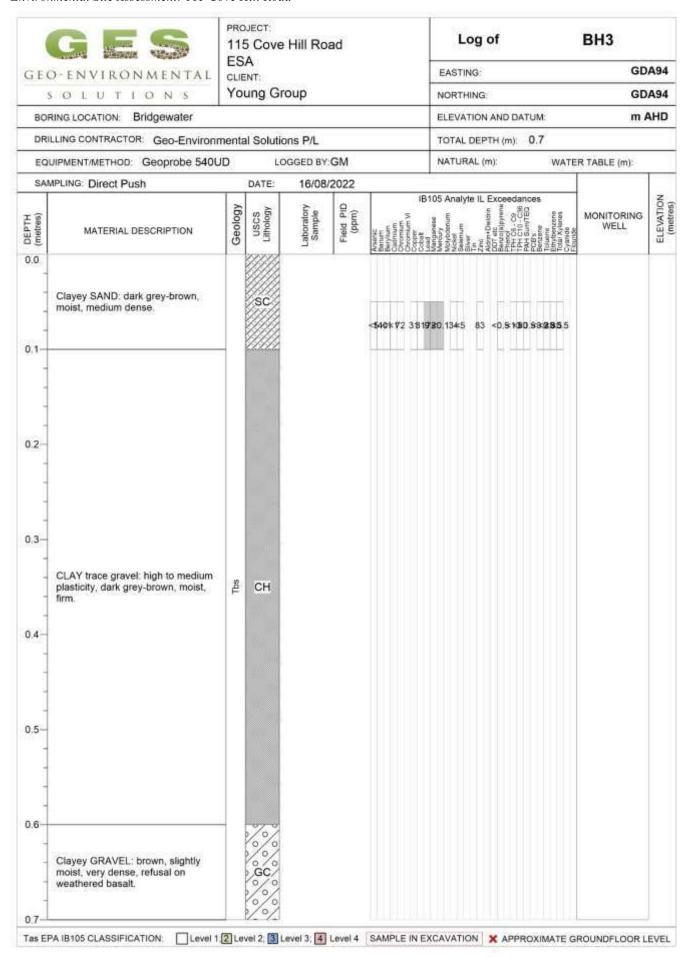


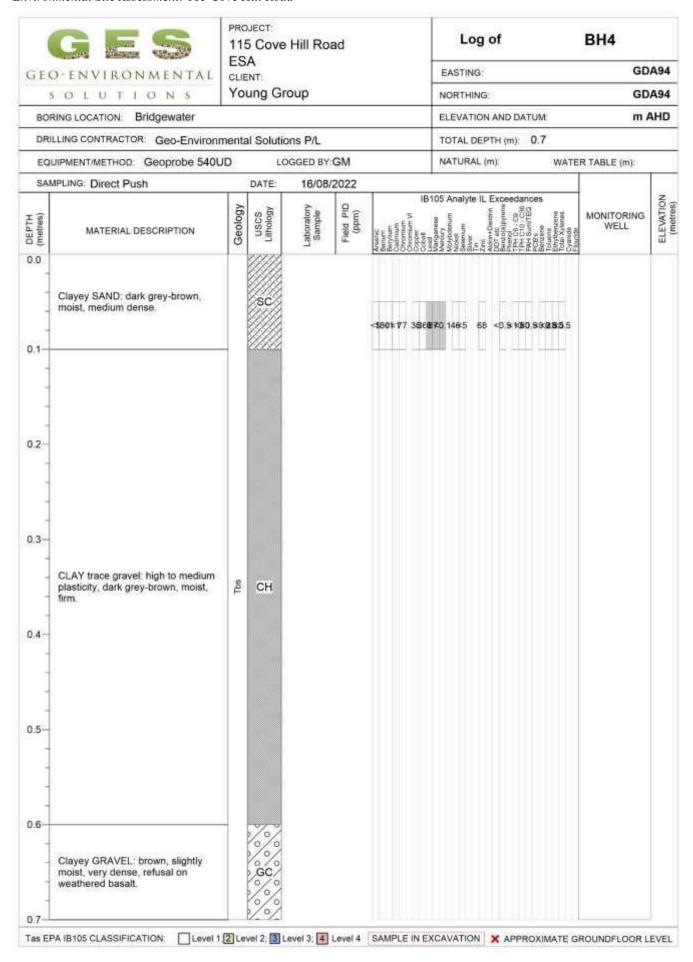


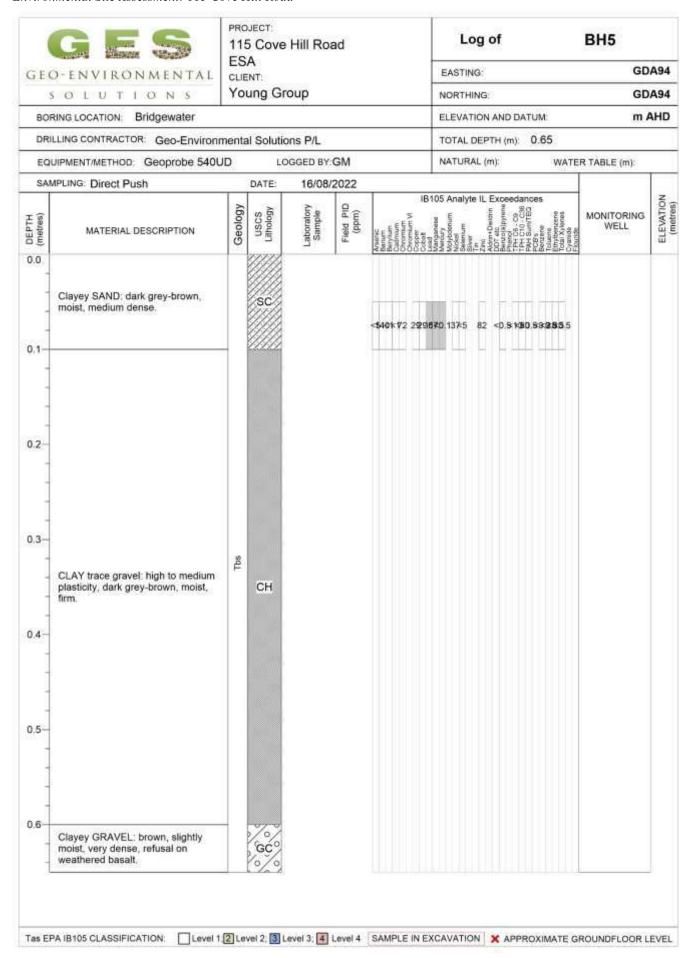
## 21 Appendix 4 Bore Hole Logs

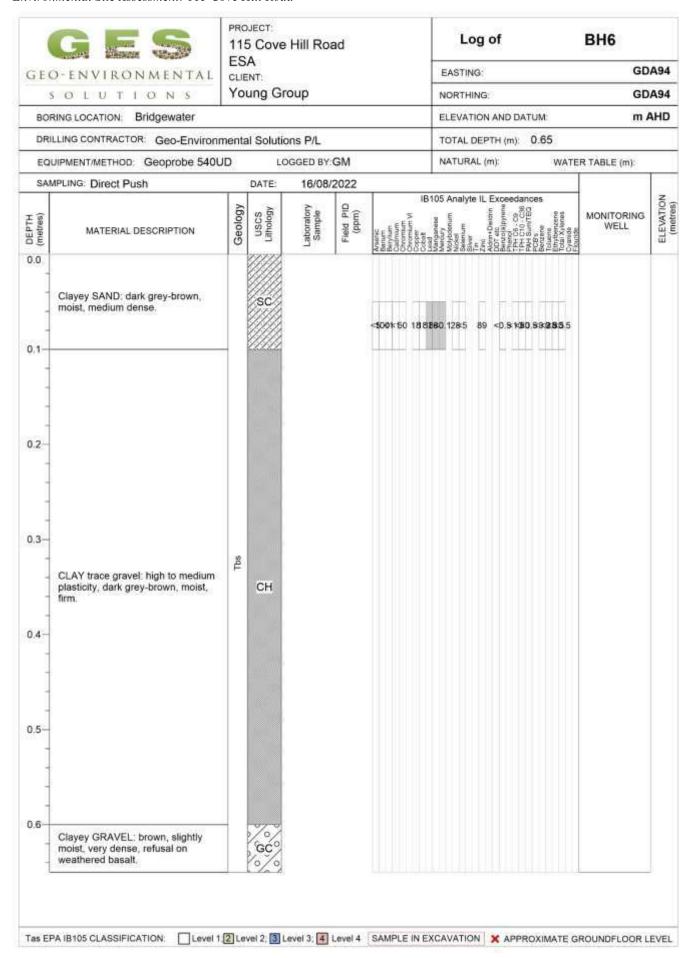


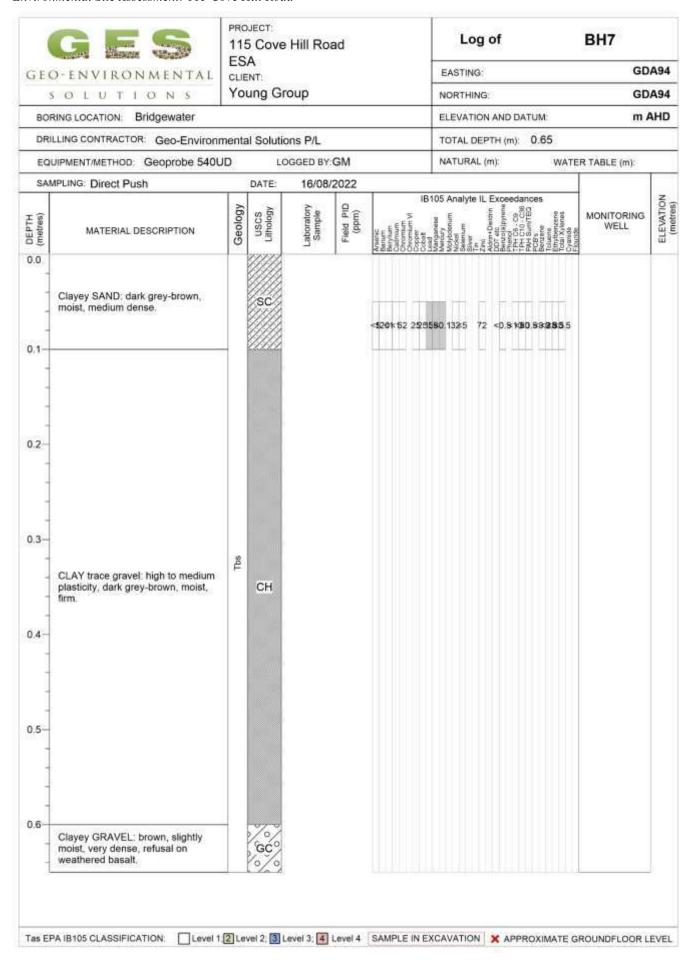


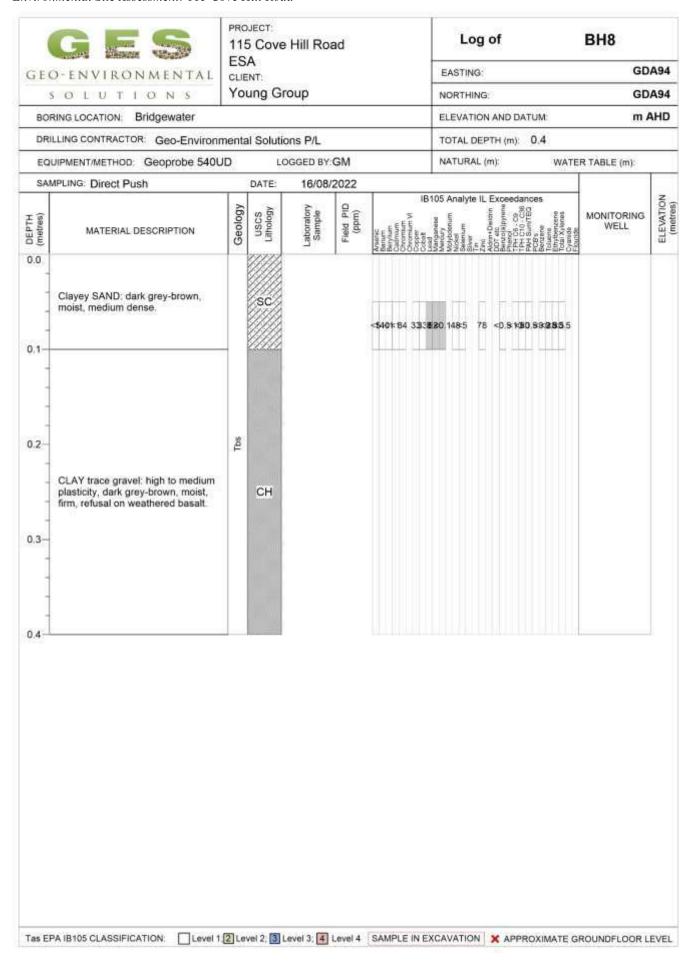


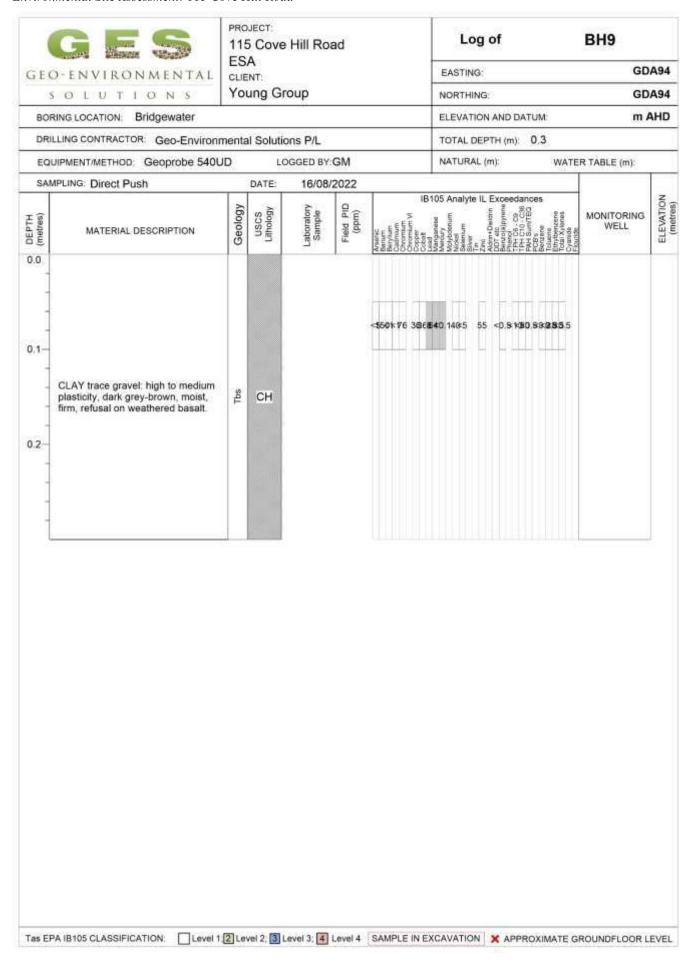


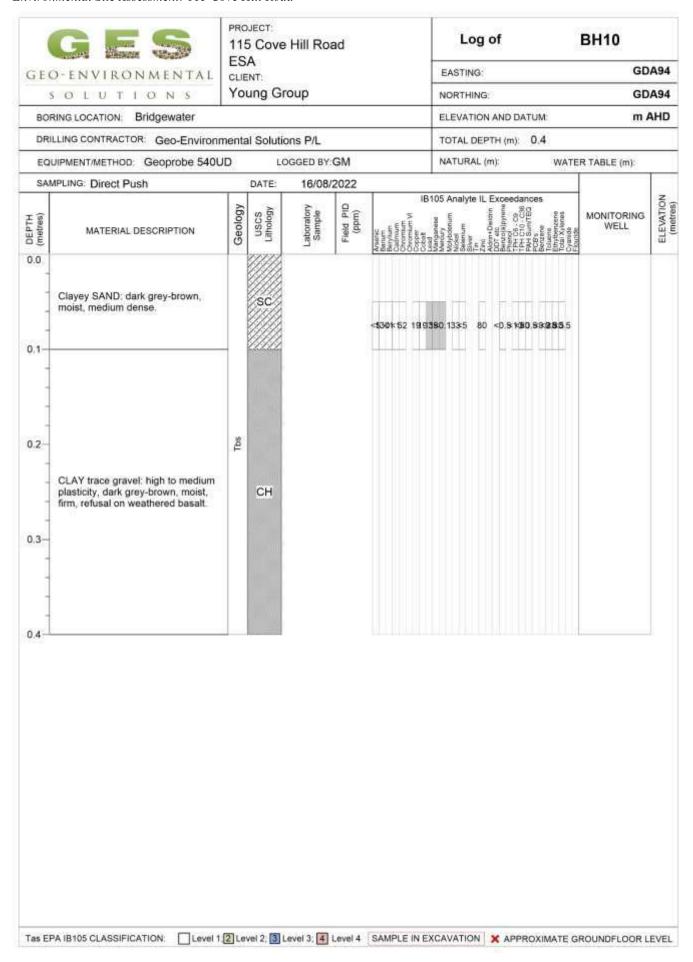


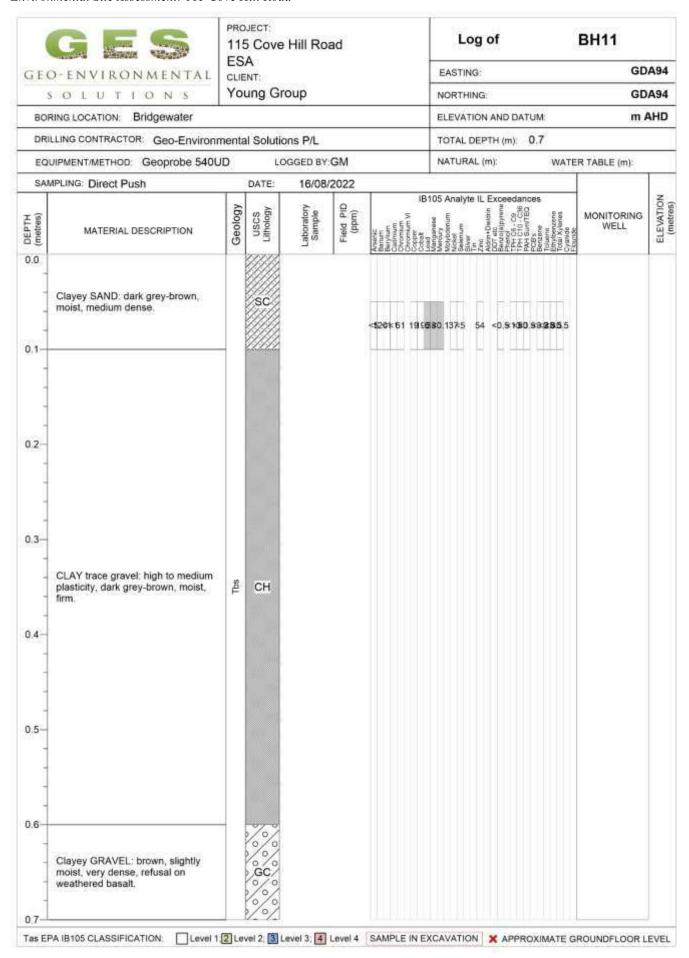


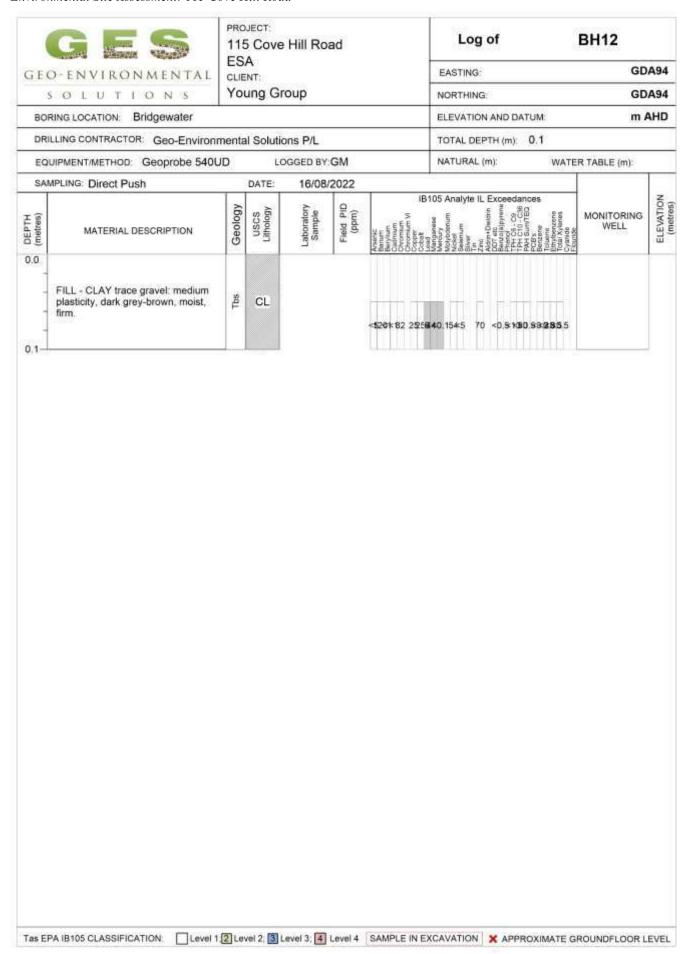


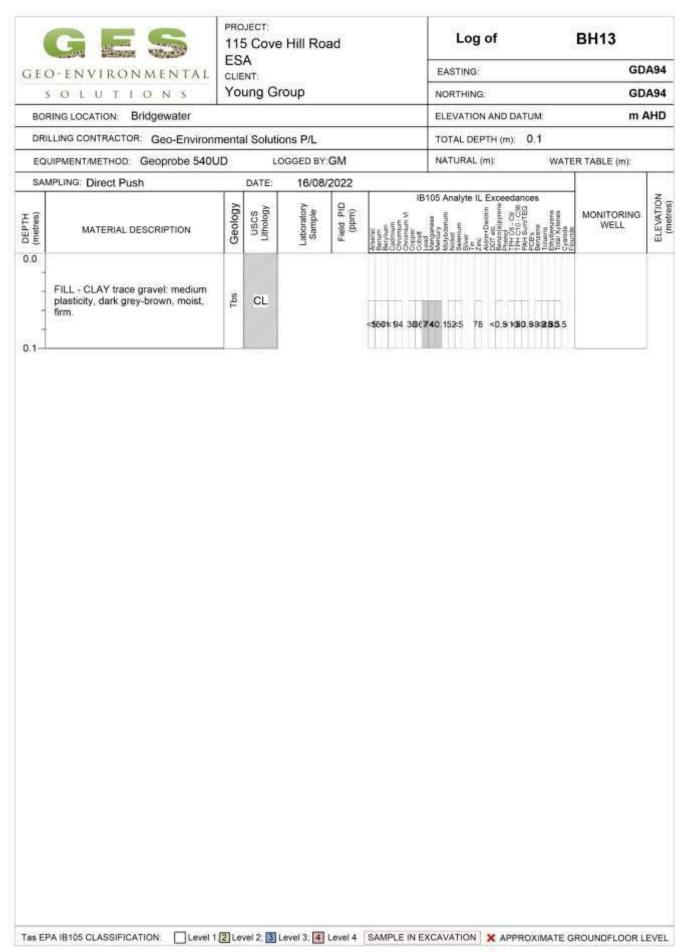


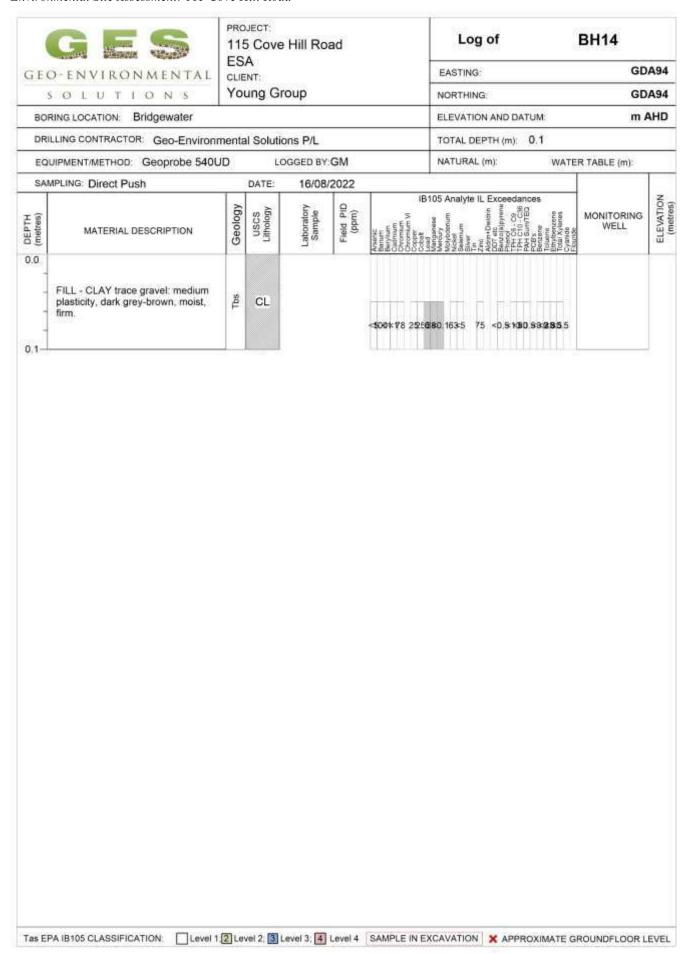


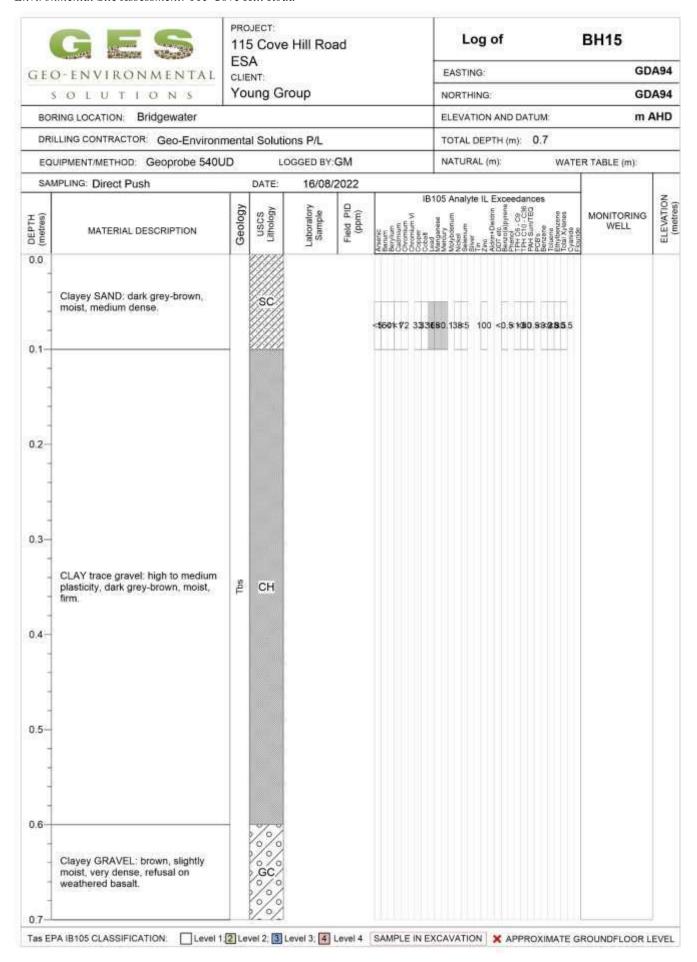


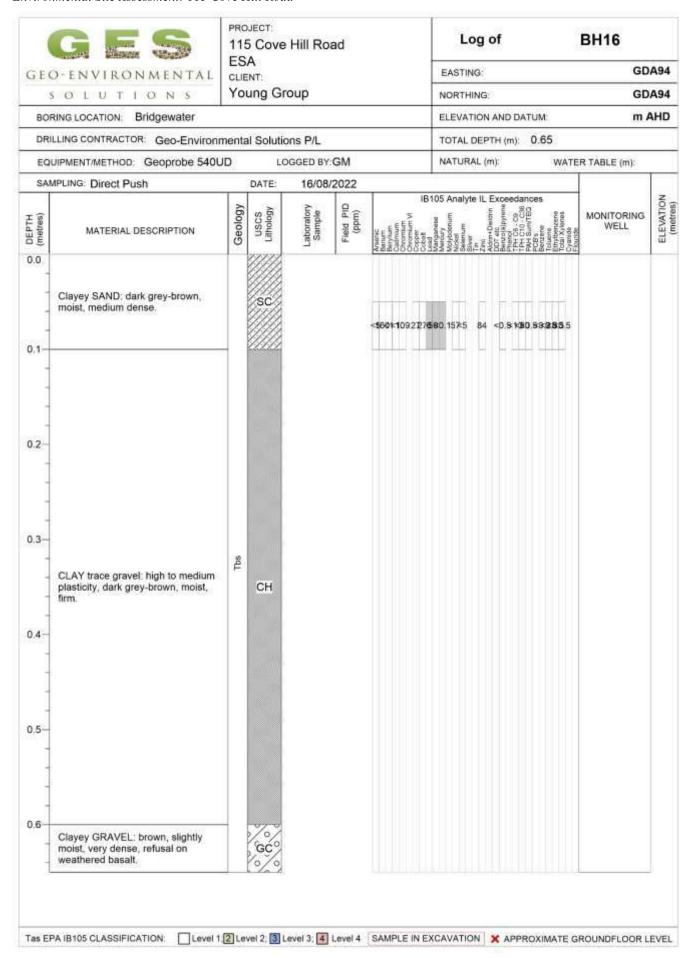


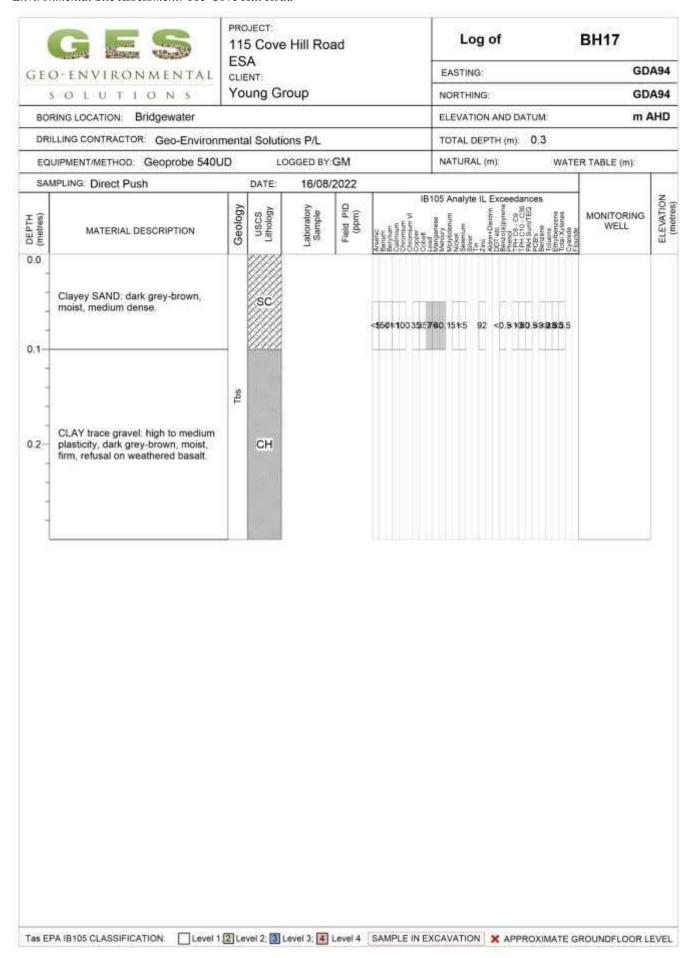


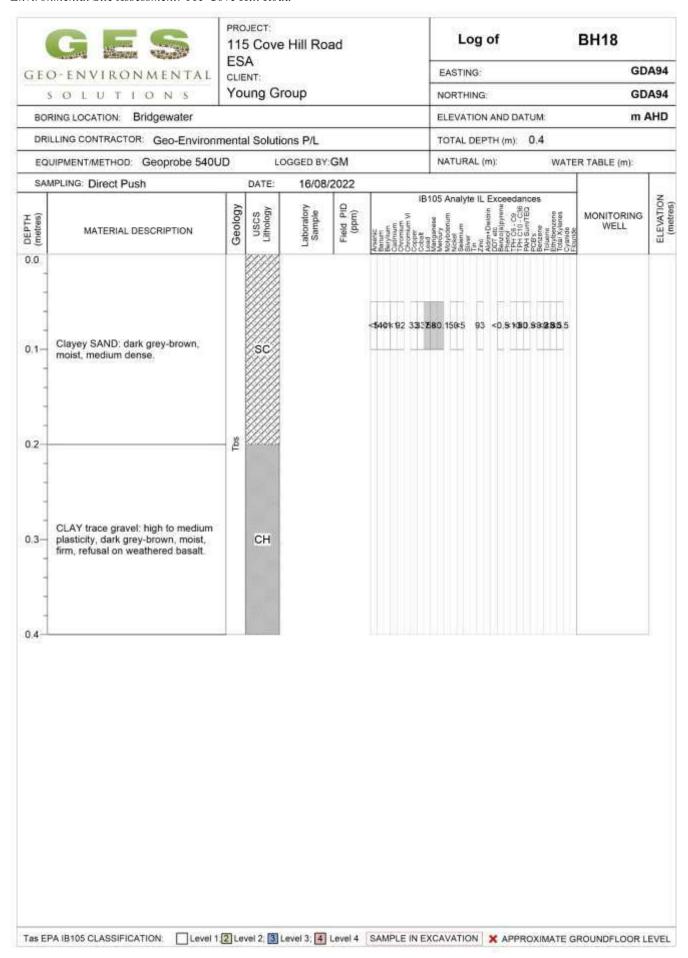


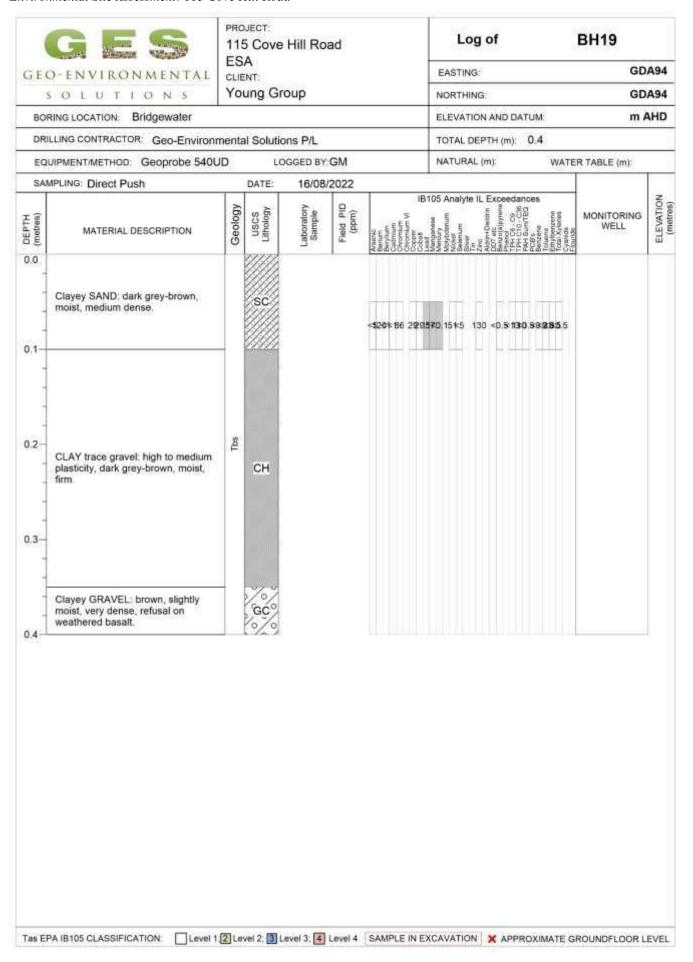


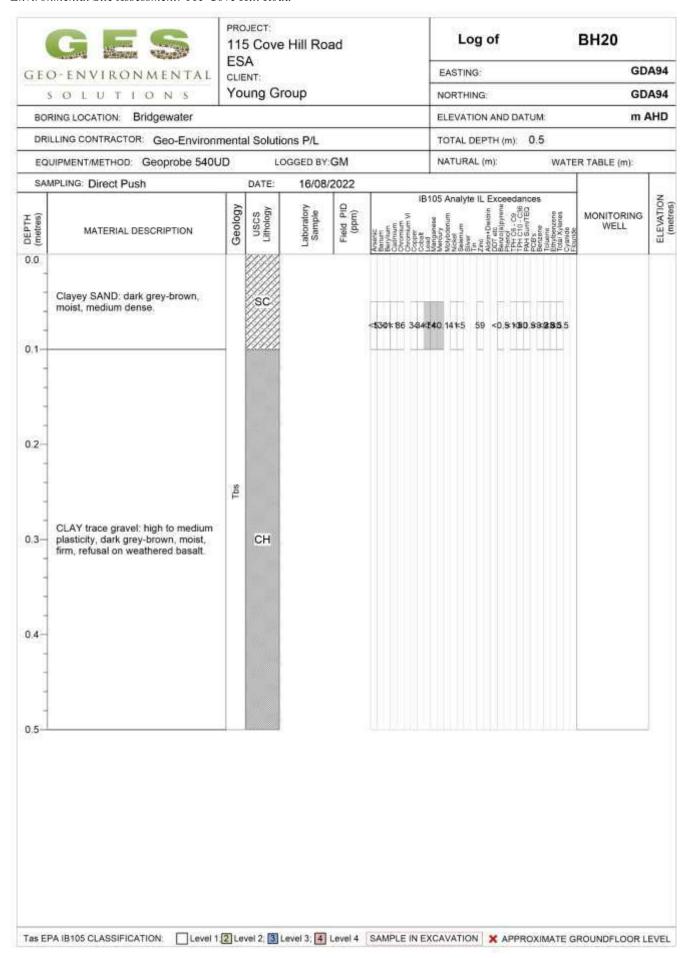


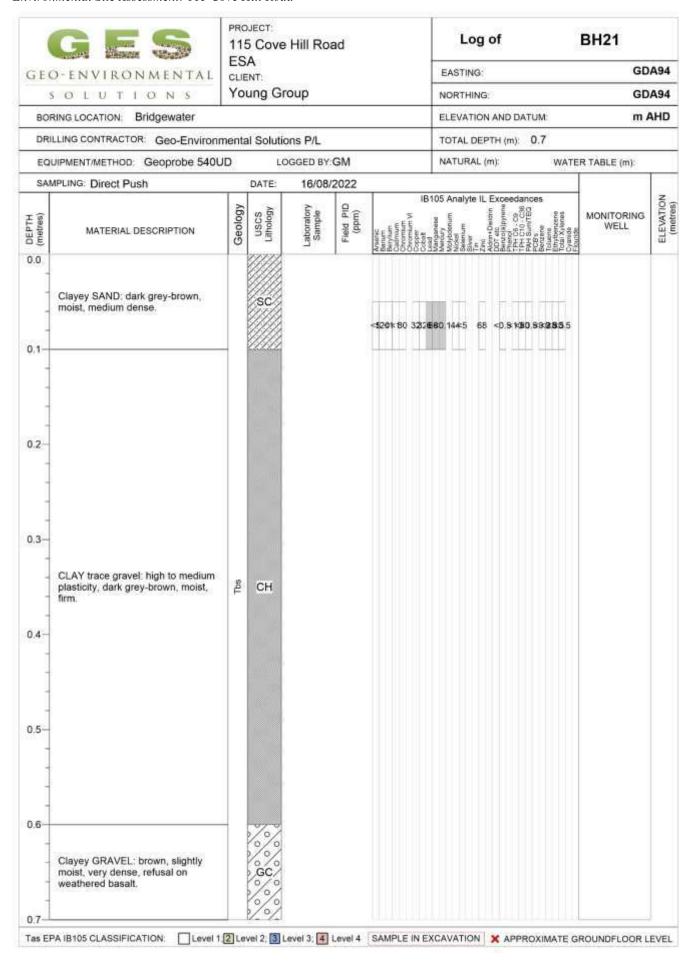


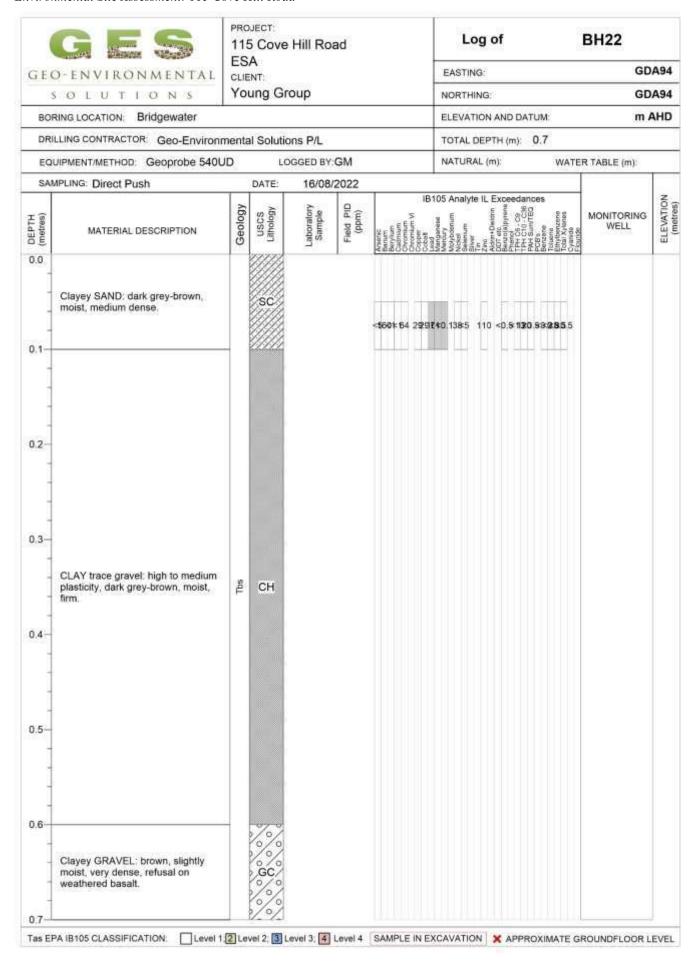


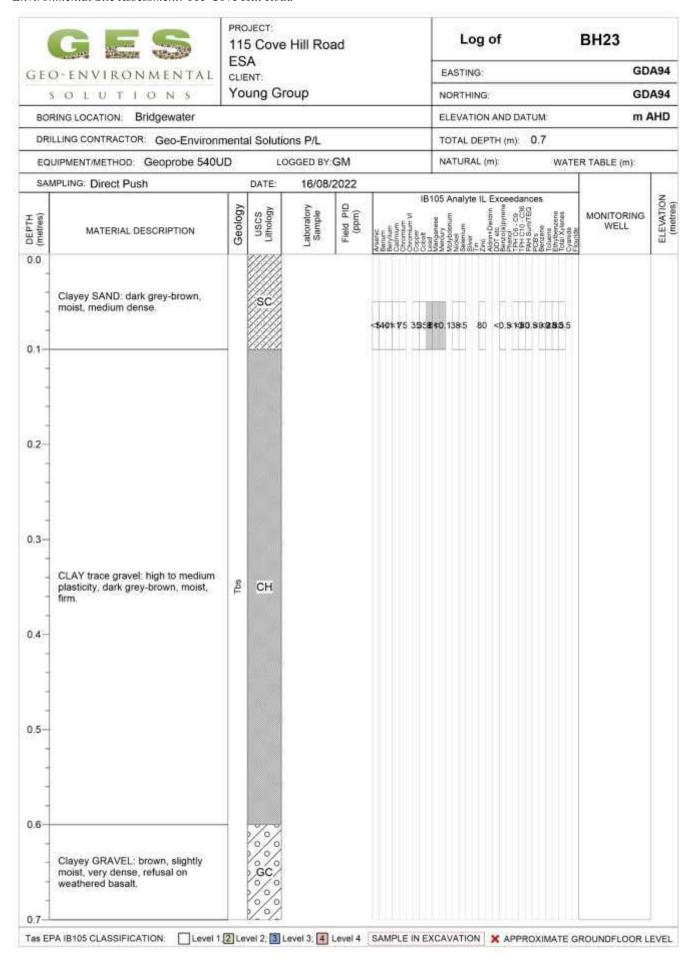


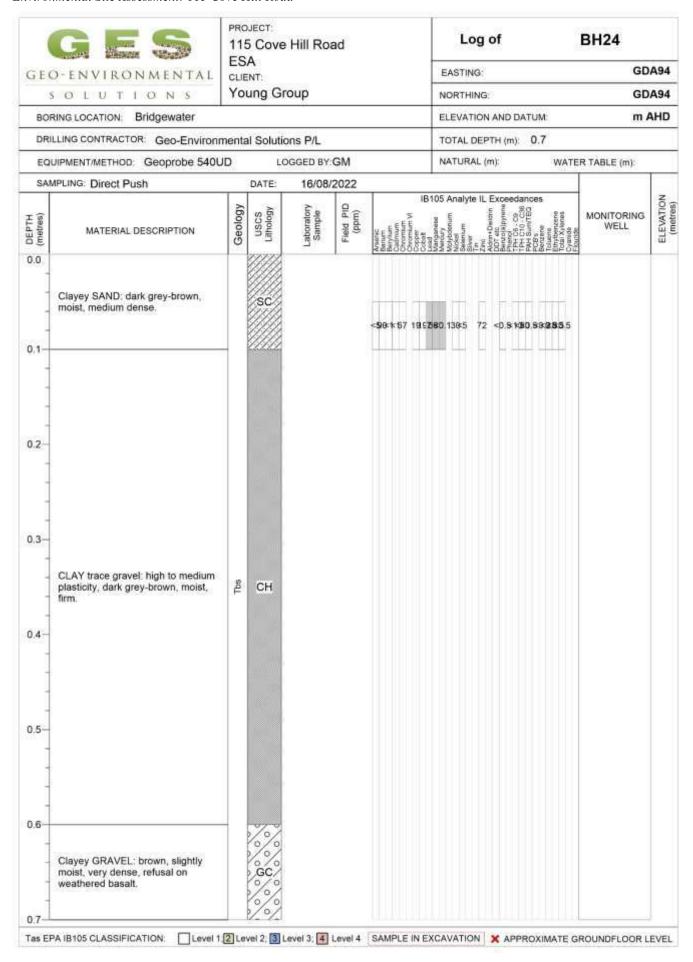


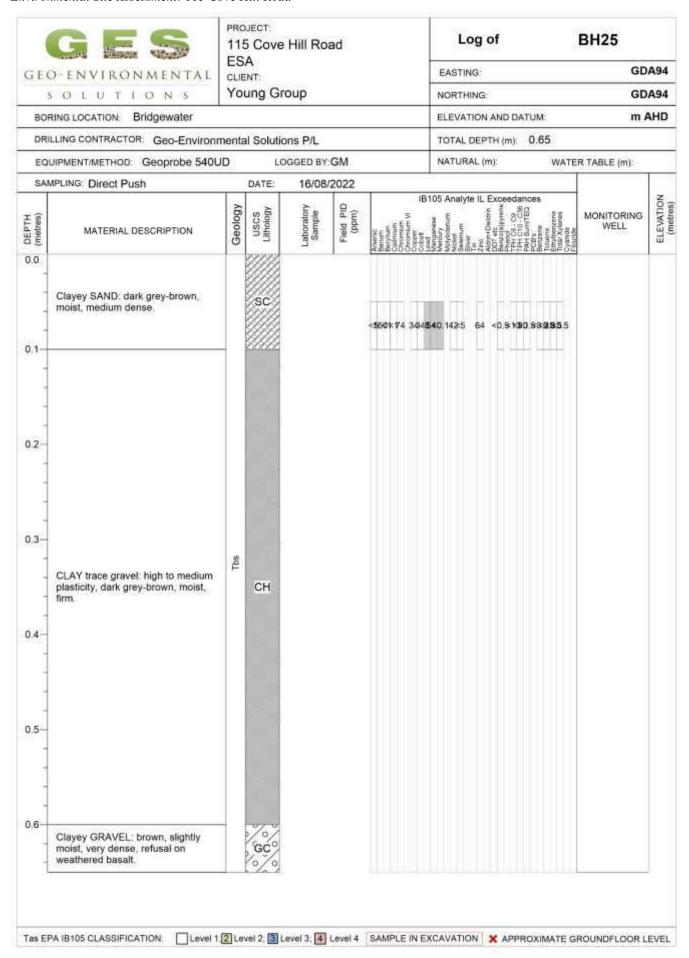












Environmental Site Assessment: 115 Cove Hill Road

### 22 Appendix 5 Chain of Custody (COC) and Sample Receipt Notification (SRN)



### General Comments

- This report contains the following information:
  - Sample Container(s)/Preservation Non-Compliances
  - Summary of Sample(s) and Requested Analysis
  - Proactive Holding Time Report
  - Requested Deliverables
- Please direct any queries related to sample condition / numbering / breakages to Client Services.
- Sample Disposal Aqueous (3 weeks), Solid (2 months) from receipt of samples
- Analytical work for this work order will be conducted at ALS Springvale.
- Please refer to the Proactive Holding Time Report table below which summarises breaches of recommended holding times that have occurred prior to samples/instructions being received at the laboratory. The laboratory will process these samples unless instructions are received from you indicating you do not wish to proceed. The absence of this summary table indicates that all samples have been received within the recommended holding times for the analysis requested.
- Please be aware that APHA/NEPM recommends water and soit samples be childed to less than or equal to 6°C for chemical
  analysis, and less than or equal to 10°C but unfrozen for Microbiological analysis. Where samples are received above this
  temperature, it should be taken into consideration when interpreting results. Refer to ALS EnviroNall 85 for ALS
  recommendations of the best practice for chilling samples after sampling and for maintaining a cool temperature during transit.

Issue Date : 19-Aug-2022

Page Work Order Client 2 of 4 EM2215963 Amendment 0





### Sample Container(s)/Preservation Non-Compliances

All comparisons are made against pretreatment/preservation AS, APHA, USEPA standards.

No sample container / preservation non-compliance exists.

### Summary of Sample(s) and Requested Analysis

process necessal asks. Packages as the determina asks, that are included for no sampling default 00:00 on	ry for the execut may contain ac ation of moisture uded in the package, time is provided, the date of sampling sampling date w	content and preparation the sampling time will ng. If no sampling date iill be assumed by the ackets without a time	On Hold) SOIL.  No analysis requested	SOIL - EA055-103 Moisture Content	SOIL - S-03 15 Metals (NEPM 2013 Suite - incl. Digestion)	SOIL - S-07 TRH/BTEXN/PAH (SIM)
ID SANSAFORA OUA	time	D111 0 10	0,8	S W	_	
EM2215963-001	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH1 0.10	-	1	1	1
EM2215963-002 EM2215963-003	16-Aug-2022 00:00 16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH2 0.10 BH3 0.10	-	<b>✓</b>	1	1
EM2215963-003	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH4 0.10			1	1
EM2215963-004	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH4 0.10	-	·	1	1
EM2215963-006	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH6 0.10		1	1	1
EM2215963-007	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH7 0.10		1	1	1
EM2215963-008	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH8 0.10		1	1	1
EM2215963-009	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH9 0.10	-	1	1	1
EM2215963-010	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH10 0:10	1	1	1	1
EM2215963-011	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH11 0.10		1	1	1
EM2215963-012	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH12 0.10		1	1	1
EM2215963-013	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH13 0.10		1	1	1
EM2215963-014	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH14 0.10	-	1	1	1
EM2215963-015	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH15 0.10	-	1	1	1
EM2215963-016	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH16 0.10	+	/	1	1
EM2215963-017	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH17 0.10	+	1	1	1
EM2215963-017	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH18 0.10	-	1	1	1
EM2215963-019	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH19 0.10	1	1	1	1
EM2215963-020	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH20 0.10	-	1	1	1
EM2215963-021	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH21 0.10	-	1	1	1
EM2215963-021	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH22 0.10		1	1	1
EM2215963-023	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH23 0.10	-	1	1	1
EM2215963-024	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH24 0.10	+	1	1	1
EM2215963-025	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH25 0.10	1	1	1	1
EM2215963-026	16-Aug-2022 00:00	Duplicate 1	-	1	1	1
EM2215963-027	2021 A 70 San San San San San	Duplicate 2	-	1	1	1
EM2215963-027	16-Aug-2022 00:00 16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH01 0.50	1	***	250	100
EM2215963-029	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH02 0.50	1			-
EM2215963-030	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH03 0.50	1			
EM2215963-031	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH04 0.50	1			
EM2215963-032	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH05 0.50	1			
EM2215963-033	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH06 0.50	12/0			
EM2215963-034	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH07 0.50	1			
E.MEE 10000-000	10-rag-2022 00.00	5.157 0.30	- 82			

: 19-Aug-2022 Issue Date

Page Work Order Client 3 of 4 EM2215963 Amendment 0

GEO-ENVIRONMENTAL SOLUTIONS



			(On Hold) SOIL No analysis requested	SOIL - EA055-103 Moisture Content	SOIL - S-03 15 Metals (NEPM 2013 Suite - Incl. Digestion)	SOIL - S-07 TRH/BTEXN/PAH (SIM)
EM2215963-037	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH09 0.30	1			
EM2215963-038	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH10 0.50	1			
EM2215963-039	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH11 0.50	1			
EM2215963-040	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH15 0.50	1			
EM2215963-041	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH16 0.50	1			
EM2215963-042	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH17 0.30	1			
EM2215963-043	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH18 0.40	4			
EM2215963-044	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH19 0.40	1			
EM2215963-045	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH20 0.50	<b>4</b>			
EM2215963-046	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH21 0.50	1			
EM2215963-047	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH22 0.50	<b>*</b>			
EM2215963-048	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH23 0.50	1			
EM2215963-049	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH24 0.50	1			
EM2215963-050	16-Aug-2022 00:00	BH25 0.50	1			
Matrix: <b>WATER</b>			WATER - W-03T 15 Metals (Total) (NEPM)	WATER - W-07 TRH/BTEXN/PAH		
Laboratory sample ID	Sampling date / time	Sample ID	WATE 15 Me	WATE TRH/6		

### Proactive Holding Time Report

Sample(s) have been received within the recommended holding times for the requested analysis.

: 19-Aug-2022 Issue Date

Page Work Order Client 4 of 4 EM2215963 Amendment 0





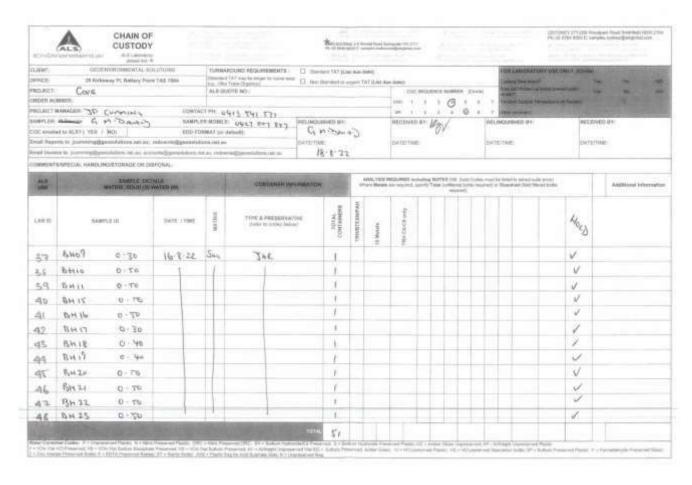
### Requested Deliverables

All invoices		
- A4 - AU Tax Invoice (INV)	Email	accounts@geosolutions.net.au
JOHN PAUL CUMMING		
- *AU Certificate of Analysis - NATA (COA)	Email	jcumming@geosolutions.net.au
- *AU Interpretive QC Report - DEFAULT (Anon QCI Rep) (QCI)	Email	jcumming@geosolutions.net.au
- *AU QC Report - DEFAULT (Anon QC Rep) - NATA (QC)	Email	jcumming@geosolutions.net.au
- A4 - AU Sample Receipt Notification - Environmental HT (SRN)	Email	jcumming@geosolutions.net.au
- A4 - AU Tax Invoice (INV)	Email	jcumming@geosolutions.net.au
- Chain of Custody (CoC) (COC)	Email	jcumming@geosolutions.net.au
- EDI Format - ENMRG (ENMRG)	Email	jcumming@geosolutions.net.au
- EDI Format - ESDAT (ESDAT)	Email	jcumming@geosolutions.net.au
MARK DOWNIE		
- *AU Certificate of Analysis - NATA (COA)	Email	mdownie@geosolutions.net.au
- *AU Interpretive QC Report - DEFAULT (Anon QCI Rep) (QCI)	Email	mdownie@geosolutions.net.au
- *AU QC Report - DEFAULT (Anon QC Rep) - NATA (QC)	Email	mdownie@geosolutions.net.au
- A4 - AU Sample Receipt Notification - Environmental HT (SRN)	Email	mdownie@geosolutions.net.au
- A4 - AU Tax Invoice (INV)	Email	mdownie@geosolutions.net.au
- Chain of Custody (CoC) (COC)	Email	mdownie@geosolutions.net.au
- EDI Format - ENMRG (ENMRG)	Email	mdownie@geosolutions.net.au
- EDI Format - ESDAT (ESDAT)	Email	mdownie@geosolutions.net.au

ende	CHAIN CUSTO	YOU			1	N. (1.164)	ni jir bi	one to the later of the later o		1	1	REIG		MET 217-084 Thomas A. P. 18094 WHILE SHOULD SA	and Street, Miller Ltd.
LURE)	OEDGWINDWENT	AL DOLLYNONS			Sande	- WY d. B	J. Stee of	and.				PONSO	STATOM VAL	HAY STHAT	- Table 1
HCF.	28 Vickersy Pt. Ballo	y Provid PASS POSSA	Mindel S	TO make the foreign for some many of land Charles I	line to	oraci er a	gest T	7 EN in	+ Debt.				-	13 19	-
ROUTE N	All the second		AUR GUE	TTE NO.					-	SEQUENCE NO	Mark Stan	* Heat	-	The second second	The St
	ANNOLE 26 CALM	- CONTRA	ot my da	H3 541 531					= 0		0	10000	-	100000	
	ENGONA.	TANKS.	THROW RO		n.eous	HED BY			HECEWED			неинаине		MECENTRO IN	1
	SHETS HERT THR / MISS		NUMBER OF STREET		9.	e-box	ΑĐ			101-1	ha.				
	eris to journing@geombitens er				ATTITION	8-1-	-		SAMOTHE	17184	4	SHIETHE:		EXTERNO.	
	oskto jources@pesidokus est a		et au, recreek	editorio per se		4.1	-1		-	115	+				
CHREEN	PRINTEDWG HAMELING/STORAGE	DE CHEPCHAL!	_				_							Environm	ental Division
ACR.		COSTALLS COSTALLS		COMPANIES INFOR	MATTER		100	puntyola n uni Meneri	OCQLIBED HAS are required to	positio Tiphal hard	(MI), SLiter Clash Belgraph bodies on look share)	ac much be fished to or summer to Disputchers	karrunterarios Varia filarest suote	Melbourn Work On	B STATE OF
-	TO STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PA	CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	-	IN THE PERSON NAMED IN	-	or man					1			EM2	215963
			180			CONTAMES	9		1					MIN ALL	0003
28.0	SAMPLE OF	81470;71966	MATER	TYPE A PRESERVATIVE (HARP TO LIGHT DELINE)		60	CHARLES MAN	1	- 5	l l					的概念劃川
						8	Ē	8	10					1000	43.00
4	DWG 1 0:10	16-8-32	SIL	THE		1	v	1	V.					MIN BUCK	52 P. S. W.
3	5402	1	Y.	1		1	V	1	1					10000	THE REAL PROPERTY.
1	Биез					1	v	1	1						
0	Buch		17		- 1	-	5	,	1		-				
a.	SHE S				-1		1	1	1						
5	2715111		-				1	1	1				_		
6	PH 00		11			-	1	1	1						
3	B4 07					-1	/	1	1			-	-		
7	Внов					1	,	1	1						
O	EHE?					.1	1	1	1						
to	5910					1	1	1	1						
10	Bern		1			1	1	1	1						
12	BHIL		1			1	1	1	1						
1000	Personal Property and Property	STATE OF THE PARTY.	No. of Lot	Charles Street	TOTAL	12		17			17.				
esy Curks	Main Cortico P Uniconstruct Plants, No. 145: Printered VS - 155 Vol. Generalis	Hills Constant Pages, Str.	o Mary Drope	President Section of the State	od incom	47 11 15	And the	to the last	and Paint	C - Faller Cla	of Department	E AT - ANTHONY STOR	NOT ALT PAIN	4	

ervine	A DOTTON COLLEGE	CHAIN OF CUSTODY				*comm	0.00 to 100 to 1		312					PERMITTED IN	OUT II SEPPER	A had believe High The
LIENT:	(200)	n/somewhat st				et fat sie	ma in	m)				1988	<b>GEORITICAL</b> X	AMBRONIA.	STATE OF	
HOUSE:	28 Hirkon	way PS, Rieflany Pool	vi 186 1964	Discussion of Table To	No comparison of the second second CI of the comparison of the second se	unistare	gard b	CT (Substable					District to	-	-	100 100
0.7807	Cook			912 000	TE HCL:				10.000	O I I		1988	Sein Ires		-	
DOE NA			TOWERS.	T PHI 104	10				100	163	-	. (20)	200			
MO212H	OF WALL ARE	A DONAL)	GAMPLE		9427 997 BED MATHOR	entition (Sec	40			MAN	(8)	n Access	ED AV		RECEIVE	
			ericentellymental netrilizenskiere e		DATECTOR POSTERNATION OF SEC.	18:87	2.5		SWIETING		0	AYEZTIME.			BATEVISA	
WHENT	KSPECIAL HANDLIN	GETURNOS DE D	SPDSAL					one white	nedowern in	rhalling BANKS (H), S	uto Todas me	o activiti	anni sale e	rai.		
42	1	HATHER BOLD (S)			CHILANDI MACANAMON	500	100	less biscuis	24 (85,744)	courty Yotal Carolleryed receive	DOMESTICATED	) or Dissense	of Park Property	turing .		Apottona (obsessite
LAW ID	3,440	NOTE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 1	SATE I THE	anches.	TYPE & PRESENTATIVE posts to cortex follow:	1013E CONTÁMBIS	нимогани	CHANN	THI CA CO MILE							
15	bws3	8-16	16822	Sec	SAK	16	1	9	1							
10	BW 14	1		1	4	1	1	4	1							
	8415					11	1	1	1							
15.						1	1	1								
16	6416	-		+++		1	7	1	-			-	-			
13	BHIT	_	-	+++		1	100	1	1				- 1			
11	16H18						7	-	1				-		-	
19	BHIS			141		1	1//	.05	1		-					
20	DH 2.0					9	10	×	1						-	
21	BH 21					1	1	1	1					_	-	
72	8472					- 1	1	1	1						_	
25	Bu 23						1	1	1							
	BH 24					1	1	W	V							
- Cons	CONTRACT AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR		THE REAL PROPERTY.	Sec.	tion Ac	24										
				1 may 15 an	arved 1990, Ser + Bodies Hydroxide Col Provi Reprinted All + Although Department Visit 198	A		-	Acres Place	ACT S SHOW THAT AN	Demont I	. comple	harmon at Ph	655		State of the last

erois	ALS CI	HAIN OF					FO 27.8644.0	ind E her	and the state of the	- N. VII.				(0) (0.376)	Triple week	d Hour Soldhald (CH 2)
DUENT:	granivno		along the first terminal		HOURD FREQUENCHENTS	D best	er that just	i jui je	HC.			- 1	OF LABORET	99301CDHC	Y KINN	
omci:	28 Kirkeway Pi	Bettery Pole	106 7994	. (hu. 18th)	CAT took to bright to some bird. Trans Dispetition	Cl. nerth		year Te	(Garan			_	-		-	-
ORDER AN	C962			ALS: UK	O'NE HO.					477075	LONGE HAME	11000				
	RYMARKS -ZD CO-		CONTAC	TPH PG	127 147 21					7777	0		-			
OMPLER	Branch C No. 23		\$40PLF		0927 or ) 347	Ci v	HED BY	~		RECEIVED BY	Vov.		OUTSHEED BY		NECENS	
	eta la gurraleggiacca la	ton total				DATETAG				SHITATING		OATE	YOUR		DATEME	
treat invo	new journality color		entlymikes, e	CAL PROPERTY	тіў унасыдот, ті за		18-1.	22								
сонивы	SISPECIAL HAMILINGATE	WAST OF DR	DPDSAL													
ALA:		C MINIO (S)			CONTANTO	DHERIDE		100	ent.YSES1 on Weters	OEQUARIO Includ are resided, uni	Prog. St. FTEX. (18). (In Table Landstone (19).00	Eyps Tooker ment be cooler-hautest; or 9 vels	man to all the first	e promi		Additional Informati
iole in	XAMPLE ID		towith: / types	WATER	TYPE & PRESERVAY Judio to Judio falso		CONTRAGES	THREEDWAY	to Bestella	Territoria sen				Me.		
25	DHIF O	10	16-9-27	Ser.	TAR		j	V	V	1						
35	DUPLILATE	.1.			1		1	W.	1	V						
2.7	DUPLICATE	2					3.	1	V.	V						
28	Ringara			Mine	1 Mg 2 SHV	18	4	1	V	1						
25	f534s + 34	- TO -		300	TAK		1	П						1		
30	BHOL.	1			1		1							1		
51	B+03						1	П						V		
3.2	Bno*						1	П						0		
33	BHOS						1	Н						V		
	here's						7	Н						1		
34		1		+			1	Н						U		
27	RHOT	1-40		+	-+-		7	Н					-	Y	-	
56	pret .	40		in the	THE RESERVE	TOTAL		Н		1				-		
							19									



min	ALS)	CHAIN OF CUSTODY				N. H. HARPY	MINE W	Page 1. Page 11.				746.0		In the best ways
JENT: THEM:		AND WELL TO VOY PS. Refery Prin	Color and the State of the Stat	Dissolved 1 Ago, 18th 7	OUND REQUIREMENTS: [] Standards A7 has be staged for based shall. [] No. (b) was Department.						1666	HONATON I WAS		
NOTES NOW	entre			ALT 000	PE NO.				100	6	100			1 - 2 13 15
EURCT N		Commission	coetac	1 111 04	13 THI TO				an 1	1110				
C english nel Hapen nel incom	d to ALBE ( YES ) to to journess plip	HOI DEVENDED	SABPLE EDD FO TOTAL SECURITION OF THE PERSON	in milmilio MAT (or da milmilion	OREJ OF TEA MERCOS	4-504	-		BATEFFE	r go	DATESTINE		DANTED	
ALR URE	WINDS	SAMPLE DET	NA.	4	CONTRACTOR OF STREET		4	MAN, 1980 West Manual	MEGISMES FO	nating SQTES (10), Suit party Tarie (collected to morris)	r Commonwhile Soles by the required to Dissolves	door tally print. Child Nove Coule	3	Additional Informati
CARRY.	XAMP	uoir.	31475. / 7396	MATTER	FIFE & PREJECTIVE policy In control below.	CONTABILITY	18100000000	S Marine	The Chick confg				Haci	
a#	8424	0.70	16-8-22	Smile	TAPL	.1							1	
ED.	6425	0 - 1%	L	1	T	1							1	
				Н										
				-				-						
100	David.	16.50	CALL ST	100	Hink	53	П							

# 23 Appendix 6 Quality Assurance and Quality Control

(actiful makkeying	Š	Ė	2	2	000	28	-	DW	ij.
	5	7	紐	畏				ÿ	
(901) MH2 (23) mounts/p30004	9	9.0	9.0	9	380	2	2	2	Ŧ
44	Tiels.	260	8	100	44	ň	-	908	Ē
mentioners and state	inte	Si .	900	180	11.1	90	0000	inne	i
WWW.921824	3	H	100	98	#	8	0000	*0	ı
405,000,000	1	-	18	8	36			н	Н
wise titt - tibe	110	H	210	ñ	10.0	Ş.	2000	ğ	ř.
WHEN RG - DC/	1600	×	8	8	199	ń	i	100	
166	940	Ĥ	900	00.	791	11	1	ONE	
soppiu dto -to	P. Cal	n	200	N H	444		400	N N	
	E	*	3			9		ň	Ē
tand meanwhich occ	-	2	M	H	Ξ	2	100	N/S	Ŧ
m0416(£3-(\$3	12.54	8	90	88	90	2	3000	WO	ï
ment (#21-101	ğ	ñ	1100	110	191	í	1	2000	
messystp-003	ŧ,	=	8	80	444	3	3	N.NE	
MARKE M. TH	N	Н	i i	Q III	100	No.	1	NO NO	-
-	100		8	8			6	300	
	No.	7	3	20	1	2	2	CWO.	H
many swil	N.	7	9	9	44	1	2	ON I	
1318 N. O.G.	î	3	9	Ŷ	5	ž	ž	S.	i
19069194	Wat he	á	是	¥	2	2	2	ă	
900/44.00% 4304	874	411	103	E P	1	1	1	Die.	
- manager	Sp. balen	10	9		1	1	1	S.	
	Sagar.	11	检	8	, All	N.	10	100	ı
1000000	Sept.	-	0 0	0		1		04,38	1
perreng	il.	17	9	2	2	ž	2	9	E
(104M) til 11 omregsårjonera	1989	939	Ÿ	905	100	MA.	á	100	Ĭ.
ank person reproved a seri	1898	308	133	h	43.4	8	Ħ	WIT	
analast v Roma	100	40	40.0	400	N.Y.	5	N.	8	
2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	100		li di	н				100	
mack West As London	1	4.6	99	9.00	N.	2	2	Ž	1
metallo.C.Llpmen	1	7	9	404	100	1	2	Š	Ŧ
ness/riprocess	al a	10	20	9	2	ž	2	NOM.	ij
nonpromptions.	ŝ	14	13	19	. 1	4	ş	MON	ā
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	Ş	-	H	H	-			No.	Н
pergoting (spring	96	ē	4	4	100	2	ź	E	Ē
- months (E)	PEG!	ě	2	123	Ħ	á	i	HOM	
***********	Sp. Car	911	629	423	M	Ħ	i	NONE	Ħ
200.00	0,00	9.0	3.0	970	11	1	1	1000	
1007201	7			B	-			-	Н
HIGHNAN	1	TI.	200	0	13	2	9	906	
horación	1	ä	9	9	2	ž	2	9	ı
PARLET OF THE PA	rehi	Ť	8	8		à	8	80	
200000	B)B	11	99	500	4	3	5	9	ı
The state of the s	100		<del>lini</del>	m				34	
	9	12	900	900	1	2	ż	JACON )	2
a may be optioned as	É	#	9	9	1	1	1	WOM	ł
a many arches	like in	t	9	9	á	ź	á	9000	
terres	104	111	NG A	300	2	1	1	NON.	ij
بلاوا	Old S		8		17.0	3	1000	601	
- 500	Į,	_	2 50	127			_		1
	1	77	-	н	00	2	ş	900	i
medica	200	ě	100	114	14.0	92	800	9	+
(904)	Wite.			-	11.6	W	1	1600	
ages.	of the last	+	9	n	113	10	¥	WOI	
74904	10		f	f		-	-		
1890)	2		P	ø	11.4	1	1	V 90546	
had exceeded	San R	*			3000	8	8	WOT 3	F
wm/e3	187	*	T.	A.C.	ŧ	2	ŧ	90	
insiting	1016	Λà	Te	T)	6	á		100	
1000	N.	++	9	201	0.04	96	000	ij	110
	1			17	C.		8		
300.6	å	H	4	·	2	2	2	900	
ghang			Deptends	##105e	4 (340) to				RCS6 (MP)
Deplicate Companies	048	90)	1,11,2301	1212/2001	Solution Personage Difference	990 Compliants time %	Warhood Certaint on Limit (MDL)	ODS Own	990 Compliants With MOS.5

<sup>\*</sup>Footnote: For Duplicate and Pit 1 0.5m pairs, 98% of analytes complied. Non compliances include: an RPD of 40% for Barium where <30% was expected.

Manual Control of the Paris		e e	-
(anni) (pil manegisternis)	94	0.3	19
annipersonal agranus agriculari ya sang	15	211	3
graphing graphies	12		10
	11.00	8	-
Webstell William (New Yorks)	1		10
www.pplito.6.5.Clembist	HELL	-	10.0
publication of the state of the	1/2	20	10
	100		19
mortes and lyderooli	100		13
metter engli-elerung	Yes	-	15
gastage	100		
	Е		13
enconingue (v) most	Na.	7	- 13
manife	19	-	1
HOUSE COL	Agri	1	0.75
	6	н	
supratus.	180	ā	15
amagamang	Page 1		1
seatong	Tal.	ä	10
incomplete and a		2	15
	191		13
month fatered A	VORT.	94	1
***************************************	apt.		14
GES meladrianskunsen statut ( 810 - 910-	Е	100	13
	m	ю	1000
(441) (441) (444) (444)	3	200	10
-C16 - C15 1/4/2016	15	900	90
94894HD (FD)	Ю	100	00 to
A 100 100	н	æ	-
910011113-913-	P	9	15
OF COD PARTIES AND STORY OF STORY	Tight.	H	10
001964/013 - 83	3	2	170
[449] 44(09) 1 (42) - ET2	H	-	
The state of the s	13	7	18
**************************************	100	F	150
CF2 - CSE Lindbles	HELL	180	W
C13 - C13 E080383	15	38	1
	н	-	17
hobsit (0 - 10)	9 7	H	Š
somethwei	100	94	1
ESTO % rest	date	1	
awadya basil	15		- 3
1172101-0	SHE!	-	13
9100/A 918.00	HER	B	12
MANAGERT S. ROMA	TOP	1	
	E	e	13
annya di atti	9	-	1
emelat	Ą	8	3
emug	57/4	3	
- Innova	9		1
Authorg	3	1000	1000
	Ĭ	2	19
UA (OR	Age	9911	12
18.	P	100	and Long
PMZ	100	0.000	100
wherea	1	0.01	10
	1	0	13
arrays	E S	0.0	19
PPR	1	1000	1
	F	-	19
mouthage	No.	0.001	100
100		8	13
part	Other	0.001	10 00 10 00 10 00 10 00 00 10 00 00 00 0
interp	1	7 70	13
77.50	100	0.000	13
sees	Yak	2007	100
1775	þ	Ø	1000 07 1000 07 1000 07
181181-10	Ñ	3000	100
- general		0	13
ORMANO	1981	00000	100
	ĺ	9	13
OPTIME	1	1001	18
swighing	9	83	10
arrating	F	0000	15
years	Hg4.	100	20,000
	ı	6	19
ty Corend Blanks			Semple
- 1			3.5
1			100

<sup>\*</sup>Footnote: There were no detections above LOR in the Rinsate Blank sample.



### QUALITY CONTROL REPORT Work Orster EM2124453 Page GEO-ENVIRONMENTAL SOLUTIONS Environmental Division Melbourne Contact DR JOHN PAUL CUMMING Contact Peter Raylic 4 Westall Rd Springyale VIC Australia 3171 29 KIRKSWAY PLACE BATTERY POINT TASMANIA, AUSTRALIA 7004 +61 03 6223 1839 +6138549 9645 Date Samples Received Scatts Rd 03-Dec-2021 Daty Aralysis Commerced Order number 07-Dec-2021 G-O-G number type Date 10-Dec-2021 NATA ilac-MRA JOHN PAUL CUMMING Ste EN/222 No. of semples analysed This report supersides any previous has reproduced, except in full. cous regard(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted, interes the sampling was conducted by ALS. This document shall This Quality Control Report contains the following information: Lateratury Dephrate (DUP) Report, Retaine Persentage Difference (RPD) and Acceptance Limits Method Blank, (MB) and Laboratory Control Spike (LCS; Report, Resovery and Acceptance Limits Matrix Spike (MS) Report: Resovery and Acceptance Limits Signatories This document has been electronically signal by the instruction signatories below. Electronic signing in carried out in conglisance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11. Acceptation Category Signatures Overs Femando Laboratory Coordinator Marbourne Inorganics, Springvale, VIC Maney Wong Nancy Wong 21C Organic Chemist 21C Organic Chemist Merbourne Inorganica, Springwale, VIC Merbourne Organica, Springwale, VIC Sener Inorganic Instrument Chemist Mini Stepmewski Marbourne Inorganica, Springvale, VSC

### RIGHT SOLUTIONS | RIGHT PARTNER

Page Vien Drise Dieni

2 of 13 ENC124453 GEO-ENVINONMENTAL SOLUTIONS

South Rd



### General Comments

The exceptual procedures used by ALS have been developed from established interruptively recognised providence such as those juddished by the USSPA. APMA, AS and NEPM in focus developed procedures are fully validated and are offer all the client request.

Where regulate department of the bean performed, results are reported on a very weight frame.

Where a reported lines than (x) result is nighter than the LOR. This may be due to primary sample undertriggestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for enablysis. Where the LOR of a reported result differs from shandards, DR, this may be due to high tenderal conduct and the conduct

Assentation - Market to complete which are not specificably part of this soon profes out harmed part of the CC prompt by:

CAS harmon - CAS registry number from detailors maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Services is a dismost of the Assentant Chemical Services.

LOR I LINE of equating

### Laboratory Duplicate (DUP) Report

The quarty correct form: Laboratory Displaces rather to a racidancy associate introductory spill. Loboratory displaces provide information requiriling institute and sentence and sentence and sentence of the female of requiring financial in the female of reporting financial in 10 times LOR Section (RED) of Laboratory Displaces are associated in ALS Method CAV-EN-00 and are dependent on the respillable of results in companion to the female of reporting financial in 10 times LOR Section (RED) of Laboratory Displaces are associated in ALS Method CAV-EN-00 and are dependent on the respillable of results in companion to the female CAV-EN-00 and are dependent on the respillable of results in companion to the female of results in companion to the femal

Ath Waters: SOL			70.700			(Latineshop )	Dominion's (\$55%) Happer		
Laboratory surgely 45	Surgets 40	Method Discount	CAl Bonker	100	About	- Gragmal Result	Washingto Resolt	aepysii	Assessed STO CO.
TICHOCHERODES TO	lat Metals by ICP-AES	(IDC Lat. 4968317)							
EMQ124811-051	Anonymous.	EG0007: Beryllium	7840-41-7	-3.5	right	41	et	0.0	Nation
		EG0057: Gedmann	7440-43-0	1	ruks	41	41	d.n	No Liver
		EGOOST: Baruss	7946-25-3	10	ruka	90	120	30.5	0% + 50%
		EG006T: Chromium	7440-67-0	2	rrg/sg	34	32	5.5	0% - 50%
		EG0067: Cobell	7440-45-4	2	moht	18	17	0.0	Nestinet
		EG0057: Nickel	7440-02-0	2	right	89	62	4.0	0% - 20%
		EG0057: Ansenti:	7440-38-2	1	mgky	7	- 6	162	Neismt
		EGDDST: Copper	7449-50-8	1	mpkg	36	52	7.7	0%-50%
		E0005T: Lead	7429-80-1	- 6	mg/kg	120	703	14.9	D%-20%
		EG006T: Manganese	7435-86-5	- 5	role	872	366	1.6	0%-20%
		EGCOST: Selentari	7782-49-2	- 5	mgikg	<5	406	0.0	No Umit
		EG0057: Valudum	7840-62-2	- 8	inglis	24	37	11.4	No Lines
		E00087. Zws	7640-86-8	1	adyl	216	794	11.0	0%-20%
		EG0057: Bores	7440-42-8	50	make	450	v50	0.0	No Liest
M2126432-022	Anonymous	EG005T: Beryllum	7440-41-7		rigita	-01	- 41	0.0	No-Limit
		SIGCOST: Cacreage	7440-43-9	78mm	rights.	38	art.	0.0	No cost
		EIGCORT: Barrum	7449-39-3	1D	maka	40	40	0.0	No Limit
		EG0067: Chromam	7449-47-8	2	make	81	-46	9.9	0% - 20%
		EGIOTT Cobell	7440-48-4	-7	mg/kg	24	19	29.3	DN - 50%
		EG0067: Nickel	7445-62-0	2	mgNg	30	26	12.6	0%-50%
		EGG067: Arswise	7440-08-2	- 3	mona	<5	48	6.0	No Unit
		EG0057: Copper	7440-50-8	- 5	ingkg	12)	- 11	9.0	No Livet
		EGDOST: Lead	7439-80-1	- 5	20,95		3	20.0	No Limit
		E0006T: Mangamilion	7436-96-5	5	mglg	370	349	5.7	0%-20%

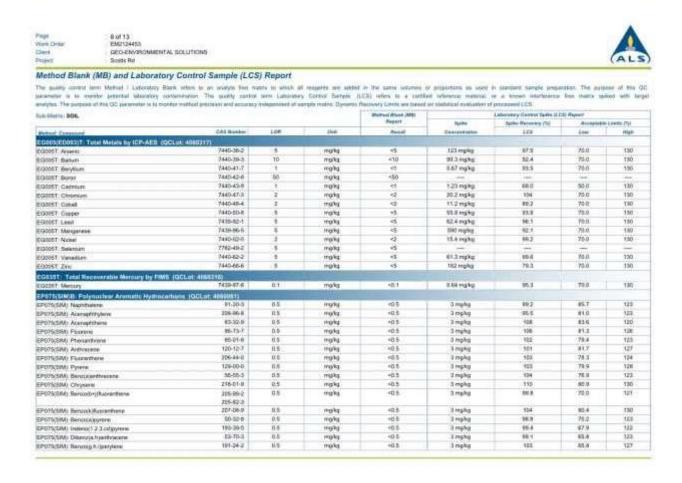
Nort Draw Steet Poject	3 of 13 EM2124453 GED-ENVIRONME Scotte Rd	NTAL SOLUTIONS							ALS
S.D. Klaine SOL						£atoreto/y	Dopolicate (DGP) Report		
Laboratory sample ID	Surreite All	Walter Corrected	CAT Number	E4085	Direct.	Drights' Result	Duplicate Result	BPD CSG	Acceptable 800 (SI
	etal Metals by ICP-AES	(OC Lot 4860317) +continued				Name of Street, or other Designation of the Owner, where the Parket of the Owner, where the Owner, which is the Owner, which is the Owner, where the Owner, which is the Owner, where the Owner, which is the Owner, w	and the second	1000	200000000000000000000000000000000000000
EM2124432-022	Anonymous:	EG00017 Selevium	7782-48-2	- 5	roks	- 45	-46	0.0	No Limit
	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	EG0057: Vanadken	7440-62-2	- 8	mg/kg	57	54	4.3	0% - 50%
		EG0057: Zinc	7440-66-6	. 0	mgkg	11	11	0.0	No Limit
		EGCOST Boson	7440-42-8	50	maks	<50	+50	0.0	No Limit
EA055: Moisture C	antest (Detect d) 195-11	erc) (QC Last 4062044)							
EM2124430-002	Ananymous	EA055 Moistare Content		0.1	- 1	5.5	6.6	0.0	No Livet
EM2124453-007	Duplicate	EAGS1 Misshare Contant		0.4	- 5	12.2	9.5	28.2	0% - 50%
Name and Address of the Owner, when the Owner,		INS (QC Let 40(0316)	-	151-111		100	1000		
EM2124411-051	Anonymous	EG035T Melcury	7436-97-6	0.1	role	0.1	0.1	0.0	Ne-cirel
EM2124632-022	Ancrymous	EGGST: Mercury EGGST: Mercury	7439-67-6	0.1	inghig	-011	40.1	0.0	No Ciret
			743590.00	16.1	Highly .		597.1	0.0	(99.504)
The second secon	the state of the s	ocarbons (QC Lat. 4860381)	THE PARTY OF	100	-	TI SHOW		V-171	W. Hills
EMZ124374-057	Anonymous	EP075(SM) Naphtislerie	91-25-8	8.5	make	+0.5	*0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SMt): Accouptifylene	208-96-8 43-32-9	0.6	mg/kg	<0.5 <0.5	+0.5 +0.5	0.0	No Limit No Limit
		EP075(SM): Acesaphrhene	86-73-7	0.6	roke	40.5	-0.h	0.0	No Lines
		EP075(SIM) Fluorene	85-01-8	0.5	make	-0.5	-0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM) Phonanthrone	120-12-7	0.5	right.	*0.5	*0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075 SIM): Avthrocene	206-44-0	0.5	role	40.6	90.0	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SM) Fluoranthene	129-00-0	0.5	role	-0.5	×0.6	0.0	No Unit
		EP075(SM): Pyrene	56-55-3	0.5	100000	-0.5	*0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Bertrix/perffracere	318-01-8	0.5	rigita	-0.5	+0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM); Chryslene		0.5	make	40.5	*0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SM): Borood+jifusrenthere	205-99-2 205-82-3		100		37.7		THE COMM
		EP075(SIM): Benzie)(Fuoranthene	207-06-9	0.5	make	<0.5	<0.5	0.0	:No Limit
		EP075(SMI): Serupo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.6	right	<0.5	40.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): indens(1.2.3.odjpyrene	346-681	0.6	make	<0.5	-40.6	0.0	Netiret
		EP075(SIM) Dibenits hjerthrassee	83-70-3	0.6	mgkg	<0.6	40.5	0.0	NerLimit
		EP075(SM): Benzoig hilperylene	101-24-2	0.9	rigks	*0.5	×0.5	0.0	No Limit
EM3124374-080	Anonymous	EPONSSIMI: Naphthalores	91/20/5	0.5	right	<0.5	+0.5	0.0	No Unit
		EP075(SIM): Acenaphtrylene	206-96-8	0.6	mg/kg	<0.6	10.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SM): Acerophthene	83-52-0	0.6	right	40.5	40.0	0.0	No Liest
		EPU75(SIM): Fluorene	86-73-7	0.5	mgkg	40.5	+0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SM) Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.5	udys.	×0.5	-0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Arthracene	129-12-7	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	40.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Fluoranthone	206-44-0	0.6	mgkg	<0.6	40.6	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SIM): Pyrene	129-00-0	0.6	mg/kg	<0.5	-0.6	0.0	No Unit
		EP075(SM) Serpioprifricere	56-55-3	0.5	mgkg	<0.5	+0.5	0.0	Nethrit
		EP015(SM): Chrysene	218-01-0	0.5	110/13	*0.ti	×0.5	0.0	Notime
		EPG76(SM); Berzojb+jifusrardnene	206-99-2 205-82-5	0.9	rests	<0.5	10.5	0.0	No Delt

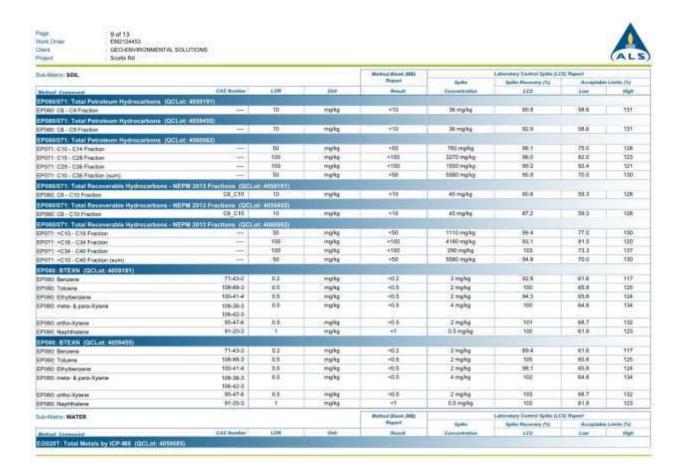
Page Vient Drie Dect Project	4 W 13 EM2124453 GEO-EN/990NM Soots Rd	ENTAL SIDLUTIONS							ALS
Selv Mains BOR.						Latinostory	Ospicato (DSP) Report		
Laboratory campin III	Interests (E)	Better Colonical	CAT Number	100	Allege	- Brigheal Result	Depote ate Heapti	BPS (NO	Animalia MPD Dil
NAME AND ADDRESS OF TAXABLE PARTY.	THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN	rocarbona (OC Luc 40600ET) - commune		-	100	Trigra Intia	Tables of Little	HISTORY.	- Allendar Hill Coll
EM2124374-085	Anonymous:	EP075(SMI): Bisspot/Augranthene	207-08-9	11.6	ross	40.5	40.6	0.0	No Limit
Sample 5-200 - 2000 -	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	EP075(SM): Bertrola pyrere	50-52-8	0.6	make	40.E	40.6	0.0	No Limit
		EPU/5(5M) videno(12.3 odjrpvete	193-39-8	0.6	make	*0.5	-9.5	0.0	No Limit
		EP075(SM): Olberita hjanfmanne	53-70-0	0.5	roks	×0.5	+0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EPV75/SMM; Senroug hi/perylene	191,24-2	0.5	make	40.5	40.6	0.0	No-Linst
Proposition Tested Re	ttofeum Hydrocarbor		-		100000				100011
EMZ129411-001	Anorgrapus	AND AND PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND		10	roks	-10	eta :	0.0	Notiret
EM2124411-03E	Anonymous	EPOID CE - CO Fractor		10	rols	*10	410	0.0	No Line
		EPONO CE - CO Frantico		.10	1015	*10	410	490	THE CHIEF
	etroleum Hydrocarbor	BOTH BARRIED AND LONG AND		- beautiful	-	200	1500	11/2	
EM2124877-001	Anerytsous.	EPOSC CE - C9 Fraction	-	10	mg/kg	st0	et0	0.0	Ne Limit
EM2126077-011	Asserument	EPORC: CE - CR Fraction	-	10	make	<10	v10	0.5	No Linet
EPUROVZY: Tulyl Pr	straleum Hydrocarbor	re (QC Lim 4889082)							
EMJ124374-057	Avergrana	EP071 C15 - C08 Fraction :	-	100	mg/kg	4900	+100	d ti	No Limit
		8P071 C29 - C36 Fraction	_	100	make	<100	<100	0.0	No-Unit
		89071 (010 - 014 Fraction	-	50	make	-50	+50	0.0	No Unit
		EP071 C18 - C36 Fraction (aum)	-	- 50	reply	450	×50	0.0	No Limit
EM2124374-060	Anonyntous	EP971: C15 - C28 Fraction	-	100	make	4700	+100	0.0	No Limit
		SP971 C29 - C36 Fraction	-	100	role	<100	<100	0.0	No Limit
		EP071 C10 - C16 Fraction	-	10	mg/kg	+60	<90	0.0	No Uret
		EPGF1: C10 - C30 Freshort (wwn)		10	Ing/kg	450	450	0.0	No Linet
EPHERODIT: Total Re	coverable Hydrocort	nine - NEPM 2013 Frantiane (QC Let: #359191)							
EM212MATT-001	Angrymous	EPORO CE - C10 Fraction	C8, C10	10	make	×10	410	0.0	No Linit
EM2124411-036	Anonymous	EP050: C6 - C10 Foscium	C8 C16	10	make	<10	et0	4.0	No Limit
Potovoza- Yotal Be	Constitution and	ons - NEPM 2013 Fractions (QC Lat. 4050400)			-				
EM2124077-001	Anerwritina	EPORG CE - C10 Fraction	C4 C10:	10	roks	+10	410	9.0	Nount
EM2124077-011	Assessment	EPONO CB - C10 Fraction	CW_C10	10	roks	510	×10	0.0	No Linet
-		ons - NEPM 2013 Fractions (QC Lot #000162)			-		-		775-5717
EM2128374-057	Attorographs	EPO71: >C16 - G34 Fraction		130	T035	4100	+100	0.0	No Lores
1004100010001	Contract Contract	EPRIF1: +C34 - C40 Fraction		100	make	4300	*100	0.0	No Livet
		EP071 >C10 - C48 Frances	- 12	80	make	<50	<90	0.0	No Limit
		EP071: PC10 - G40 Fraction (sum)		50	1000	400	190	0.0	No Lines
EM2124374-090	Anorymusis	EP071 +C16 - C36 Praction		100	roks	4100	v 100	0.0	No Lines
12.00	1000	EPO71 > G14 - G43 Francism		100	roks	+100	+100	0.0	No Limit
		EPOPT I COLL COS Francios		10	10/10	150	+50	0.0	No Loret
		EPOT1 PC10 - C16 Frances EPOT1 PC10 - C40 Frances (sum)		80	roks	150	150	0.0	No Cont
man attended	TETOTOTOTO	(E797 1179-101 (G-4/7941509 (Sc/H)	-		-94	730	7580	400	- missen
EPURO RITEKN (DC	America Company of the Company of th	Transport of the second	1000000	O CHARLES		1 735	74.5	0.0	36500
EM2126411-001	Anonymous:	EPOSO Servene	7140-0	0.2	make	-0.3	+0.1		No Liest
		EPORC Tolume	106-88-3	0.5	maka	+0.5	+0.5	0.0	No Linet
		6P080 Ethyltonoune	100.41.4	0.5	make	40.5	+0.5	0.0	No Lines

lage Serk Diviser Send Traject	5 of 13 EM2124453 GEO-ENVIRONNE Scotts Rd	INTAL SOLUTIONS							ALS
an-Maine BOL						Laboratory I	Supricate (DUT) Proport		
Laboratory sample ID	Sumple All	Hydrof: Corporate	CAS Number	E-085	Alleria.	Drighes' Result	Dapilcate Result	BPD CIG	Acceptable 890 Cul
EPOSO: BTEXN (OC	Lot: 4055191) - cont					Upper Control of the	and the second	10000	
EM2124411-001	Anonymous:	EP090: meta- & para-Xulene	106-36-3	0.6	inglés	<0.6	×0.6	0.0	No cirel
		8-10070000000000000000000000000000000000	105-42-8		111100000				
		EP090: ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.5	mg/kg	<0.5	<0.6	0.0	Netinit
		EPORC Naphthalense	\$1-20-3	. 1	right	41	-81	0.0	Ne cand
EM2124411-036	Anonymous.	EPOSO Benzone	71-43-2	0.2	mgkg	+0.2	+0.2	0.0	No Limit
		EP090: Toluene	108-88-3	0.5	mg/kg.	+6.5	+0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EPORC Etrythergane	100-41-4	0.5	make	<0.5	×0.5	0,0	No Limit
		EPORC meta- & para-Xylene	104-38-3	8.6	rgkş	<0.6	+0.8	0.0	No Limit
		106-40-8	-375		- 833	850		315553	
		EP080: ortho-Xylane	95-47-6	0.8	mana	<0.6	40.5	0.0	No Limit
		EPORC: Napříthalorse	91-20-8	1	mg/kg	41	41	0.0	No Limit
EPOSO: BTEXN /DC	Lot: 4059455)								
EM2124077-901	Anorymous.	EP090 Banzana	7143-2	0.2	mg/kg	+0.2	×6.2	0.0	No Limit
		EP090: Toluene	108-88-3	0.6	rote	40.5	<0.6	0.0	Ne Lind
		EPOSC Eltrythercrane	100-41-4	0.5	moke	40.6	<0.6	0.0	Nettest
		EPOSC: meta- & para-Xylene	108-38-3	0.6	ingkg	<0.5	40.5	0.0	No Linit
			106-42-3		10000				
		EP080: ortho-Kylene	95-47-6	0.5	mgky	<0.5	40.5	0.0	Notiret
		EPOR2 Naphthalane	91-20-8	1	maka	47	+1	0.0	No Limit
EM2124077-011	Аноготивна.	EPOSO Beszene	71-43-2	0.2	make	×0.2	+0.2	0.0	No Limit
		EP080: Toluene	104-66-3	0.6	mghg	<0.5	+0.5	0.0	Ne Limit
		EP092 Etrybergene	100-41-4	0.6	make.	<0.6	-0.6	0.0	No Unit
		EP080: meta-& para-Xylene	198-16-0	0.5	mgkg	<0.5	+0.5	0.0	Netiret
			105-42-3						
		EPORC ortho-Xylene	95-47-6	0.6	mgkg	<0.5	+0.5	0.0	No Limit
		EPORO Nagrithalana	91-30-0		mg/kg	41	-41	0.0	No Limit
Ub-Marrie WATER			1775773			Laboratory I	Saplicate (DSF) Report		
Laboratory sample IC	Sample ID	Walture Communical	CAS Manker	108	Short	Dragnal Basell	Dopoleate Wester	ARD JUL	C Assume Will the
GG020T: Total Meta	Is by ICP-ME (QC Let					The second secon	market and the same	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	
EM2124992-001	Ancrymous:	EGODA-T Catesian	7440-43-8	0.0001	rept.	×0.0001	<0.0004	0.0	No Limit
	I DOWN THE PERSON	80000A-T: Americ	7440-36-2	0.001	mgt.	+0.001	100.00	0.0	No-Limit
		EG000A-T. Beryttum	7440-41-7	0.001	espt.	+0.001	100.00	0.0	No Linet
		EDDINA-T Barken	7440-30-3	0.001	mgt.	0.012	0.012	0.0	0% + 50%
		EGIONAT Chromium	7440-47-3	0.001	mat	0.001	0.001	0.0	No Limit
		EGD2NA-T: Cobait	7440-48-4	0.001	mpt	<0.001	+0.001	0.0	No.Linet
		EGISTA-T: Copper	7440-50-8	0.001	mgt.	0.008	0.008	0.0	No Limit
		EG000A-T Lead	7439-92-1	0.001	eqt.	+0.001	-0.00t	0.0	No Limit
		E0020A-T Manganese	7429-96-6	0.001	mgt.	0.014	0.014	0.0	0%-50%
		EG020A T Nickel	7440-02-0	0.001	regt,	<0.001	<0.001	0.0	No Limit
		EG000A-T-Zinc	7440-66-6	0.006	mgt.	0.007	0.008	0.0	No cinit

Page Nierk Dinker Dienk Project	6.0f 13 EM2124453 GEO-ENV9RONME Sootk Rd	ENTAL SIDLUTIONS							ALS		
Sub-Marine WATER				Calmentery Deplicate (DOP) Report							
Laboratory named 67	Suingris All	Method: Corporated	100	- Albert	- Brigheal Result	Deputy ate Heapti	BPS (NO	Accounts May 150			
Management of the latest of th	THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAME	40106811 + continued			-						
EM2124392-001	Anonymous.	EG030A-T-Salerium	7783-46-2	0.01	mat	-40.01	40/04	0.0	No Limit		
		EG020A-T: Versature	7445-62-2	0.01	righ.	+0.01	+0.01	0.0	No-Lint		
		EGCONA-T Boxes	7440-42-8	0.09	mpt	+0.00	40.08	0.0	No Limit		
EM2124428-012	Anonymous	EG000A-T Cadmon	7440-45-8	8.0001	mgt.	¥0.0001	=E.0001	0.0	No Limit		
		E0000AT Arsenic	7440-38-2	0.001	ergt.	=0.001	×0.001	0.0	Notinit		
		EG02NAT Seryllum	7445-41-7	0.001	mg4.	+0.001	<0.001	6.0	No Linet		
		EG020A-T Barkets	7440-39-3	190.0	ngt	2004	0.004	0.0	No.Limit		
		EG620A-T Circreum	7440-47-3	0.001	ough.	0.002	9.002	0.0	Netunt		
		EG000A-T Cobst	7440-45-4	0.001	mgt.	10.001	<0.001	0.0	No.Limit		
		EGXXXA.T. Copper	7440-50-8	0.907	mgt.	0.039	0.039	0.0	0%-30%		
		EGG20A-T Last	7439-90-1	0.001	mat.	0.000	0.006	0.0	No Ciret		
		EGC20A-T Marganese	7439-96-5	0.001	ngt.	0.063	6.048	4.4	0% - 20%		
		EGCODA-T Notes	7440-02-0	0.001	mpt.	0.002	0.002	0.0	No Limit		
		Encona. T Zec	7440-88-6	0.005	mpt.	0.070	9.070	0.0	0%-50%		
		E0000A-T Selenium	7782-49-2	0.01	rest	40.01	10.01	9.0	No Limit		
		E0000AT Yanasum	7440-62-2	0.01	righ.	40.01	<0.01	6.0	No Linet		
		EGG26A-T Boron	7440-42-8	0.09	mat.	+0.08	+0.00	0.0	No Limit		
CORNET: Total No.	Control of Management of the	IMS (OC Lot A010415)	- Constitution of	-	-						
EM2124411-053	Astronomic	EG6307: Menury	7429-97-6	100001	mat	=0.0001	<0.0001	0.0	No-Liest		
SSZ143292-001	Anonymous	EGOST Menuty EGOST Menuty	7436-67-6	0.0001	eqt.	<0.0011	<0.0001	0.0	No Unit		
THE PARTY NAMED IN COLUMN 2 IN		A STANDARD CONTRACTOR OF THE STANDARD CONTRACTOR	.74294741	0.0001	eegr.	50,0011	-0.0001	- 0.0	THE COME.		
	strateum Hydrocathor	THE CO. P. LEWIS CO., LANSING, MICH.		Market III			1000	1301	100000		
EM2124209-025	Aneryteus	EPORO: CB - Cb Freder		20	Apr.	38	30	0.0	No Limit		
EM2124209-028	Antrymous	EPORO: C6 - C9 Fraction		20	90%	190	140	41.1	No Limit		
MENTAL PROPERTY AND PROPERTY.	NAME AND ADDRESS OF TAXABLE PARTY.	one - NEPM 2013 Fractions (QC Lat: 4000481)									
EM2124209-02E	Anonymous	EP080-CE C10 Fraction	C6, C10	10	99%	46	40	0.0	No Linex		
EM0124209-024E	Anonymous	EP080: CE - C10 Fraction	GIL_C10	30	yot.	110	150	30.0	Notiret		
PORO SITEXN (O											
EM2124209-028	Ancrymove	EP090 Seizete	71-43-2	-1	995	41	45	0.0	No.Limit		
		EP080: Tolgane	198-86-3	- 7	995	10	+2	0.0	No Limit		
		EP080: Ethylescorne	100-41-4	2	99%	1/2	-0	4.0	No Limit		
		EPORD meto- A pora-Xylena	168-86-8	2	90%	- 42	42	0.0	No Limit		
			106-42-5								
		EP090 ortho-Kylene	95-47-6	2	apt.	<2	48	0.0	No Limit		
Chicago Company	- COLUMN I	EPORO Naphthalana	91-29-5	.5	294	148	+5	0.0	No Linit		
EM2124209-026	Ananymous.	EPG90 Belizene	71-43-0		99%	451	न	0.0	Nestina		
		EPUIG Toluene	104-89-3	3	yot.	+2	-4	0.0	No const.		
		EPORO Ethytheraune	100-41-4	2	204	42	42	0.0	No Limit		
		EPOR2 meta. & para Refere	108-36-3 106-42-3	1	NO.	*2	-4	0.0	No Linet		
		EPORO ortho-Kylene	96-47-6	1	205	42	47	0.0	, No simit		







'age Sen Drise Seni	10 of 13 EM2124453 GRO-ENV950NMENTAL SE	OLUTIONS							1
Triject	Sootk Rd								(AL
ASTAM SHIRLS WATER					Multinud Blank (MB) Report		Laboratory Emotor Spire (£.0		
		200000000	COM I	2000		Bullet	Spike Recording (%)	Avrapiski	
Wedney Community	- VACANTOS ANTOS A	-ERI Nother	108	Medi	Result	Entertaine	100	Actor	High
	is by ICP-MS (QCLat: 409508)		11/2/01		1974 PA 19	799-79			162
SGG20A-T: Areans:		/440-38-2	0.001	egt.	+0.001	0.1 mg/L	52.4	89.2	116
G000A-T Beryllum		7440:41-7	0.001	rigit.	+0.001	0.1 mg/L	81.4	86.0	116
CG030A-T Benum		7440-39-3	0.001	eqt.	<0.001	0.t eqt.	94.6	87.2	917
cccccA-T Cadreun		7440-45-8	IL 0001	mg1.	40.0001	0.1 mg/L	10.7	96.4	118
EGIZOA-T: Chromium		7440-47-3	0.001	mgt.	+0.001	0.1 mg/L	96.0	96.9	112
EG020A-T: Coball		7440-45-4	0.001	rigit.	+0.001	0.1 mgt.	85.6	47.7	313
EG000W/T: Copper		7640-50-8	0.001	rigit.	+0,001	0.1 mg/L	92.9	96.9	333
EG020A-T: Lead		7439-801	0.001	mgt.	+0.001	0.1 mg/L	853	46.3	112
EG000A-T: Mangarasa		7439-66-6	0.001	righ,	<0.001	11.1 mg/L	80.6	98.7	113
EGISSA-T Nickel		7440-02-0	0.001	rut.	+0,001	0.1 mg/t	968	87.9	333
EG020A-T: Selemen		7752-49-2	0.01	mg/L	10.01	d.T.mg/L	99.0	16.6	116
EGGSDA-T Variedium		7440-62-2	0.01	mgt.	-0.01	0.1 mg/L	91.3	67.1	114
EGODON-T: ZIAN		7440-88-6	0.005	mgt.	<0.006	0.1 mg/L	10.5	86.7	117
EGGGDA-T: Boron		7440-42-8	0.09	rept.	-40.09	0.5 mg/L	105	99.3	118
EROTST Total Back	variable Marriary by FIMS 100	THE ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE			11				
EG036T Mercury	ACCUSATION AND RELIEF CO.	7410-117-6	0.0001	ngt	40.000Y	0:01 mp/L	101	73.4	119
CANADA STATE OF THE PARTY OF TH	niclear Aromatic Pythocartion	Control of the Contro							
EPOTS(SIM): Nagmitud		81-20-3		ppl.	41.0	Sig1.	86.7	42.8	114
EPO75/SRITI Anamagni		258-96-8	- 1	agt.	41.0	2191	92.4	48.0	119
EP079(8Mb) Arenight		83-32-9	- 7	304	41.0	Sugt.	90.9	47.0	117
EF07S/SMt/ Furrene	Territ.	86-73-7		195	410	Sigt	12.6	49.5	119
EPOTGESMO Phenonth	2007)	85-01-6		995	410	Sigt.	50.1	49.4	121
TO THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY.		120 12-7		200	+1.0	Sugt.	91.9	41.4	122
EPOZSCEM) Azetrace		206-44-0			+1.0	Sigl	95.7	95.3	124
P070(SIM) Fluorenth	MAN.	129-60-0	- 1	Hart.	410		36.2	50.0	124
EPOTS(SIM) Pyrane	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.	36-56-3	1.9	146	410	Sigt	96.7	45.4	127
EP075(SIM) Berguun			- 2	995.		Sigl	1777	7.00	
EF075(SBR) Chrysene		218-01-0		NP.	41.0	Sigt	854	48.7	126
IPO75(58t) Benzo(b)	()fluoranthere	205-40-3 205-80-0	1	N/C	410	5 µg/t.	96.9	54.5	134
P075(584): Beruro(k)	Suprenditions	257-06-0	1.1	upl.	<0.0	5 pg/L	363	59.1	154
DP075(SWb) Berosson	pytene	80-32-6	0.6	195	40.6	Sigit	95-4	55 (6	136
P075(SM) indena(1.	2.3.od/pyrene	193-39-5	- 1	59f.	<1.0	Supt.	96.0	54.4	126
SPORSSRM) Diservice	hjarihrasine	53-70-3	- 1	Jan.	41.0	Spgt.	15.2	34,5	124
P075(SIM) Sendolp	hijperylane	101-24-2	- 1	apt.	410	Sigh.	25.8	54.4	126
PERCETT Total Pe	troleum Hydrocarbone TOCL:	of 4857240							
P071: C10-C14 Fra		-	50	ygt.	<50	4870.pg/s.	42.9	47.2	122
POTI: C15 - C28 Free		-	100	Jug-C.	<100	15800 µg/L	91.0	12.9	131
EP071: C29 - C36 Fra			50	205	400	8180 pg/.	86.5	50.4	127



### Matrix Spike (MS) Report

The quarity control term Matrix Spike (MID refers to an introduction) spike sample spiked with a representative set of largest evalvies. The purpose of the QC parameter is no monitor potential matrix effects an analysis recoverys. Black Recovery Limits an april charactery Date Quality Objectives (DODs), their recoverys segmentation for a serial of serials matrix information.

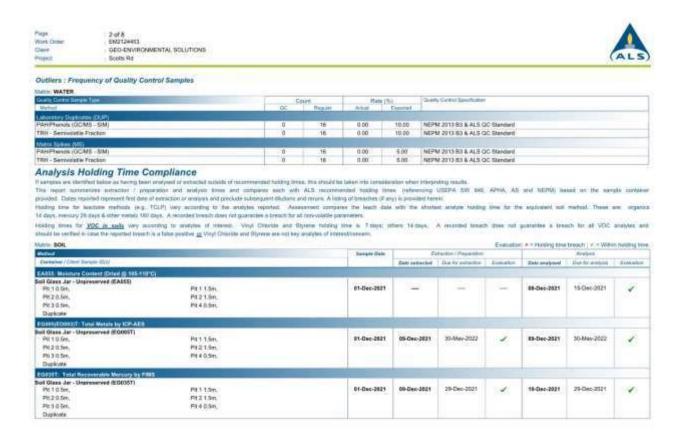
Add Marine SOIL					ante Spike (MS) Pepert		
				Epile	Symphococcyclic	Acrestates	Limits (SU
Absolutory incomes El	Seaply 62	Method: Command	Edit Moreor	Concentration	MS	Low	Migri
G005(ED003)T: T	stal Metals by ICP-ACS (OCLID: 40	40317)					
EW2124432-002	Anonymous.	EG005T Arsens	7440-38-2	50 mg/kg	384	76.0	124
		EG00ST: Cadwayn	7440-43-9	50 mg/kg	95.8	79.7	118
		EG006T Chromium.	7440-47-3	50 mg/kg	92 B	79.0	121
		E0006T: Copper	7440-50-8	250 mpkg	106	80.0	120
		EGD057: Lend	7439-92-1	250 mg/kg	94.0	80.0	120
		EQUOST: Nickel	7440-02-0	50 mg/kg	316	76.2	120
		E00097: Zine	7440-66-6	250 rephg	94.9	80.0	120
SG035T: Total Re	coversitie Mercury by FIMS (QCLat	4960118)					
EM2194432-000	Anonymous	EG0057: Marsury	7439-97-6	0.5 mg/kg	103	76.6	116
EP075 5IM)8. Pol	rnuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (C	OCLet 456889)					

nge Iem Drise	12 of 13 646/124453						
Herd Tojeck	GEO-ENVISONMENTAL SOLUTIONS Soots Rd	(i)					AL
ob Marrie BOS.					Marie Spiller (MS), Physiell		
				Spide	SalteReserverythic	Avvacable	My ment
abunitary surply El-	Exterior 61	Medical Communical	EAR Number	Consideration	AN	Area	Alaph
P075;5MiB: Poly	muclear Archiatic Hydrocarbana (QCL)	a 4060081) - minimum					
EM2124374-058	Anonymous	EPG75(SM) Associations	49-30-8	3 mg/kg	92.8	77.3	116
	1990/0000	EPO75(SMI) Pyrene	129-00-0	3 ngèg	97.9	46.3	130
POSONOTE: Total F	etroloum Hydrocarbone (QCLat: 4058)	PEL	- A Marie Control				
EM2124411-003	Assivenus	EMSEC CE - C9 Fraction		36 make	40.0	33.4	124
		A STATE OF THE STA		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR		-	
STREET,	etraleum Hydrocamona (QCLar, 40554						1
EM2124077-002	Atonymeus	EPOSE: C6 - C9 Fraction		25 mg/kg	1102	33.4	124
POSCUTT Fotal F	Worksum Hydrocamona (CCLot 40602	RZI					
EM2124374-068	Ananymous	EPG71: C18 - C14 Fraction		760 mg/kg	96.7	71.2	125
		EP071: C15 - C35 Prantion		3270 mg/kg	96.8	75.6	122
		EMITT COS - COS Fraction		1550 mg/kg	MED.	78.0	1200
		EPG71 C18 - C36 Fraction (sum)		8580 mg/kg	168	70.6	138
EPOROOTE: Total F	locovership Hydrocerbons - NEPM 2013	Fractions (QCLot 4559101)					
EM2554411-00T	Anonymeus	EPG80 C6 - C10 Fraction	D6 C18	23-mg/kg	32.4	104	120
Poson7t: Total	locoverable Hymocarbons - NEPM 2813	The state of the s		VIII.00(313)			
EMUT24077-002	Annymous	EFORE CE CTO Freeton	E8 C10	13 mg/kg	tat a	10.8	120
- Company of the last of the l		The same of the sa	28,010	23 rights	- 44.4	750.70	1900
	lecovershie Hydrocarbum - NEPM 2013	Fractions (QGLim: @Haking)					
EM2124374-05H	Агопутом.	EP071 >C10 - C16 Fraction		1110 mg/kg	100	72.2	126
		EP071 >C16 - G34 Fraction		4180 mg/kg	90.9	76.6	110
		EPO71: +C34 - G40 Precion	-	290 mphg	104	66.8	136
		EPOPT -C10 - C43 Frector (sum)		3580 mg/kg	36.7	70.0	130
SPORO BITEKN (Q	CLet: 4050197)						
EM2124411-001	Anonymous:	EP090 Benzank	11492	2 mghu	107.5	54.4	127
	The state of the s	EPORT: Toluerer	109 69-3	2 10574	104	87.1	131
PORG: STEXN (Q	CLOR 4159495)						
EM2124077-003	Anonymous.	EPOSO Barrane	71-43-2	2 mg/kg	112	54.4	127
	1	EPORD: Toluene	106-86-3	2 mg/kg	127	57.1	130
		an desire construe		-	latric Sollie (M.S.) Albert	. 4011	
ATEM STREET				Bulle	SaltaNessyery/Sci	- Consession	Linky (fill
absorption because \$2	Table 18	The second second	233 Model	Commentation	BE STREET	ine	Marie College
CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	Biful Denied	- Late House	The state of the s		3.04	
	six by ICP-MS (OCLor: 4000005)	- Commission III		-	II SWALL IN	45000	1 538
EM2124380-001	Anonymaus.	EG820A/T Ansere:	7440-58-2	1990	101.5	82.0	123
		EGG20A-T BoryBurn	Teab-et-T	3 mgs.	63.6	79,0	126
		EGCON-T Batum	7440-39-3	1 mgs.	89.0	80.0	120
		EG000A-T Calmium	7440 43-9	3.25 mgs.	82.9	81.8	123
		EGIONA T Chromant	7440-47-3	1 mg/L	90.6	76.6	116
		ECNODA-T: Conet	7440-45-6	.Tmg/L	91.2	80.7	121



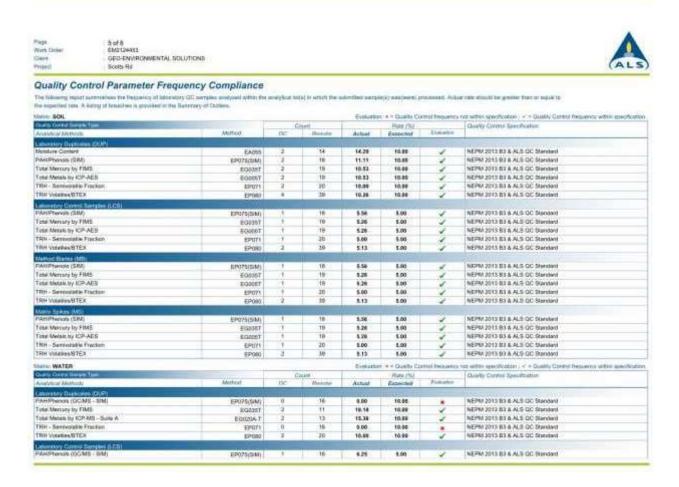


RIGHT SOLUTIONS | RIGHT PARTNER



Plage Worth Onder	3 of 6 89071244913								
Claire:	GEO-ENVIRONMENTAL SOLU	zhosa						59	
Project	Scotts Hall								ALS
Malein SOIL						Executor	ent primite e	breich , e v With	e hothig be
Marked			Eurate Date	- 6	Harmin / Phaseybox			Analysis	
Contained Client Bur	WH (0VI)			Detroctions	the transition	EHBARR	Date reviewed	Due for analysis	Evidados
CPRITECHINGS: Page	unlear Average: Holtocurbers				100		1		11
Soil Gless Jar - Unge	reserved (EPG75(SIMI))		200,000,000				Territoria de la constanta		
PR 1 0.5es		Pit 1 1.lim.	01-Dec-2921	00-Dec-2021	15-Eleo-2021	1	88-Dec-2521	17-Jan-2022	1
PH 2 0.5m		Pit 2 1.5m.	200,000000000						
Ph 3 0.5m.		P# 4 0.9m.							
Duplicate		100000000000							
	fraktion Pythocortons								
Bod Glass Jar - Lines	enerved (EPS71)	23012	(442 444)	Company of the Compan	4-60	- 2	Tay and Second	12 m 20011	141
6% 1 0.5m.		PX 1.15m,	01-Dec-2021	98-Dec-2921	35-Dao-2023	1	88-Dec-2021	17-Jan-2002	1
Ph 2 C fee.		Fit 2 1.5m.							
Pn 3 ii 5m.		Fit # 0.5m.							
Duplicate									
Boll Glass Jar - Unas	SOUTHER (EPSES)		81-Dec-2021	00-Dec-2021	15-Dec-2021		89-Dec-2021	15-Dec 2021	14
Pt 10.5m.		PRT 1.5m.	61-095-0003	00-00c-2801	10HARD-BIACT	4	spines and	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	4
29t 2 (L5th)		Ft 21.9m.							
Pt 3 il Sin. Dupliule		F1 4 0 Sm.							
SECURE ASSESSMENT OF THE PARTY	coverable Hydrocarbins - HEFW 2013	TOTAL DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY			-		-		-
Soil Glass Jar - thus									
Pir 1 0 tim.	Anna Santa San Al	Part 1 Sec.	61-Dec-2021	99-Dec-2021	16-Dec-2021		88-Dec-2021	17-Jan-2002	1
Per 2 ti Rays.		FIZ1Sn	1.0000000000000000000000000000000000000						
FW 3 0 5re.		P4 4 0 5m							
Distante		776.4.40							
Soil Green Jar - Unes	warrend (EP090)								
Ph.1 0.0h.		Fit I Llin.	61-Dec-2027	06-Dec-2021	16-Dec-2021	1	89-Dec-2021	15-040-3023	
Pit 2 0.124.		FILV Line							
PVC3-0.5re.		(% 4 0:firm:							
Diplose:									
EPORO BEKEN	and the second s								
Soil Glass day - thus	eserved (EP388)	1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	av						
Ph 1 0.5m	(a. 34 (fillen)).	Fit 1 line	81-Dec-2021	08-Gec-2021	15-Dec-2021		09-Dec-2021	15-Dec-2021	
PRZ-0.5m.		P8 2 1.5m.							
FW 3 0.5m.		Pt 4 0.0m.							
Displicate		331972-1304							
WATER.						Delivator	<- Honorgane	Interest Control	in nataling tim
Married 1			Sample Date	- 2	Harris Pagarete			Araban	
- German / Client by	CHECKE TO SERVICE THE SERVICE			Date extracted	Due for semantion	Exclusive	State analysisal	Die for malyele	Eletatee
EGESET Total Mate	n by ICP-WS				W				
	Unfiltered; Lab-acidified (EG620A-T)			AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE	THE CONTRACTOR	5.00	opposition and a second		
Reuss	EUDINE NO DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF THE PA		01-Dec-2621	07-Dec-4601	30-May-2022	1	97-Dec-2021	30-May-2022	





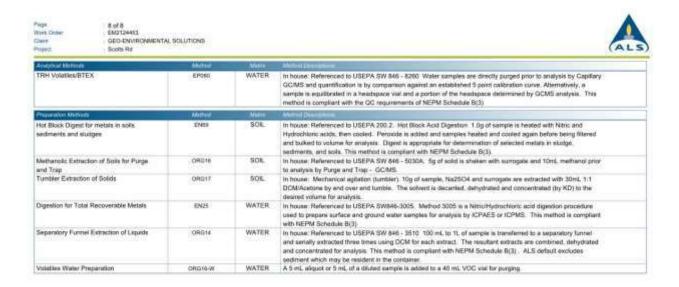


7 of 6 EMITIDARIS GEO-DAVIRONMENTAL SOLUTIONS SORS RIF

### **Brief Method Summaries**

The analytical procedures used by the Discretisedal Discontinues been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as these paperted by the US DYA, APIA. AS and REPAT in the developed procedures are entrapped in the absence of occurrences contained and includes the Bildway report procedure field desundance of the analytical procedures contained for results reported in the Developed Local Republic Contained and the Republic Contained Developed Local Republic Contained Republic C

Analytical Methods	Market	Marie	About the second
Moisture Content	EA066	SOL	In house: A gravinishic procedure based on weight loss over a 12 hour drying period at 106-110 degrees C. This method is compliant with NEPM Schedule 8(3).
Total Metals by ICP-AES	EGNIST	SOL	In house: References to APHA 3120: USEPA SW 840 - 6010. Metals are determined following an appropriate acid algorithm of the self. The ICPAIS technique consens camples in a plasma, emitting a characteristic specthum based on metals present. Infernation at selected wevelengths are compared against those of matrix matched standards. This reothed is compilers with NEPM Schedule 8(3).
Total Mercury by FINDS	EGKONT	SOL	In house: Referenced to AS 3550, APHA 3112 Hg - 8. (Place-reaction (SnCI2) (Celd Vapour generation) AAS) FIM-AAS is an automated fameless attents attention technique. Mentury in solids are determined following an appropriate acid digestion. Jonic mentury is induced online to atomic mensury vapour by GnCI2 which is then purged into a heated quartz cell. Quantification is by companing absorbance against a calibration curve. This method is compleant with NETM Schedule B(3).
TRH - Semivolable Fraction	EPOT	SOL	In house: Referenced to USEPA SW 849 - 6015. Sample extracts are analysed by Capitary GCFID and quantified against alkane standards over the range C10 - C40. Compilant with REPM Schedule 5(3).
PAHPhemols (SIM)	EPSTSSM6	SOL	In house: Referenced to USEPA SW 845 - 8270. Exhauts are analysed by Capitlary GCMS in Selective Ion Mode (SMI) and quantification is type operation against an established 5 point calibration curve. This method is complaint with NEPM Schedule III.11
TRH Visiatinu/BTEX	EPSAII	BOL	In house: Referenced to USEPA 5W 845 - 8360. Exhauts are analysed by Purge and Trap, Capitlary GCMB. Gauntification is by comparison against an existence of point astronton curve. Compliant With NEPM Schedule (R)(3) arrended.
Total Metals by ICP-MS - Suite A	f-Account	WATER	In house: Referenced to APHA 3125; USEPA SWARE - 8020, ALS GMY-EN/EG020. The ICPMS technique utilizes a highly efficient argon plasma to longe selected elements, long are then passed into a high-veccum mass spectrometer, which separates the graphyes based on their distinct mass to charge ratios prior to their measurement by a discribe dynose ion delector.
Tutal Mercury by FINS	EGROST	WATER	In house: Referenced to AS 3550. APHA 3112 hg - 8 (Flow-injection (SnCI2)(Cold Vegour generation) AAS) FIM-AAS is an automated fameless atomic absorption technique. A trometerbromide reagent is used to oxidise any organic menuty compounds in the unfiltered sample. The senic menuty is induced orders to dome- mercury vagour by SnCI2 which is then purged into a heated quantz cell. Quantification is by comparing obserbance against a califoration curve. This method is complaint with NEPM Schedule 8(3).
TRN - Samiyolatile Fraction	EPSIT	WATER	In house: Referenced to USEPA 5W 846 - 8015. The sample extract is analysed by Capillary GC/FID and quantification to by composition against an established 5 poor to cabination curve of n-Aligne standards. This method is complicant with the CG requirements of NEPM Schedule EU.
PAHIPhenda (GC/M5 - SM)	EPOTOSIANI	WATER	In house: Referenced to USEPA 5W 846 - 8270: Sample extracts are analysed by Capitlary QCMS in SM Mode and quantification in by comparison against an established 5 point calibration curve. This method is complaint, with NEPM Schedule 93.7.



### 24 Appendix 7 Certificate of Analysis



### RIGHT SOLUTIONS | RIGHT PARTNER

GEO-ENVIRONMENTAL SOLUTIONS

## General Comments

The analytical procedures used by ALS have been developed from established promotionally recognised procedures such as those published by the USCPA, APIA, AS and NOPM. In focus developed procedures are tally unidered and are other as the client required.

Where a reported tree then (+) result is fuguer from the LOR, this may be due to primary sertiple extracted gration display and/or madition sample for emploid

Where the COS of a reported result office from conduct COS, this may be due to high moreone content, insufficient comple (reduced weight employed) or matrix Markenna.

When compling time information is and provided by the client, sempling dates are shown reflect a line comparent. In these instatues, the lines comparent has been assumed by the informative to provi

Where a result is required to ment compliance bests the sessional propriatory would be command. Refer to the ALS Contact for despite

CAS Number - CAS reports remine from database mentioned by Chemical Abstracts. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a durater of the American Chemical Society

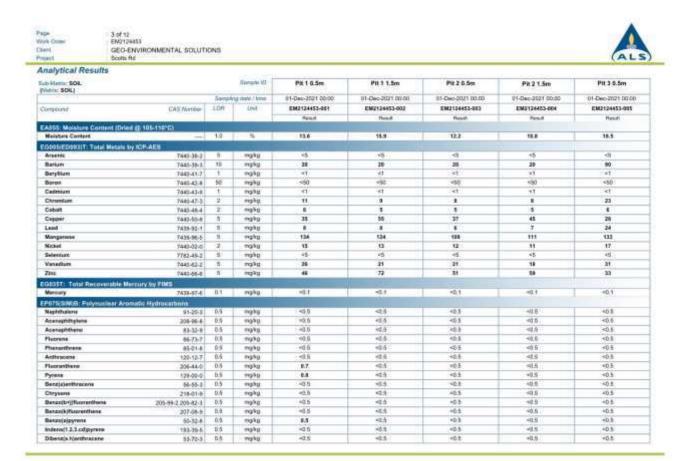
Con number = 1-0 regard number from beautiful management by Lineman relations on LDR = Lorest in Amending

\* = This result is computed from individual analysis defections at an above the level of regard as = 40,5 is not NoTA accordated for these tests.

of Indicates an entirested value.

- EPOTS (388). Where reported, Becauty years Training Equivalent Content (TEQ) per the NEPM (2013) in the sum total of the concentration of the wight controperic PAHs multipled by their Training Equivalence Factor (TEV) mission is Beropsiy/Hammathees (1.1), Deveropsiy/Hammathees (1.1), Deveropsiy/Hammathees

4 of 12 ENCY24483 GEO-ENVIRONMENTAL SOLUTIONS Scots Rd





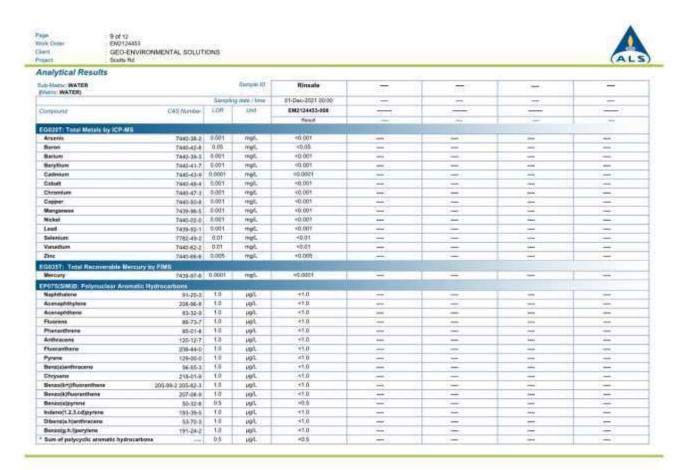
National SOL			Stemple III	PR 1 0.5m	PH 1 1.5m	Pie 2 0.5m	PR 2-1.5m	PH 3 0.5m
The state of the s		Sweet	rag /sale / bene	91-Dec-2021 90:00	UI-Dec-2021 00:00	H1-Dec-2021 00:00	01-Dec-2021 00:00	01-Dec-2021 00:01
Compound	CAS Myster	108	illed !	EM2124453-001	EM2126953-002	EM2124453-883	EM2124453-004	EM2124453-005
			1	Paled	Stand	Reside	Read	Resid
EP076/SM/R: Polymudear Arematic Hy	drecarborn furn	med						
Bentely.h.(perylene	191-24-2	0.5	mghg	40.6	415	+0.5	-96	+0.5
* Sum of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	_	0.5	mghg	2.0	<0.0	+0.5	+0.5	40.5
* Benato(a)pyrane TEG (asrs)	_	0.9	right	8.5	10.8	+0.5	40.6	+0.9
Beroxo(x)pyrane TEG (half LOR)		0.6	mg/kg	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.6
Benizolujpyvane 75Q (LOH)	-	0.6	mang	1.2	1,2	1.2	1.2	1.2
EP080/071: Tetal Patroleum Hystrocarbo	ens.							
C6 - C9 Fraction	_	70:	mghg	*10	110	410	×10	410
C10 - C14 Fraction	-	56	mghg	+50	<b>+50</b>	+50	490	-50
C15 - C28 Praction	-	100	maker	100	<100	×100	×100	v103
C29 - C36 Fraction	-	100	mgkg	330	<100 ·	*100	<306	110
C10 - C36 Fraction (mart)	-	50	mghp	860	+90	<b>*50</b>	190	118
EP080/071: Total Recoverable Hydrocar	Some - HEPM 2013	Fraction						
C4 - C10 Fraction	C8 C10	10	mghtt	+10	110	+10	-10	+10.
C6 - C19 Fraction minus BTEX (F1)	CE CTO-STEX	36	mg/kg	=10	×50	+10	e10	+10
>C10 - C16 Fraction	-	- 66	mighty	<50	-60	<50	450	×50
>C16 - C34 Freetien		100	mg/ng	530	1100	×100	<100	140
>C34 - C40 Fraction	_	100	mg/kg:	430	r/100	e100	<100	w100:
F HC10 - C40 Freetien (sees)	-	56	mg/ng	760	<60	+50	49)	140
" >C10 - C16 Fraction mirror Maphthalane (F2)		86	**9*0	-160	<80	<50∵	<50	×58
EPOSO BTEXN	- Warren 11	200						
Benzene	7143-2	0.2	make	-0.2	417	+0.2	+0.2	+0.2
Toluene	109-88-5	0.5	mghg	+9.5	40.5	+0.2	40.0	+0.9
Ethyberzese	109-41-4	0.5	mphy	-0.5	10.5	+0.5	H0.5	+0.5
costa- A para-Kylene	109-31-3 105-43-3	0.5	mg/kg	-0.5	-0.5	+0.5	×6.8	+0.5
orthu-Xylene	95-47-8	0.3	mghtj	=0.6	-0.5	+0.8	*0.h	+0.8
* Sure of BTEX		0.2	make	-0.2	H9.3	+0.3	+0.2	+0.2
* Total Xylenes		0.0	mghiji	40.0	40.3	+6.5	-0.0	×0.5
Naghthalieres	51-20-3	h.	mgkg	-11	el	- 1	- 41	
CPG/N/S/McS: Phonoisi Compound Sun	regation .							
Priend-66	13127-89-3	0.6	76	96.0		91.2	96.1	35.3
2-Citioropheror-04	93951-73-6	0.6	.76	78.9	-001	67.5	74.7	87,4
2.4.6-Trithromophumol	118-79-6	0.5	- %	46.6	-	62.2	68.1	100



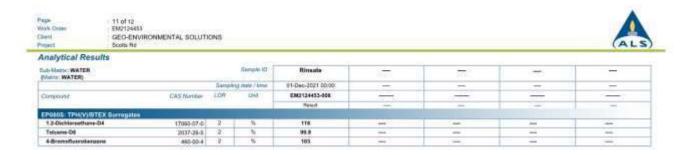




Proge Work Grove Disent Project	8 of 12 EMP(2465) GEO-ENVIRONMENTAL SOLI Sosta Rd	ITIONS						ALS
Analytical Res	ults							
Sub-Horor SOL. (Vents: SOL)			Storyck Id.	Pit 4 0.5m	Duplicate		-	_
The same of the sa		Dante	rsg /ki/o / brise .	91-Dec-2021 90:00	101-Dec-2021 00:00	-	-	_
Cortpositif.	CAS More	# 1.0ft	dink!	EM2124453-006	EM2126853-007	_		
			İ	Paint	Number 1	_		_
EP076/SIM/T: PAH	Surroyates							
2-Fluoroklyharryl	32140	8 0.5	- 4	92.0	99.8	-	des	
Anthrecene-d18	1719-06	4 0.5	*	104	108	440		
4-Terpinonyi-d14	1718-51	0 88	- %	94.6	101	-	-	-046
EPOROS TPHIVIS	TEX Surrogates							
1.2-Dichlaroethane		0.2	- %	78.5	86.8			
Tolume-08	2037-26	8 0.2	- %	84.5	8.0	-	12.	-
4-Brompfluorobens	rene 460.00	4 0.2	76	100	95.3	-		



Wink Order EX Direct G	l of 12 02124453 EO-ENVIRONMENTAL SOLUTI 1815 FLE	ONS						AL
Analytical Results								
Sub-Hume WATER (Vanis WATER)			Stample III	Hinsale	7		-	_
		Danse	ng risks / brise .	91-Dec-2021 00:00	-	-		_
Corporer.	CAS Myres	ADR:	ilmin'	EM2124453-008		_	-	- ::
Address of the same of the sam				Paint	-	_		_
EP075/SWIR: Polymudear	Aromatic Hydrocarborn - Cent	med						
* Benso(o)pyrese TEQ (sero).		0,6	191	40.5		_		
EP080/071: Total Petroleur	in Hydrocorbons							
CE - C8 Fraction	-	39	10°L	<20	<del></del>		****	-
C10 - C14 Fraction	-	56:	rgt.	<50	-	-	-	-
C15 - C28 Fraction	-	100	191	4100		-	-	100
C29 - C36 Fraction	_	50	LO1.	<90	124	-	12	-
* C10 - C36 Fraction (sum)		50.	rest	160	-	i — i		· · ·
EPOSOIO71: Total Recovery	shis Hydrocarbons - HEPM 281	Freelin	ne					
GE - C10 Fraction	- CR_C10	200	righ.	-20				
* C6 - C10 Fraction minus ST (F1)	rex cs_cis-stex	20	ugit	420	-	-	-	-
>C10 - C16 Freetien		100	ugh.	+100		-	***	-
>C16 - C34 Fraction	_	100	195	+900		-		-
>C14 - C40 Freetien		100	1991.	e100			-	
<ul> <li>&gt;C10 - C40 Fraction (sure)</li> </ul>		100	ug/L	4100			360	
* >C10 - C16 Fraction mirrus ! (F2)	Naphthaless	100	101.	4100	-	~	-	-
EPUID STEXN								
Bargerie	71,43,2	*	rig/L	47			-	
Solume	108-88-3	2	,2gq	- 4	-	-		-
Eltrylberpese	108-41-4	2	191.	43	-	-	1	-
eseta- & para-Rylene	109-38-3 109-42-3	2	ugt.	42	-	-		-
ortivo-Xylene	99-47-8	2	ugit.	+2	-			::
* Total Kylenea		2	ing1.	q	-	-		-
* Sum of BTEX		. 1	.res	41				
Naphthalene	91-25-1	8	1/84	-6		-	-	_
EP975(SMrS: Phenolic Co	impound Surrogettis	100	1 10 1					
Prend-sk	13127-88-2	1.0	- 16	34.3				
2-Chlorophenoi-04	93955-73-6	1/0	- %	74.6		-	200	-
2.4.6-Tribromaphinal	116-76-0	135	- 4	84.9		-		-
EP075/5/MIT: PAH Surron	stes							
2-Flueroblyhenyi	321-00-8	1,0	. 34	80.3		-	-	_
Anthracone-d18	(719-06-8	1.9	.56	75.6	-	-	-	-
4-Terpinanyl-d74	1716-51-0	1.9	- %	71.2	Lat.	-	i iii	_





## CIVIL DRAWINGS SJAH DEVELOPMENT COVE HILL ROAD BRIDGEWATER

COVER SEWER AND WATER PLAN - SHEET 1 C001

23/04/2024 23/04/2024 а а

	ALDANMARK	CONSULTING ENGINEERS
1		7

DRAWN:
CHECKED:
DESIGN:
CHECKED:
VERIFIED:
APPROVAL

23/04/2024 9/04/2024 DATE

PLANNING APPROVAL
PLANNING APPROVAL

ME A B

Lower Ground
199 Macquarie Street
Hobart TAS 7000
03 6234 8666
mail@aldanmark.com.au
www.aldanmark.com.au

SJAH DEVELOPMENT PROJECT:

	TOTAL SHEETS: 2	SHEET: C001
COVER	AS INDICATED	PROJECT NO: 24 E 99 - 38 SHEET:
SHEET:	SCALE:	PROJECT
ADDRESS: COVE HILL ROAD BRIDGEWATER	CLIENT: THE YOUNG GROUP	
PMENT AG	つ つ	

SIZE: REV:

